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LOGINID:SSPTAJRK1626

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

\* \* \* \* \* Welcome to STN International \* \* \* \* \*

NEWS 1 Web Page for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America  
NEWS 2 JUL 02 LMEDLINE coverage updated  
NEWS 3 JUL 02 SCISEARCH enhanced with complete author names  
NEWS 4 JUL 02 CHEMCATS accession numbers revised  
NEWS 5 JUL 02 CA/Capplus enhanced with utility model patents from China  
NEWS 6 JUL 16 Capplus enhanced with French and German abstracts  
NEWS 7 JUL 18 CA/Capplus patent coverage enhanced  
NEWS 8 JUL 26 USPATFULL/USPAT2 enhanced with IPC reclassification  
NEWS 9 JUL 30 USGENE now available on STN  
NEWS 10 AUG 06 CAS REGISTRY enhanced with new experimental property tags  
NEWS 11 AUG 06 FSTA enhanced with new thesaurus edition  
NEWS 12 AUG 13 CA/Capplus enhanced with additional kind codes for granted patents  
NEWS 13 AUG 20 CA/Capplus enhanced with CAS indexing in pre-1907 records  
NEWS 14 AUG 27 Full-text patent databases enhanced with predefined patent family display formats from INPADOCDB  
NEWS 15 AUG 27 USPATOLD now available on STN  
NEWS 16 AUG 28 CAS REGISTRY enhanced with additional experimental spectral property data  
NEWS 17 SEP 07 STN AnaVist, Version 2.0, now available with Derwent World Patents Index  
NEWS 18 SEP 13 FORIS renamed to SOFIS  
NEWS 19 SEP 13 INPADOCDB enhanced with monthly SDI frequency  
NEWS 20 SEP 17 CA/Capplus enhanced with printed CA page images from 1967-1998  
NEWS 21 SEP 17 Capplus coverage extended to include traditional medicine patents  
NEWS 22 SEP 24 EMBASE, EMBAL, and LEMBASE reloaded with enhancements  
NEWS 23 OCT 02 CA/Capplus enhanced with pre-1907 records from Chemisches Zentralblatt  
NEWS 24 OCT 19 BEILSTEIN updated with new compounds  
NEWS 25 NOV 15 Derwent Indian patent publication number format enhanced  
NEWS 26 NOV 19 WPIX enhanced with XML display format  
NEWS 27 NOV 30 ICSD reloaded with enhancements  
NEWS 28 DEC 04 LINPADOCDB now available on STN  
  
NEWS EXPRESS 19 SEPTEMBER 2007: CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.2, CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP), AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 19 SEPTEMBER 2007.  
  
NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability  
NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items  
NEWS IPC8 For general information regarding STN implementation of IPC 8

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

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\* \* \* \* \* STN Columbus \* \* \* \* \*

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:41:18 ON 07 DEC 2007

=> file reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.21	0.21

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:41:39 ON 07 DEC 2007

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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 6 DEC 2007 HIGHEST RN 957014-20-9  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 6 DEC 2007 HIGHEST RN 957014-20-9

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH June 29, 2007

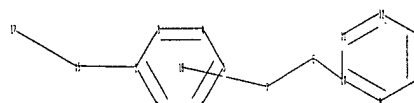
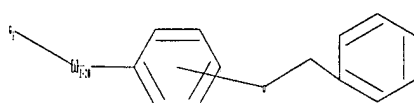
Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html>

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10518819\Struc 1.str



chain nodes :

7 8 15 17

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 9 10 11 12 13 14

chain bonds :

2-15 7-8 8-10 15-17

ring bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 9-10 9-14 10-11 11-12 12-13 13-14

exact/norm bonds :

2-15 7-8 15-17

exact bonds :

8-10

normalized bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 9-10 9-14 10-11 11-12 12-13 13-14

G1:Cb,Cy,Hy

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:Atom 10:Atom  
11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 15:CLASS 17:CLASS 18:Atom

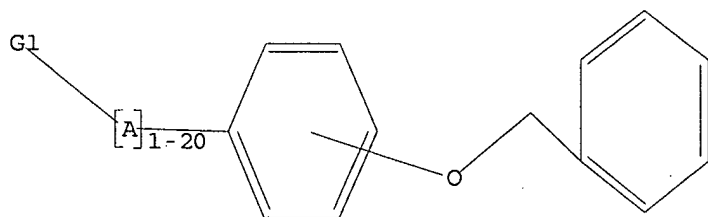
L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d

10518819.trn

Page 4

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS  
L1 STR



G1 Cb,Cy,Hy

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> l1

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 10:41:58 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 312362 TO ITERATE

0.6% PROCESSED 2000 ITERATIONS 50 ANSWERS  
INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*INCOMPLETE\*\*  
BATCH \*\*INCOMPLETE\*\*  
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 6214848 TO 6279632  
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 335749 TO 351447

L2 50 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> log h

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.90	1.11

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES  
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 10:43:06 ON 07 DEC 2007

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:SSPTAJRK1626

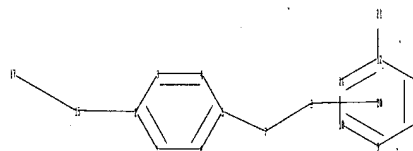
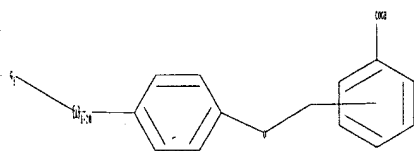
PASSWORD:

\*\*\*\*\* RECONNECTED TO STN INTERNATIONAL \*\*\*\*\*  
SESSION RESUMED IN FILE 'REGISTRY' AT 10:45:38 ON 07 DEC 2007  
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:45:38 ON 07 DEC 2007  
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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	1.35	1.56

10518819.trn

=>  
Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10518819\Struc 2.str



chain nodes :  
7 8 15 17 21  
ring nodes :  
1 2 3 4 5 6 9 10 11 12 13 14  
chain bonds :  
2-15 5-7 7-8 12-21 15-17  
ring bonds :  
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 9-10 9-14 10-11 11-12 12-13 13-14  
exact/norm bonds :  
2-15 5-7 7-8 15-17  
exact bonds :  
12-21  
normalized bonds :  
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 9-10 9-14 10-11 11-12 12-13 13-14

G1:Cb,Cy,Hy

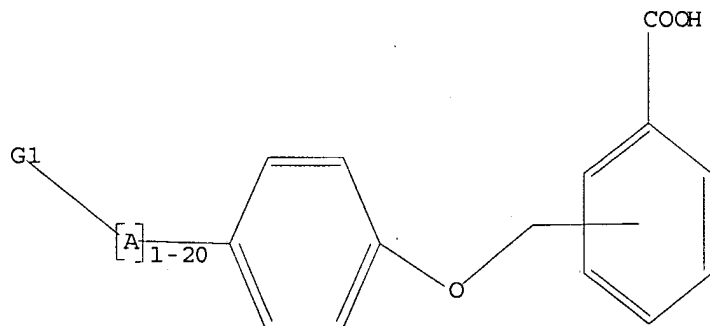
Match level :  
1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:Atom 10:Atom  
11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 15:CLASS 17:CLASS 20:CLASS 21:CLASS

L3 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d

L3 HAS NO ANSWERS

L3 STR



G1 Cb,Cy,Hy

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> 13

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 10:45:59 FILE 'REGISTRY'

SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 10378 TO ITERATE

19.3% PROCESSED 2000 ITERATIONS  
INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

15 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 201455 TO 213665  
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 1027 TO 2085

L4 15 SEA SSS SAM L3

=> 13 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 10:46:06 FILE 'REGISTRY'

FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 208862 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 208862 ITERATIONS  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.03

1761 ANSWERS

L5 1761 SEA SSS FUL L3

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
173.45	173.66

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:46:14 ON 07 DEC 2007

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FILE LAST UPDATED: 6 Dec 2007 (20071206/ED)

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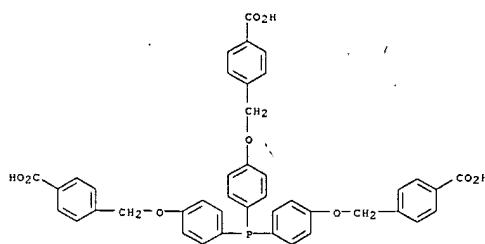
=> 15

L6 151 L5

=> d ibib abs hitstr 1-151

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:961545 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:486486  
 TITLE: Suzuki-Miyaura reaction in water, conducted by employing an amphiphilic dendritic phosphine-palladium catalyst: A positive dendritic effect on chemical yield  
 AUTHOR(S): Hattori, Hatahiko; Fujita, Ken-ichi; Muraki, Takahito; Sakaba, Ai  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: AIST Tsukuba Central 5, National Institute of Industrial Science and Technology (AIST), Tsukuba, Ibaraki, 305-8565, Japan  
 SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (2007), 48(38), 6817-6820  
 CODEN: TETLEA; ISSN: 0040-4039  
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier Ltd.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB Amphiphilic triphenylphosphines containing dendrimeric carboxybenzyloxy moieties at the para positions are prepared; complexes generated from bis(allylchloropalladium) and the potassium salts of the dendrimers are effective catalysts for Suzuki-Miyaura coupling reactions of aryl iodides and an aryl bromide with arylboronic acids in water to yield biaryls.  
 The yields of biaryls prepared by Suzuki coupling reactions in the presence of palladium complexes generated from the dendrimeric ligands increase as the generation of the dendrimeric ligand increases (a pos. dendritic effect). Catalysts generated from dendrimeric phosphines give higher yields of biaryls than catalysts generated from a nondendrimeric phosphine and added potassium benzoate (under conditions where the concns. of both phosphine and potassium carboxylate moieties are identical).  
 IT 953812-78-7P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation of dendrimeric (carboxybenzyloxy)aryl phosphines as amphiphilic ligands for palladium-catalyzed Suzuki-Miyaura coupling reactions of aryl iodides and a bromide with arylboronic acids in water to give biaryls)  
 RN 953812-78-7 CAPLUS  
 CN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

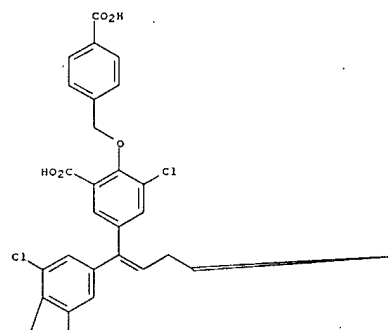
L6 ANSWER 1 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



REFERENCE COUNT: 45 THERE ARE 45 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

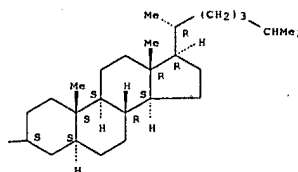
L6 ANSWER 2 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:910521 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:419269  
 TITLE: Prediction of Protein-Protein Interaction Inhibitors by Chemoinformatics and Machine Learning Methods  
 AUTHOR(S): Neugebauer, Alexander; Hartmann, Rolf W.; Klein, Christian D.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Pharmaceutical and Medicinal Chemistry, Saarland University, Saarbruecken, Germany  
 SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2007), 50(19), 4665-4668  
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623  
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB We describe a collection of structurally diverse inhibitors of protein-protein-interactions (PPIs). This collection is compared against the FDA drug database and a subset of the ZINC database by machine learning methods which rely on classical QSAR descriptors. We obtain a decision tree that contains three descriptors. Of particular importance is a constitutional descriptor related to mol. shape and size.  
 Validation of the decision tree by various procedures indicates that it does not result from chance correlations and has predictive value. We conclude that constitutional descriptors may be valuable tools in the preselection of potential PPI inhibitors from compound databases.  
 IT 229948-52-1  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (prediction of protein-protein interaction inhibitors by chemoinformatics and machine learning methods)  
 RN 229948-52-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3R,5R)-cholestan-3-yl-1-butenylidene]bis[6-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro- (CA INDEX NAME)  
 Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 2 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



PAGE 1-A

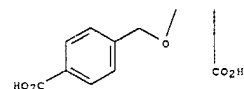
PAGE 1-B





L6 ANSWER 2 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 2-A



REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR  
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FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

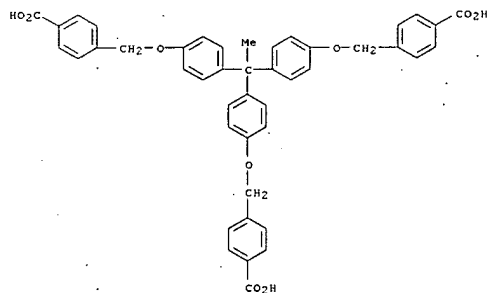
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:731145 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:153672  
TITLE: Electro-optic dendrimer-based glass composites  
INVENTOR(S): Jen, Kwan-Yue; Luo, Jingdong; Kim, Tae-Dong; Chen, Baoquan; Kang, Jae-Wook; Sullivan, Philip A.; Akelahitis, Andrew; Dalton, Larry R.; Cheng, Yen-Ju  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University of Washington, USA  
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 47pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 335,834.  
CODEN: USXXCO  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2007152198	A1	20070705	US 2006-462339	20060803
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2005-644960P	P 20050118
			US 2005-646321P	P 20050121
			US 2006-335834	A2 20060118

AB An electrooptical dendrimer-based composite is described comprising (a) a chromophore compound having a  $\pi$ -electron donor group electronically conjugated to a  $\pi$ -electron acceptor group through  $\pi$ -electron bridge group, the compound having the formula: D1-n1-B1-n2-A1 wherein D1 is a  $\pi$ -electron donor group, B1 is a  $\pi$ -electron bridge group, A1 is a  $\pi$ -electron acceptor group, n1 is a  $\pi$  bridge electronically conjugating D1 to B1, n2 is a  $\pi$  bridge electronically conjugating B1 to A1, wherein n1 and n2 may each be present or absent; and (b) a dendronized chromophore compound having a  $\pi$ -electron donor group electronically conjugated to a  $\pi$ -electron acceptor group through  $\pi$ -electron bridge group, the compound having the formula: D2-n3-B2-n4-A2 wherein D2 is a  $\pi$ -electron donor group, B2 is a  $\pi$ -electron bridge group, A2 is a  $\pi$ -electron acceptor group, n3 is a  $\pi$  bridge electronically conjugating D2 to B2, n4 is a  $\pi$  bridge electronically conjugating B2 to A2, wherein n3 and n4 may each be present or absent, wherein one or more of the donor, bridge, or acceptor groups is substituted with a dendron; and wherein D1 and D2 are the same or different, B1 and B2 are the same or different, A1 and A2 are the same or different, and n1, n2, n3, and n4 are the same or different. A method for forming the at least partially aligned chromophore composite is also described entailing (a) depositing a composite onto a substrate; (b) subjecting the composite to a temperature equal or higher than the glass transition temperature of the composite; (c) applying an aligning force to the composite; and (d) reducing the temperature of the composite below the glass transition temperature of the composite to provide a hardened, at least partially aligned chromophore composite. An electrooptical device comprising the composite is also described.

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

IT 330982-78-0  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(electro-optic dendrimer-based glass composites)  
RN 330982-78-0 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 4,4',4''-[ethyldynetrtris(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]tris-  
(CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 4 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:729249 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:129173  
TITLE: Multi-layer liquid crystal cell substrates having optical anisotropic layer for liquid crystal displays and method for manufacturing the same  
INVENTOR(S): Morishima, Shinichi  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan  
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 52pp.  
CODEN: JKXXAF  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2007171800	A	20070705	JP 2005-372370	20051226
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2005-372370	20051226

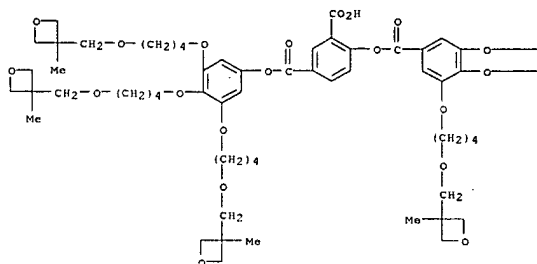
AB The title multi layer consists of an optical anisotropic layer and a photosensitive layer, wherein the optical anisotropic layer contains a cationically polymerizable compound and wherein photosensitive layer contains a compound having a reactive group and a cationically polymerizing initiator for polymerizing materials in the optical anisotropic layer and the photosensitive layer together. The substrate provides easy fabrication of tical compensation film.

IT 943220-12-0  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(polymerizable compound in optically anisotropic layer; multi-layer liquid crystal cell substrates for liquid crystal displays and method for manufacturing the same)

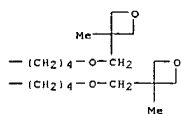
RN 943220-12-0 CAPLUS  
CN 1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[[[3,4,5-tris[4-[[[3-methyl-3-oxetanyl]methoxy]butoxy]benzoyl]oxy]-, 1-[3,4,5-tris[4-[[[3-methyl-3-oxetanyl]methoxy]butoxy]phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 4 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L6 ANSWER 5 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:510463 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:500740  
 TITLE: Preparation of tert-butylammonium or adamantylammonium salts of benzylaminooxoalkylphenoxymethylbenzoic acids and related compounds.  
 INVENTOR(S): Dahlstrom, Mikael Ulf Johan; Ohlsson, Bengt  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): AstraZeneca AB, Swed.; AstraZeneca UK Limited  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 25pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2007051995	A2	20070510	WO 2006-GB4035	20061031
WO 2007051995	A3	20070712		

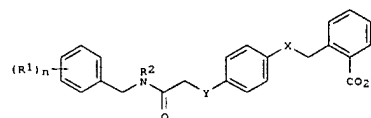
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RN: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SH, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, ME, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AF, EA, EP, OA

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 2005-22433 A 20051103

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 146:500740

GI



AB Tert-butylammonium salt or adamantylammonium salts of title compds. (I; n = 0-2; R1 = halo, alkyl, fluoroalkyl, alkoxy, fluoroalkyl; R2 = alkyl optionally interrupted by O; Y = null, methylene; X = O, S), were prepared

Thus, 2-[[4-[2-[ethyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]phenyl]thiomethyl]benzoic acid (II) in EtOAc was treated with

L6 ANSWER 5 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

Me3CNH2 followed by slow evapn. of EtOAc and Me3CNH2 to give II tert-butylammonium salt.

IT 936365-14-9P 936365-16-1P 936365-17-2P  
 936365-19-4P 936365-23-0P 936365-24-1P  
 936365-25-2P 936365-26-3P 936365-27-4P  
 936365-28-5P 936365-30-9P 936365-32-1P  
 936365-33-2P 936365-34-3P 936365-36-5P  
 936365-37-6P 936365-38-7P 936365-39-8P  
 936365-40-1P 936365-41-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (claimed compound: preparation of tert-butylammonium or adamantylammonium salts of benzylaminooxoalkylphenoxymethylbenzoic acids and related compds.)

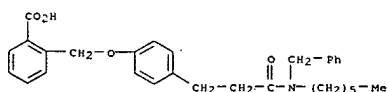
RN 936365-14-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-[hexyl(phenylmethyl)amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, compd. with 2-methyl-2-propanamine (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 637014-98-3

CMF C30 H35 N O4



CM 2

CRN 75-64-9  
CMF C4 H11 N

RN 936365-16-1 CAPLUS

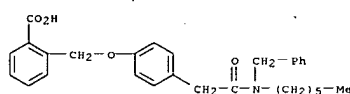
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[2-[hexyl(phenylmethyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, compd. with 2-methyl-2-propanamine (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 637015-05-5

CMF C29 H33 N O4

L6 ANSWER 5 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



CM 2

CRN 75-64-9  
CMF C4 H11 N

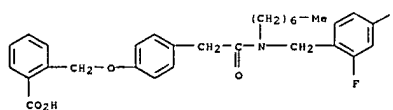
RN 936365-17-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[2-[[2,4-difluorophenyl]methyl]heptylamino]-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, compd. with 2-methyl-2-propanamine (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 637015-07-7

CMF C30 H33 F2 N O4



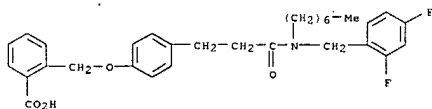
CM 2

CRN 75-64-9  
CMF C4 H11 N

RN 936365-19-4 CAPLUS

L6 ANSWER 5 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-[[[(2,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]heptylamino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, compd. with 2-methyl-2-propanamine (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1  
 CRN 637015-10-2  
 CMF C31 H35 F2 N O4

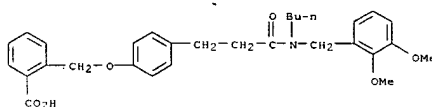


CM 2  
 CRN 75-64-9  
 CMF C4 H11 N

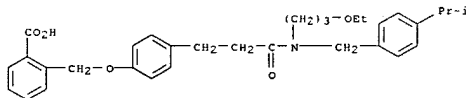


RN 936365-23-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-[butyl[(2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)methyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, compd. with 2-methyl-2-propanamine (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1  
 CRN 637015-18-0  
 CMF C30 H35 N O6



L6 ANSWER 5 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 CRN 637015-26-0  
 CMF C32 H39 N O5

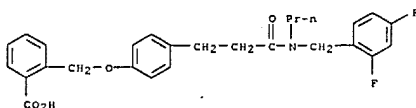


CM 2  
 CRN 75-64-9  
 CMF C4 H11 N



RN 936365-26-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-[[[(2,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]propylamino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, compd. with 2-methyl-2-propanamine (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1  
 CRN 637015-30-6  
 CMF C27 H27 F2 N O4



CM 2  
 CRN 75-64-9  
 CMF C4 H11 N

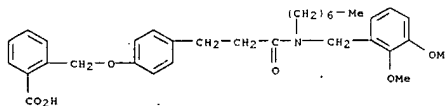
L6 ANSWER 5 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 CM 2

CRN 75-64-9  
 CMF C4 H11 N



RN 936365-24-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-[[[(2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)methyl]heptylamino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, compd. with 2-methyl-2-propanamine (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1  
 CRN 637015-22-6  
 CMF C33 H41 N O6



CM 2  
 CRN 75-64-9  
 CMF C4 H11 N



RN 936365-25-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-[[[(3-ethoxypropyl)[(4-{1-methylethyl}phenyl)methyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, compd. with 2-methyl-2-propanamine (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

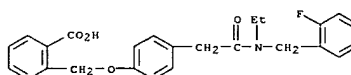
CM 1

L6 ANSWER 5 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 936365-27-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[2-[ethyl[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, compd. with 2-methyl-2-propanamine (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1  
 CRN 637015-33-9  
 CMF C25 H24 F N O4

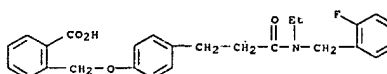


CM 2  
 CRN 75-64-9  
 CMF C4 H11 N



RN 936365-28-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-[ethyl[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, compd. with 2-methyl-2-propanamine (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1  
 CRN 637015-36-2  
 CMF C26 H26 F N O4



L6 ANSWER 5 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
CM 2

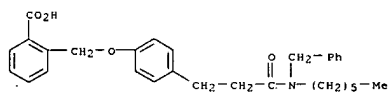
CRN 75-64-9  
CMF C4 H11 N



RN 936365-30-9 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-[hexyl(phenylmethyl)amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, compd. with tricyclo[3.3.1.1.3,7]decan-1-amine (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 637014-98-3  
CMF C30 H35 N O4



CM 2

CRN 768-94-5  
CMF C10 H17 N



RN 936365-32-1 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[2-[hexyl(phenylmethyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, compd. with tricyclo[3.3.1.1.3,7]decan-1-amine (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 637015-05-5  
CMF C29 H33 N O4

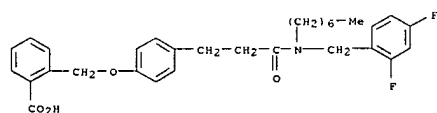
L6 ANSWER 5 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 936365-34-3 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-[[2,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]heptylamino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, compd. with tricyclo[3.3.1.1.3,7]decan-1-amine (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 637015-10-2  
CMF C31 H35 F2 N O4



CM 2

CRN 768-94-5  
CMF C10 H17 N

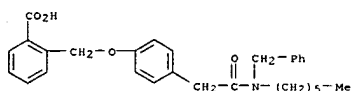


RN 936365-36-5 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-[butyl[(2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)methyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, compd. with tricyclo[3.3.1.1.3,7]decan-1-amine (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 637015-18-0  
CMF C30 H35 N O6

L6 ANSWER 5 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



CM 2

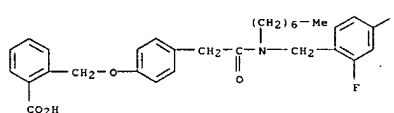
CRN 768-94-5  
CMF C10 H17 N



RN 936365-33-2 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[2-[[2,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]heptylamino]-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, compd. with tricyclo[3.3.1.1.3,7]decan-1-amine (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

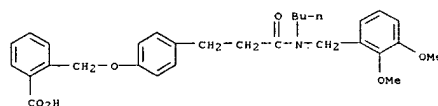
CRN 637015-07-7  
CMF C30 H33 F2 N O4



CM 2

CRN 768-94-5  
CMF C10 H17 N

L6 ANSWER 5 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



CM 2

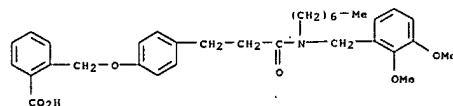
CRN 768-94-5  
CMF C10 H17 N



RN 936365-37-6 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-[[2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)methyl]heptylamino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, compd. with tricyclo[3.3.1.1.3,7]decan-1-amine (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 637015-22-6  
CMF C33 H41 N O6



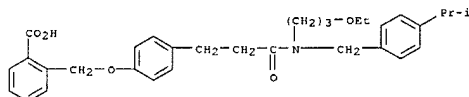
CM 2

CRN 768-94-5  
CMF C10 H17 N



RN 936365-38-7 CAPLUS

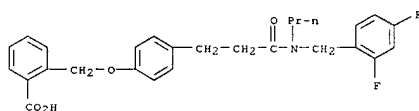
L6 ANSWER 5 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[3-[(3-ethoxypropyl)[(4-(1-methylethyl)phenyl)methyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, compd. with tricyclo[3.3.1.1.3,7]decan-1-amine (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 CM 1  
 CRN 637015-26-0  
 CMF C32 H39 N O5



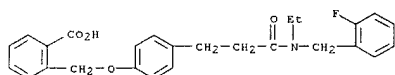
CM 2  
 CRN 768-94-5  
 CMF C10 H17 N



RN 936365-39-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[3-[[2,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]propylamino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, compd. with tricyclo[3.3.1.1.3,7]decan-1-amine (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 CM 1  
 CRN 637015-30-6  
 CMF C27 H27 F2 N O4



L6 ANSWER 5 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



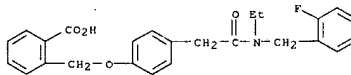
CM 2  
 CRN 768-94-5  
 CMF C10 H17 N



L6 ANSWER 5 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 CM 2  
 CRN 768-94-5  
 CMF C10 H17 N



RN 936365-40-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-[[ethyl[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, compd. with tricyclo[3.3.1.1.3,7]decan-1-amine (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 CM 1  
 CRN 637015-33-9  
 CMF C25 H24 F N O4



CM 2  
 CRN 768-94-5  
 CMF C10 H17 N



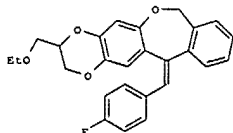
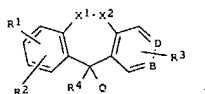
RN 936365-41-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[3-[[ethyl[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, compd. with tricyclo[3.3.1.1.3,7]decan-1-amine (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 CM 1  
 CRN 637015-36-2  
 CMF C26 H26 F N O4



L6 ANSWER 6 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:181489 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:521696  
 TITLE: Novel polycyclic compounds and novel intermediates useful as PDE IV inhibitors; processes for their preparation and composition containing them  
 INVENTOR(S): Duvvuri, Subrahmanyam; Thomas, Abraham; Balasubramanian, Gopalan; Balvantsinh, Raolji; Gajendrasinh; Lingam, Vs Prasada Rao; Lakdawal, Aftab Dawoodbhai  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Glenmark Pharmaceuticals Ltd., India  
 SOURCE: Indian Pat. Appl., 90pp.  
 CODEN: INXXBQ  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

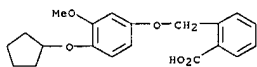
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
IN 2001MU00754	A	20050304	IN 2001-MU754	20010806
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			IN 2001-MU754	20010806

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 146:521696  
 GI

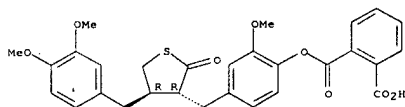


AB The invention relates to a series of polycyclic compds. of formula I, their analogs, their tautomers, their regioisomers, their stereoisomers, their polymorphs, their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, their pharmaceutically acceptable solvates and their pharmaceutical compns. containing them. The invention more particularly relates to novel phosphodiesterase 4 (PDE4) inhibitors of the formula I, their analogs, their tautomers, their regioisomers, their stereoisomers, their polymorphs, their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, their pharmaceutically acceptable solvates and their pharmaceutical compns. containing them. Compds. of formula I wherein R1 is (un)substituted (hetero)cycloalkoxy; R2 and R3 are independently (un)substituted lower

L6 ANSWER 6 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
alkyl(oxy), OH, halo, CN, carboxyl, alkoxy, carbonyl, (un)substituted lower  
alkanoyl, etc.; or R1 and R2 may be combined together to form  
(un)substituted cyclic ring system; and X1-X3 is -O-CH2-, -NH-CH2- and  
derivs., -S-CH2-, -SO-CH2-, -SO2-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-CH=CH-, -CH2-O-, etc.; B  
and/or  
D is C or N; R4 is no bond, H, OH and derivs., (un)substituted alkanoyl,  
(un)substituted (hetero)aryl, etc.; Q is (un)substituted alkoxy,  
aminocarbonyloxy, alkanoyl, etc.; and their analogs, tautomers,  
regioisomers, stereoisomers, polymorphs, pharmaceutically acceptable  
salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates and pharmaceutical compns.  
contg. them, as well as the process for prep. them are claimed. Example  
compd. II was prepd. by addn. of magnesium to 4-fluorobenzyl bromide  
followed by Grignard addn. to  
9-ethoxymethyl-5-oxo-8,9,13-trihydro-7,10,12-  
trioxabenz[4,5]cyclohepta[1,2-b]naphthalene; the resulting  
5-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-hydroxy-9-ethoxymethyl-8,9,13-trihydro-7,10,12-  
trioxabenz[4,5]cyclohepta[1,2-b]naphthalene, which underwent dehydration  
to give compd. II. The invention compds. evaluated for their PDE IV  
inhibitory activity (no data).  
IT 936627-29-1P  
RI: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT  
(Reactant or reagent)  
(preparation of dibenzoxepines and related compds. and their  
intermediates  
useful as PDE IV inhibitors)  
RN 936627-29-1 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-(cyclopentyloxy)-3-methoxyphenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX  
NAME)



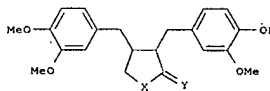
L6 ANSWER 7 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
Absolute stereochemistry.



L6 ANSWER 7 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1350318 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:93582  
TITLE:  $\beta$ -Amyloid formation inhibitors containing  
bis(substituted benzyl)tetrahydrothiofurans  
Maruyama, Takashi; Takeda, Shigetomi; Satomi,  
Takao  
INVENTOR(S):  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Taumura and Co., Japan; Saitama Medical University  
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13pp.  
CODEN: JKXXAF  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2006347942	A	20061228	JP 2005-175333	20050615
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2005-175333	20050615

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 146:93582  
GI



AB The inhibitors, useful as prophylactic or therapeutic agents for  
Alzheimer's disease, contain the compds. I (R = H, C1-6 alkyl, acyl,  
sugar  
residue; X, Y = O, S) or their pharmacol. acceptable salts. Thus,

(2R,3R)-3-[(3,4-dimethoxybenzyl)-2-[4-(4-methylpiperazinomethyl)benzoyloxy]-3-methoxybenzyl]butyrolactone, prepared from arctigenin and  
4-(4-methylpiperazinomethyl)benzoyl chloride dihydrochloride, showed 80%  
inhibition against expression of A $\beta$ 1-40 by human nervous system cell  
transformed with APP695NL Swedish mutation precursor protein gene.  
IT 917377-57-2P

RI: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU  
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES  
(Uses)  
(preparation of bis(substituted benzyl)tetrahydrothiofurans as  
 $\beta$ -amyloid formation inhibitors for treatment of Alzheimer's  
disease)

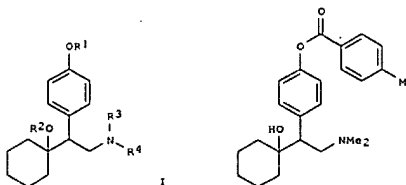
RN 917377-57-2 CAPLUS

CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1-[4-[[[(3R,4R)-4-[(3,4-  
dimethoxyphenyl)methyl]tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-thienyl]methyl]-2-methoxyphenyl]  
ester (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 8 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1337834 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:62460  
TITLE: Preparation of 4-[2-(dimethylamino)-1-(1-  
hydroxycyclohexyl)ethyl]phenol derivatives as  
prodrugs  
for treatment of depression  
INVENTOR(S): Zhang, Luping  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Peop. Rep. China  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 47pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Chinese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

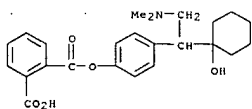
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006133652	A1	20061221	WO 2006-CN1370	20060616
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
CN 1955159	A	20070502	CN 2006-10073308	20060407
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2005-10077510	A 20050617
			CN 2006-10073308	A 20060407

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 146:62460; MARPAT 146:62460  
GI



AB The title 4-[2-(dimethylamino)-1-(1-hydroxycyclohexyl)ethyl]phenol  
(desvenlafaxine) derivs. I [wherein R1 = formyl, acetyl, benzoyl, etc.;  
R2

L6 ANSWER 8 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 = H, (cyclo)alkyl, aryl, etc.; R3 and R4 = independently H, (cyclo)alkyl, aryl, etc.), optical or racemic isomers, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof were prepd. as inhibitors of 5-hydroxytryptamine and norepinephrine for treatment of central nervous system diseases, such as depression. For example, deavenlafaxine was reacted with benzoyl chloride to give II (55.2%). II showed 99% metabolic rate after 2 h in human liver cell. Formulations as tablets and capsules were described.  
 IT 916918-97-3P  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (drug candidate; preparation of deavenlafaxine derivs. as prodrugs for treatment of depression)  
 RN 916918-97-3 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1-[4-[2-(dimethylamino)-1-(1-hydroxycyclohexylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

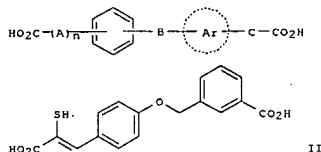


REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
 FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 9 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1221676 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:45289  
 TITLE: Preparation of carboxylic acid derivatives for treatment of type II diabetes  
 INVENTOR(S): Shen, Jianhua; Jiang, Huiliang; Huang, Wai; Shen, Xu; Liu, Hong; Luo, Xiaomin; Zhang, Xu; Tang, Jin  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shanghai Institute of Materia Medica, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Peop. Rep. China  
 SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 34pp.  
 CODEN: CNXXEV  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Chinese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1861560	A	20061115	CN 2005-10025809	20050513
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CN 2005-10025809 20050513				

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 146:45289  
 GI

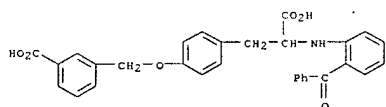


AB Title carboxylic acid derivs. I [wherein A = -C6H4-CH2O-, alkylene, (un)substituted -CH2-O-, etc.; B = O, S, SO, SO2, NH, CO, etc.; C = -C6H4-CH2O-, alkylene, (un)substituted -CH2-O-, etc.; n = 0 or 1; Ar = (un)substituted benzene or benzoheteroarylene, or geometrical isomers, enantiomers, racemic mixts. or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof are prepared as excitants or antagonists of peroxisome proliferator-activated receptors (PPAR) for the treatment of type II diabetes. For example, the compound II was prepared in a multi-step synthesis in good yield.

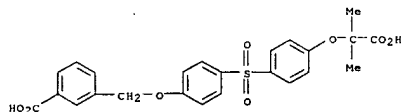
Some of compds. I showed good antagonistic activities against peroxisome proliferator-activated receptors in rat. Different formulations were also claimed.

IT 916607-59-5P 916607-98-2P 916608-00-9P  
 CN 916608-02-1P 916608-05-4P  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES

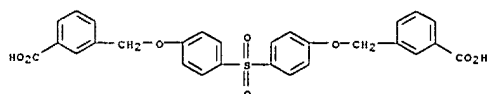
L6 ANSWER 9 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 (Uses)  
 (prepn. of carboxylic acid derivs. for treatment of type II diabetes)  
 RN 916607-59-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Tyrosine, N-(2-benzoylphenyl)-O-[(3-carboxyphenyl)methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 916607-98-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[4-[(1-carboxy-1-methylethoxy)phenyl]sulfonyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

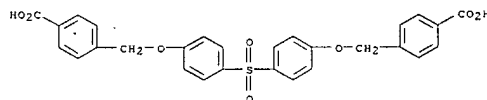


RN 916608-00-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[sulfonylbis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis- (CA INDEX NAME)

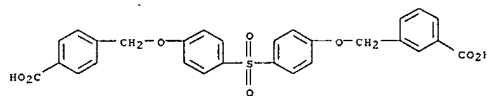


RN 916608-02-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[sulfonylbis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 9 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 916608-05-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[4-[[4-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]phenyl]sulfonyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 10 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1041239 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:389305  
 TITLE: Phenethanolamine-derived haptens, immunogens, antibodies and conjugates for use in competitive immunoassays for the detection of ractopamine, isoxsuprine and ritodrine  
 INVENTOR(S): McConnell, Robert Ivan; Fitzgerald, Stephen Peter; Benchikh, El Ouard; Lowry, Andrew Philip  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Randox Laboratories Limited, UK  
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 22pp.  
 CODEN: USXXCO  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2006223132	A1	20061005	US 2005-271282	20051110
US 7192722	B2	20070320		
EP 1657234	A1	20060517	EP 2004-78100	20041110
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR, IS, YU				
EP 1657235	A2	20060517	EP 2005-77582	20051110
EP 1657235	A3	20060607		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, BA, HR, IS, YU				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			EP 2004-78100	A 20041110

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 145:389305

AB The invention discloses a method for preparing phenethanolamine-derived haptens that are useful in the preparation of immunogens, antibodies and conjugates, for use in competitive immunoassays for the detection of ractopamine, isoxsuprine and ritodrine. The haptens are prepared by reacting a phenylethanolamine derivative with a phenylalkylcarbonyl derivative

IT 911196-31-1DP, albumin conjugates  
 RL: BOU (Biological use, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(phenethanolamine-derived haptens, immunogens, antibodies and conjugates for use in immunoassays for detection of ractopamine, isoxsuprine and ritodrine)

RN 911196-31-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid,

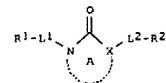
4-[[4-[3-[[2-hydroxy-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)ethyl]amino]butyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 11 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1031178 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:419138  
 TITLE: Preparation of 3-benzylpyrrolidin-2-one and N-benzylimidazolidin-2-one derivatives as prophylactic/therapeutic agents for diabetes  
 INVENTOR(S): Cho, Nobuo; Kasai, Shizuo; Yamashita, Toshiro  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Pharmaceutical Company Limited, Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 743pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

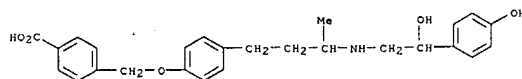
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006104280	A1	20061005	WO 2006-JP307402	20060331
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, ME, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2005-102913	A 20050331
			JP 2005-306397	A 20051020

G1



AB 11 $\beta$ -Hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase 1 inhibitors comprising compds. represented by the formula (I) or salts thereof or prodrugs of the compds.  
 or the salts [R1 = (un)substituted cyclic group; R2 = H, (un)substituted cyclic group; X = N, CR3; R3 = H, substituent; L1, L2 = a bond, (un)substituted bivalent aliphatic hydrocarbon group, -(akn1)m-Y-(akn2)n; akn1, akn2 = (un)substituted C1-6 alkylene; m, n = 0, 1; Y = O, S, SO, SO2, NR4, SO2NR4, NR4SO2; R4 = H, (un)substituted C1-6 alkyl; ring A = (un)substituted 4- to 7-membered nonarom. heterocyclic ring optionally fused to a ring] are disclosed. These compds. have an excellent inhibitory activity against 11 $\beta$ -hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase 1 and are useful as prophylactic/therapeutic agents for diabetes, insulin resistance, obesity, lipid metabolic abnormality, hypertension, or arteriosclerosis. Thus, 2 M lithium diisopropylamide/THF (1.32 M, 1.32

L6 ANSWER 10 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



IT 911196-31-1P

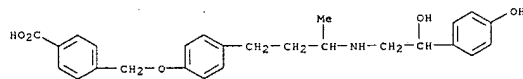
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(phenethanolamine-derived haptens, immunogens, antibodies and conjugates for use in immunoassays for detection of ractopamine, isoxsuprine and ritodrine)

RN 911196-31-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid,

4-[[4-[3-[[2-hydroxy-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)ethyl]amino]butyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

FORMAT

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

L6 ANSWER 11 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

ml) was added to a mixt. of 0.50 g 1-(2-methylbenzyl)pyrrolidin-2-one in 10 mL THF at -78° and the resulting mixt. was stirred for 10 min. The resulting soln. was treated with a soln. of 0.52 g  $\alpha$ ,2,6-trichlorotoluene in 5 mL THF, stirred at -78° for 10 min, and warmed to room temp. to give, after workup and silica gel chromatog., 80% 3-(2,6-dichlorobenzyl)-1-(2-methylbenzyl)pyrrolidin-2-one (II). 1-Cyclohexyl-3-(2,6-dichlorobenzyl)pyrrolidin-2-one (similarly prep. from 1-cyclohexylpyrrolidin-2-one and  $\alpha$ ,2,6-trichlorotoluene) showed IC50 of 7.9 nM against of human 11 $\beta$ -Hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase 1. A gelatin capsule and a tablet formulation contg. the compd. II were described.

IT 911721-40-5P 911721-46-5P 911723-52-5P

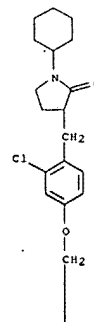
911723-66-5P 911723-73-4P 911724-87-3P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of 3-benzylpyrrolidin-2-one and N-benzylimidazolidin-2-one derivs. as 11 $\beta$ -Hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase 1 inhibitors and prophylactic/therapeutic agents for diabetes)

RN 911721-40-5 CAPLUS

CH Benzoic acid, 4-[[3-chloro-4-[[1-cyclohexyl-2-oxo-3-pyrrolidinyl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

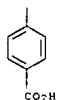


PAGE 1-A



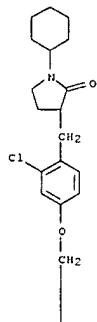
L6 ANSWER 11 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 2-A



RN 911721-46-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[[3-chloro-4-[[1-(4-hydroxy-4-methylcyclohexyl)-2-oxo-3-pyrrolidinyl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

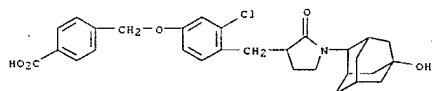
PAGE 1-A



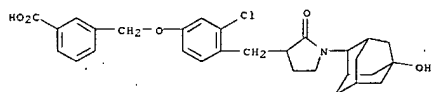
PAGE 2-A



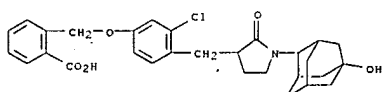
L6 ANSWER 11 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 911723-73-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 3-[[[3-chloro-4-[[1-(5-hydroxytricyclo[3.3.1.1.3,7]dec-2-yl)-2-oxo-3-pyrrolidinyl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 911724-87-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 2-[[[3-chloro-4-[[1-(5-hydroxytricyclo[3.3.1.1.3,7]dec-2-yl)-2-oxo-3-pyrrolidinyl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

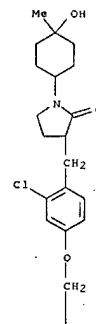


REFERENCE COUNT: 71 THERE ARE 71 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR  
 THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
 FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 11 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

RN 911723-52-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[[3-chloro-4-[[1-(4-hydroxy-4-methylcyclohexyl)-2-oxo-3-pyrrolidinyl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



RN 911723-66-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[[3-chloro-4-[[1-(5-hydroxytricyclo[3.3.1.1.3,7]dec-2-yl)-2-oxo-3-pyrrolidinyl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 12 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:845716 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:293345  
 TITLE: Preparation of N-acyl-amino acid derivatives for controlling function of GPR34 receptor as antagonists or inverse agonists  
 INVENTOR(S): Ito, Fumio; Kimura, Eiji; Imai, Tomomi; Mori, Masaaki;  
 Aramaki, Yoshio; Kohara, Yasuhisa; Sugo, Takasa; Hayase, Yoji; Kobayashi, Hiromi; Ogi, Kazuhiro  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Pharmaceutical Company Limited, Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 597pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 200608246	A1	20060824	WO 2006-JP303357	20060217
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
EP 1849465	A1	20071031	EP 2006-714496	20060217
R:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2005-41775	A 20050218
			JP 2005-315146	A 20051028
			WO 2006-JP303357	W 20060217

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 145:293345  
 GI



AB There are provided agents for controlling the function of a GPR34 receptor  
 which contain compds. represented by the formula (1) [wherein ring A represents an optionally substituted homocycle or heterocycle; P represents a bond or spacer; ring D represents an optionally substituted monocyclic aromatic ring optionally fused to a 5- to 7-membered ring; V represents a bond or a group represented by -CR14:CR15- or -N:CR16- (wherein R14, R15, and R16 each represents hydrogen or an optionally

L6 ANSWER 12 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
substituted hydrocarbon group); Q represents a bond or spacer; W represents carboxy or a group biol. equiv. to carboxy], salts of the compds., or prodrugs of either. These agents are useful for the prevention and/or treatment of immune diseases, inflammatory diseases, respiratory diseases, urol. diseases (urinary system diseases), central nervous system diseases, or cardiovascular diseases. Thus, 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1-benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid was condensed with Me O-benzyl-L-tyrosinate hydrochloride using 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride and HOBT in the presence

of Et3N in a 1:1 mixt. of DMF and CH2Cl2 (93% yield) followed by sapon. with NaOH in aq. methanol and acidification with 1 H aq. HCl soln. to give 28% O-benzyl-N-[[[6-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1-benzofuran-2-yl]carbonyl]-L-tyrosine (III). II in vitro showed antagonist activity against human

GPR34 receptor expressed in CHO cells with IC50 of 51 μM. Pharmaceutical tablet formulations were described.

IT 907948-71-4P 907948-78-1P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

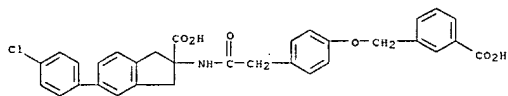
(preparation of N-acyl-amino acid derivs. for controlling function of

GPR34 receptor as antagonists or inverse agonists)

RN 907948-71-4 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indene-2-carboxylic acid,

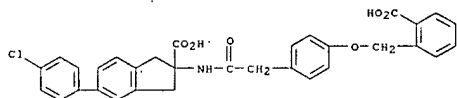
2-[[[4-[(3-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]phenyl]acetyl  
1]amino]-5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 907948-78-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indene-2-carboxylic acid,

2-[[[4-[(2-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]phenyl]acetyl  
1]amino]-5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

L6 ANSWER 13 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:677598 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:124570

TITLE: Preparation of 2-benzoylpyrrole, 2-benzoylimidazole, 2-benzoylbenzimidazole derivatives and related compounds for treatment or prevention of hyperlipidemia, arteriosclerosis, and/or metabolic syndrome

INVENTOR(S): Nagano, Tomokazu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dainippon Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 181 pp.

CODEN: JKXAXF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

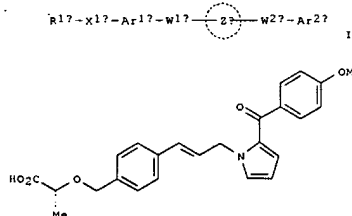
LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2006182668	A	20060713	JP 2004-375862	20041227
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2004-375862	20041227

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 145:124570  
G1



AB The title compds. [e.g. I; 2b = (un)substituted pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, triazole, indole, indazole, or benzimidazole; W2b = a single bond, SO, SO2, (un)substituted CONH or SO2NH, (un)substituted C1-4 alkylene, C2-4 alkenylene, or C2-4 alkynylene optionally two H atoms of methylene group substituted with O to form a CO group; Ar1b, Ar2b = (un)substituted aryl or heteroaryl; W1b = (un)substituted C1-5 alkylene, C2-5 alkenylene, or C2-5 alkynylene, -Yb-W3b- (Yb = O, S, (un)substituted NH; W3b = (un)substituted C1-4 alkylene, C2-4 alkenylene, or C2-4 alkynylene), etc.; X1b = SO2, OCO2, SO2O, (un)substituted CONHSO2, NHSO2, NHCO, SO2NHCO, SO2NH, CONH, OCONH, NHCONH, or NHC(NH2); N-, etc.; R1b = CO2H, alkoxycarbonyl, (un)substituted CONH2, cyclic aminocarbonyl, alkylsulfonylcarbonyl, arylsulfonylcarbonyl, or alkylsulfonylcarbonyl, tosylsulfonyl, 2,4-dioxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyridin-5-yl, etc.] are prepared These compds. are agonists (activators) of PPARα and/or PPARγ and not only improve hyperglycemia but also possess lipid

L6 ANSWER 12 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 13 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
improving activity such as improving hypertriglyceridemia and increasing HDL cholesterol. They are useful for the treatment or prevention of hyperlipidemia, arteriosclerosis, and/or the metabolic syndrome. For example, compd. (II).Na activated human PPARα and human PPARγ by 15.1 and 7.0%, resp., at 10 μM. When it was administered to mice at 30 mg/kg for 2 wk p.o., it lowered blood sugar and triglyceride by 70 and 85%, resp., and increased HDL by 41%.

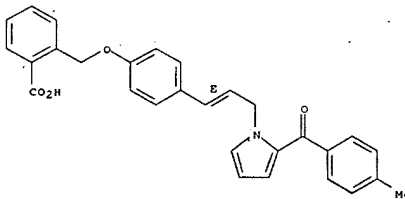
IT 874828-01-OP, 2-[[[4-[(1E)-3-[2-(4-methylbenzoyl)-1H-pyrrol-1-yl]prop-1-en-1-yl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of 2-benzoylpyrrole, 2-benzoylimidazole, 2-benzoylbenzimidazole derivs. and related compds. for treatment or prevention of hyperlipidemia, arteriosclerosis, and/or metabolic syndrome)

RN 874828-01-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-[(1E)-3-[2-(4-methylbenzoyl)-1H-pyrrol-1-yl]-1-propenyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L6 ANSWER 14 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:600074 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

145:180201

TITLE:

Proposal of a New Binding Orientation for Non-Peptide  
AT1 Antagonists: Homology Modeling, Docking and  
Three-Dimensional Quantitative Structure-Activity  
Relationship Analysis

AUTHOR(S):

Tuccinardi, Tiziano; Calderone, Vincenzo; Rapposelli,

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Simona; Martinelli, Adriano

SOURCE:

Dipartimento di Scienze Farmaceutiche, Università di

Pisa, Pisa, 56126, Italy

Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2006), 49(14),

4305-4316

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PUBLISHER:

American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

AB A three-dimensional model of the AT1 receptor was constructed by means of  
a homol. modeling procedure, using the x-ray structure of bovine  
rhodopsinas the initial template and taking into account the available  
site-directed mutagenesis data. The docking of losartan and its active  
metabolite EXP3174, followed by 1 ns of mol. dynamics (MD) simulation  
inserted into the phospholipid bilayer, suggested a different binding  
orientation for these antagonists from those previously proposed.  
Furthermore, the docking of several nonpeptide antagonists was used as an  
alignment tool for the development of a three-dimensional quant.  
structure-activity relationship (3D-QSAR) model, and the good results  
confirmed our binding hypothesis and the reliability of the model.

IT

114799-46-1 114799-47-2 114799-48-3

114799-49-4 114799-61-0 125848-45-5

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic

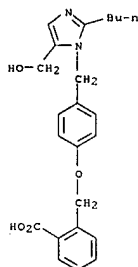
use); BIOL (Biological study); USBS (Uses)

(proposal of a new binding orientation for non-peptide AT1 antagonists  
based on homol. modeling, docking and three-dimensional quant.  
structure-activity relationship anal.)

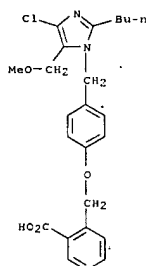
RN 114799-46-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-butyl-5-(hydroxymethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-  
yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 14 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 114799-47-2 CAPLUS

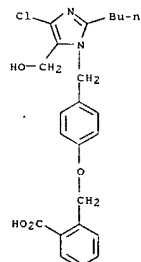
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-butyl-4-chloro-5-(methoxymethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-  
yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 114799-48-3 CAPLUS

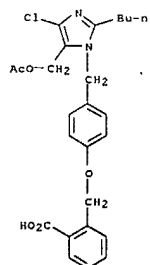
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-butyl-4-chloro-5-(hydroxymethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-  
yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 14 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

(Continued)



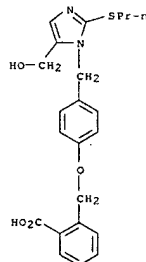
RN 114799-49-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[5-(acetyloxymethyl)-2-butyl-4-chloro-1H-imidazol-1-  
yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

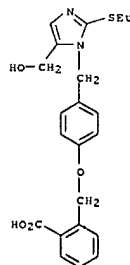
RN 114799-61-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[5-(hydroxymethyl)-2-(propylthio)-1H-imidazol-1-  
yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 14 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 125848-45-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-(ethylthio)-5-(hydroxymethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-  
yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

55

THERE ARE 55 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 15 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:149198 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:205770  
 TITLE: Use of agonists and antagonists of beta-adrenoceptors for treating arterial diseases  
 INVENTOR(S): Dessey, Chantal; Bailligand, Jean-Luc  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Université Catholique de Louvain, Belg.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 71 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006015830	A1	20060216	WO 2005-EP8569	20050808
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SI, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
CA 2576255	A1	20060216	CA 2005-2576255	20050808
EP 1791311	A1	20070509	EP 2005-773375	20050808
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: US 2004-600093P			P 20040809	
			WO 2005-EP8569	W 20050808

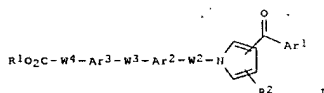
AB The invention relates to the use of one or more first compound(s) having a  $\beta_1$ -adrenoceptor agonistic effect and one or more second compound(s) having a  $\beta_1/\beta_2$ -adrenoceptor antagonistic effect for the preparation of a medicament for treating and/or preventing cardiovascular diseases and diseases related thereto, such as arterial diseases, ischemic and failing cardiac diseases, including heart failure, conditions related to metabolic syndrome, or angiogenesis-related diseases, wherein said one or more first compound(s) and said one or more second compound(s) are used as combined preparation for simultaneous, sep. or sequential use. The invention further provides methods and composition for treating the above diseases.

IT 211917-61-2, SB 246982  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (Use of agonists and antagonists of  $\beta$ -adrenoceptors for treating

L6 ANSWER 16 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:121579 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:192255  
 TITLE: Preparation of pyrrole derivatives for treatment of diabetes  
 INVENTOR(S): Yoshida, Kozo; Maruta, Katsunori; Nagata, Ryu  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 70 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2006036730	A	20060209	JP 2004-222700	20040730
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: JP 2004-222700			JP 2004-222700	20040730

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 144:192255  
 GI



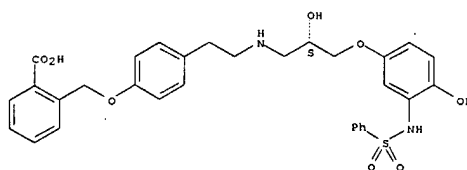
AB The title compds. (I) or prodrugs thereof or pharmacol. acceptable salts of either [R2 = one or a plural number of groups selected from H, each (un)substituted alkyl and aryl, and halogen atoms; Ar1, Ar2, Ar3 = each (un)substituted aryl or heteroaryl; W2 = each (un)substituted lower alkylene or alkenylene, -Y1-W6- (wherein Y1 = O, S, SO, SO2; W6 = each (un)substituted lower alkylene or alkenylene); W2 = a single bond, each (un)substituted lower alkylene or alkenylene, -Y2-W7-, -W7-Y2- (wherein

Y2 = O, S, SO, SO2, NR11, CONR11; R11 = H, (un)substituted lower alkyl; W7 = each (un)substituted lower alkylene or alkenylene); W4 = a single bond, (un)substituted lower alkylene, -W8-Y3- (wherein Y3 = O, S, SO, SO2; W8 = each (un)substituted lower alkylene or alkenylene); R1 = H, (un)substituted lower alkyl] are prepared. These compds. activate or regulate peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor  $\alpha$  (PPAR $\alpha$ ), PPAR $\gamma$ , or PPAR $\delta$ /y activity and improve insulin resistance and are useful as antidiabetic agents for safely controlling blood sugar. Thus, a solution of 3-[(3-hydroxyphenyl)thiophene-2-carboxylic acid Me ester 243, [1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-1H-pyrrol-2-yl]-(4-methylphenyl)methanone 230, Ph3P 288 mg in THF was treated with 500 mg di-Et azocarbonylate/toluene solution at 0° and stirred at room temperature for 18 h, after workup and silica gel chromatog., 52% 3-[(3-[2-(4-methylbenzoyl)-1H-pyrrol-1-yl]ethoxy)phenyl]thiophene-2-carboxylic acid Me ester which (230 mg) was dissolved in THF 3, 2 N aqueous NaOH solution

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L6 ANSWER 15 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 arterial diseases)  
 RN 211917-61-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-[[[2S]-2-hydroxy-3-[4-hydroxy-3-[(phenylsulfonyl)amino]phenoxy]propyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



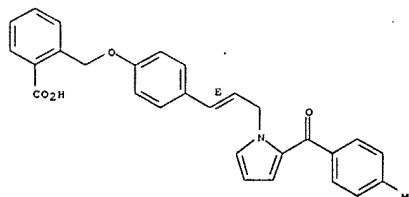
REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 16 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 MeOH 3 mL, stirred at 50° for 6 h, cooled to room temp., concd. under reduced pressure, treated with dil. aq. HCl soln., and filtered to give, after washing with water and drying under reduced pressure, 95% 3-[(3-[2-(4-methylbenzoyl)-1H-pyrrol-1-yl]ethoxy)phenyl]thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (II). II and 5-[3-[(1E)-3-[12-(4-methylbenzoyl)-1H-pyrrol-1-yl]prop-1-en-1-yl]benzyl]-1,3-oxazole-4-carboxylic acid at 10 mM showed 26.4- and 38.8-fold increase in activity of PPAR $\alpha$  in COS-1 cells, resp., and 7.2- and 7.5-fold increase in activity of PPAR $\gamma$ , resp.

IT 874828-01-0P, 2-[[4-[(1E)-3-[12-(4-methylbenzoyl)-1H-pyrrol-1-yl]prop-1-en-1-yl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPH (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of pyrrole deriva. as agonists of peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor  $\alpha$  and/or  $\gamma$  for treatment of diabetes)

RN 874828-01-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[(1E)-3-[12-(4-methylbenzoyl)-1H-pyrrol-1-yl]-1-propenyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L6 ANSWER 17 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:23258 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:254656  
 TITLE: Hydrodynamic, optical, and conformational properties of an aromatic polyester containing a benzoyl substituent in the main-chain mesogenic fragment  
 AUTHOR(S): Bushin, S. V.; Andreeva, L. N.; Belyaeva, E. V.; Bol'shakov, M. N.; Rudaya, L. I.; Shamanin, V. V.; Skorokhodov, S. S.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Macromol. Compounds, Russian Acad. Sci., St. Petersburg, 199004, Russia  
 SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A i Seriya B (2005), 47(12), 2172-2179  
 CODEN: VSSBEE, ISSN: 1023-3091  
 PUBLISHER: Izdatel'stvo Nauka  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Russian

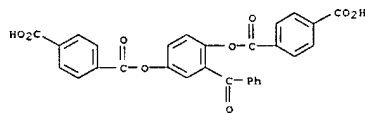
AB Hydrodynamic, optical, and conformational properties of a thermo-tropically mesogenic aromatic polyester with a nonlinear T-shaped structure of the rigid fragment related to the presence of the benzoyl substituent were studied. Dilute solns. in dichloroacetic acid were investigated in the range  $M = (1.7-18.6) \times 10^3$ . On the basis of hydrodynamic and dynamo optical measurements, the Kuhn segment length was estimated as  $A = (125 \pm 5) \times 10^{-8}$  cm. The conformational anal. of the polyester performed in terms of the flexibility additivity principle showed that, upon incorporation of a benzoyl substituent into a mesogenic fragment separated by a single-atom (oxygen) bridge, steric interactions between mesogenic rigid moieties increase: the degree of hindrance of internal rotation becomes equal to 1.4.

IT 852057-53-5P 852057-56-8P  
 RI: THU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation) (aromatic polyester containing a benzoyl substituent in the main-chain mesogenic fragment)

RN 852057-53-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 2-benzoyl-1,4-phenylene ester, polymer with 1,6-hexanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRM 524951-01-7  
 CMF C29 H18 O9



CM 2

L6 ANSWER 18 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1331244 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:51445  
 TITLE: Preparation of 2-(pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)pyrrolidine derivatives as histamine H3 receptor antagonists  
 INVENTOR(S): Beavers, Lisa Solsam; Gadsby, Robert Alan; Jesudason, Cynthia Darshini; Pickard, Richard Todd; Stevens, Freddie Craig  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eli Lilly and Company, USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 85 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005121080	A1	20051222	WO 2005-US18249	20050524
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, ME, MG, MW, MX, MY, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SI, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, NG, TD, TG			
AU 2005252178	A1	20051222	AU 2005-252178	20050524
CA 2567513	A1	20051222	CA 2005-2567513	20050524
EP 1756051	A1	20070228	EP 2005-754884	20050524
R:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR			
CN 1956952	A	20070502	CN 2005-80016836	20050524
IN 2006KN03536	A	20070615	IN 2006-KN3536	20061127
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:			US 2004-576421P	P 20040602
			WO 2005-US18249	W 20050524

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 144:51445  
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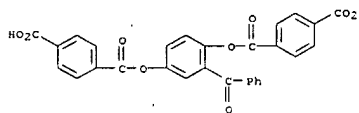
L6 ANSWER 17 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 CRN 629-11-8  
 CMF C6 H14 O2

HO-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>-OH

RN 852057-56-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 2-benzoyl-1,4-phenylene ester, polymer with 4,4'-oxybis(phenol) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

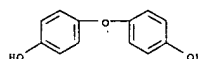
CM 1

CRM 524951-01-7  
 CMF C29 H18 O9

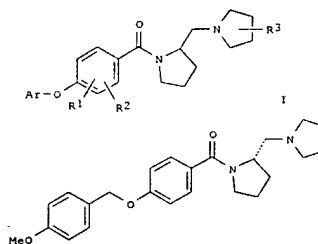


CM 2

CRM 1965-09-9  
 CMF C12 H10 O3



L6 ANSWER 18 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

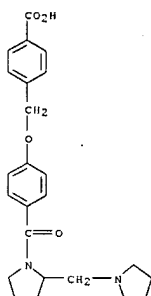


AB The title compds. I [wherein Ar = (un)substituted (hetero)aryl; R1 and R2 = independently H, OH, halo, CF<sub>3</sub>, etc.; R3 = H, halo, CF<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, etc.] or enantiomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof were prepared as histamine-H3 receptor antagonists. For example, the compound II=CF<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H was prepared. II=CF<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H showed antagonistic activity to [35S]GTP γ[S] with K<sub>i</sub> of 4.1 nM. I are useful for the treatment of obesity, cognitive deficiencies, narcolepsy, and other histamine H3 receptor-related diseases (no data).

IT 871489-38-2P  
 RI: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)  
 (drug candidate: preparation of (pyrrolidinylmethyl)pyrrolidine derivs. as histamine H3 receptor antagonists)

RN 871489-38-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(4-[(2-(1-pyrrolidinylmethyl)-1-pyrrolidinyl)carbonyl]phenoxy)methyl]-, lithium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 18 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



IT 871488-79-8P  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (drug candidate; preparation of (pyrrolidinylmethyl)pyrrolidine derivs. as histamine H3 receptor antagonists)  
 RN 871488-79-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-(1-pyrrolidinylmethyl)-1-pyrrolidinyl]carbonyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, lithium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

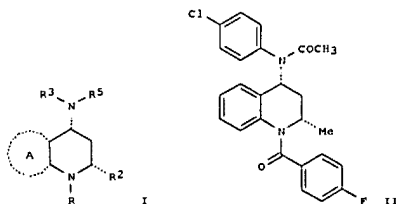
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 19 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1221157 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:477861  
 TITLE: Preparation of tetrahydroquinolinyl PGD2 receptor antagonists for the treatment of inflammatory diseases  
 INVENTOR(S): Ghosh, Shomir; Elder, Amy M.; Carson, Kenneth G.; Sprott, Kevin T.; Harrison, Sean J.; Hicks, Frederick A.; Renou, Christelle C.; Reynolds, Dominic  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Millennium Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl., 296 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 678,872.  
 CODEN: USXXCO  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005:256158	A1	20051117	US 2005-101208	20050407
US 2004082609	A1	20040429	US 2003-678872	20031003
US 3211672	B2	20070501		
JP 2005124396	A	20060518	JP 2005-351372	20051205
US 2006106061	A1	20060518	US 2005-312960	20051220
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:			US 2002-416501P	P 20021004
			US 2003-678872	A2 20031003
			US 2004-560410P	P 20040407
			JP 2004-543358	A3 20031003

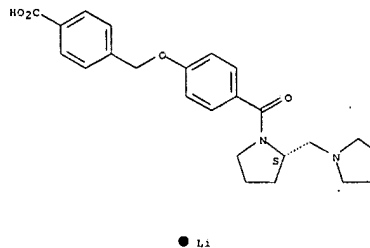
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 143:477861  
 G1



AB Title compds. I [A = (un)substituted monocyclic aromatic ring; R = X1R1; R5 = X2R4; X1, X2 = independently SO2, CO, CONH; R1 = (un)substituted heteroaryl; heteroaryl fused to a monocyclic non/aromatic or heteroarom. ring, with provisos: R2 = alkyl; R3 = (un)substituted monocyclic or

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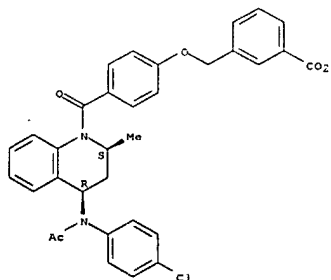
L6 ANSWER 18 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
 FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 19 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

bicyclic group; R4 = hydroxyalkyl, (un)substituted cyclo/alkyl; and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts] were prepd. For instance, acylation of (2S,4R)-4-((benzyloxy)carbonyl)amino]-2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline (prepn. given) with 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride, deprotection, reaction of the amine (no data) with 4-chlorophenylboronic acid, and acetylation gave II. Compds. I inhibited binding of PGD2 to the CRTh2 receptor; selected examples had Ki < 1 μM. I are useful for inhibiting the G-protein coupled receptor referred to as chemoattractant receptor-homologous mol. expressed on CRTh2 for the treatment of inflammatory disorders.  
 IT 868211-41-0P, 3-[[4-[[4-(Acetyl)(4-chlorophenyl)amino]-2-methyl-1,2,3,4-dihydro-2H-quinolin-1-yl]carbonyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of tetrahydroquinolinyl PGD2 receptor antagonists for treatment of inflammatory diseases)  
 RN 868211-41-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[4-[[4-(2S,4R)-4-[acetyl(4-chlorophenyl)amino]-3,4-dihydro-2-methyl-1(2H)-quinolinyl]carbonyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)  
 Absolute stereochemistry.

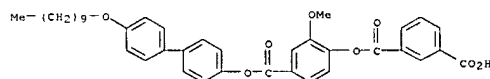


L6 ANSWER 20 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1207714 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:423116  
 TITLE: Switching of chirality from racemic to homochiral state in new liquid crystalline monomers with bent-core molecules  
 AUTHOR(S): Novotna, Vladimira; Hamplova, Vera; Kaspar, Miroslav; Glogarova, Milada; Pociacha, Damian  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Physics, Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic, Prague, 182 21, Czech Rep.  
 SOURCE: Liquid Crystals (2005), 32(9), 1115-1123  
 CODEN: LICR66; ISSN: 0267-8292  
 PUBLISHER: Taylor & Francis Ltd.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English

AB The synthesis and phys. properties of bent-shaped mols. with ester linkages and methoxy substitution on a noncentral ring are presented. Terminal chains of most mesogens contain a group with double bond, which promotes polymerization. In all the compds. studied a B2 phase just below the isotropic phase was found. Polarization current profiles indicate that this phase is antiferroelectric, and dielec. spectroscopy data with a pronounced high frequency mode support this fact. For several compound chirality switching from racemic to the homochiral state was seen after application of a low frequency a.c. field. Another phase, which could be assigned to the B7 family, appears below the B2 phase on cooling.

IT 883884-03-5P  
 RI: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation and reaction with oxalyl chloride)

RN 883884-03-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[4-[[[4'-(decyloxy)[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]oxy]carbonyl]-2-methoxyphenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



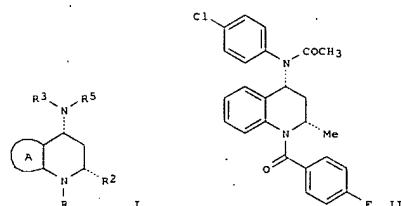
REFERENCE COUNT: 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
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L6 ANSWER 21 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1154529 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:422264  
 TITLE: Preparation of tetrahydroquinolinyl PGD2 receptor antagonists for the treatment of inflammatory diseases  
 INVENTOR(S): Ghosh, Shomir; Elder, Amy M.; Carson, Kenneth G.; Sprott, Kevin T.; Harrison, Sean J.; Hicks, Frederick A.; Renou, Christelle C.; Reynolds, Dominic  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Millennium Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 393 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005100321	A1	20051027	WO 2005-US11643	20050407
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 2005233125	A1	20051027	AU 2005-233125	20050407
CA 2561564	A1	20051027	CA 2005-2561564	20050407
EP 1740547	A1	20070110	EP 2005-733968	20050407
R:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL, BA, HR, LV, MK, YU			
CN 101018770	A	20070815	CN 2005-80018590	20050407
BR 2005009668	A	20071009	BR 2005-9668	20050407
JP 2007532555	T	20071115	JP 2007-507467	20050407
IN 2006DN05764	A	20070831	IN 2006-DN5764	20061004
NO 200605107	A	20061201	NO 2006-5107	20061106
KR 2007002085	A	20070104	KR 2006-723323	20061107
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2004-560410P	P 20040407
			WO 2005-US11643	W 20050407

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 143:422264  
 GI

L6 ANSWER 21 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



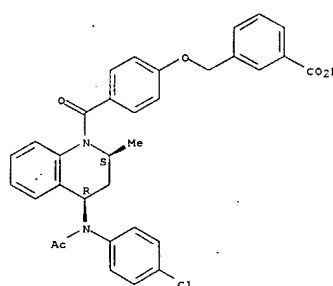
AB Title compds. I [A = (un)substituted monocyclic aromatic ring; R = X1R1; R5 = X2R4; X1-X2 = independently SO2, CO, CONH; R1 = (un)substituted heteroaryl; heteroaryl fused to a monocyclic non/aromatic or heteroarom. ring, with proviso: R2 = alkyl; R3 = (un)substituted monocyclic or bicyclic group; R4 = hydroxyalkyl, (un)substituted cycloalkyl; and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts; with the exception of certain compds.] were prepared. For instance, acylation of (2S,4R)-4-((benzyloxy)carbonyl)amino-2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline (preparation given) with 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride, deprotection, reaction of the amine (no data) with 4-chlorophenylboronic acid, and acetylation gave II.

IT 868211-41-0P, 3-[[4-[[[4-(Acetyl)(4-chlorophenyl)amino]-(2S,4R)-2-methyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-quinolin-1-yl]carbonyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid  
 RI: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(PGD2 receptor antagonists for treatment of inflammatory diseases)  
 RN 868211-41-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 3-[[4-[[[2S,4R)-4-[acetyl(4-chlorophenyl)amino]-3,4-dihydro-2-methyl-1(2H)-quinolinyl]carbonyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

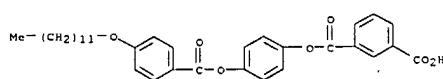
L6 ANSWER 21 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



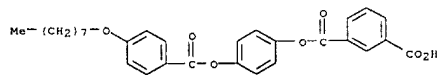
REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
 FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 22 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1088761 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:43514  
 TITLE: Ten isomeric five-ring bent-core mesogens: The influence of the direction of the carboxyl connecting groups on the mesophase behavior  
 AUTHOR(S): Weissflog, Wolfgang; Naumann, Gisela; Kosate, Schroeder, Martin W.; Eremin, Alexey; Diele, Siegmund; Vakhovskaya, Zinaida; Kresse, Horst; Friedemann, Rudolf; Krishnan, S. Ananda Rama; Pelzl, Gerhard  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Institut fuer Physikalische Chemie, Martin-Luther-Universitaet Halle-Wittenberg, Halle (Saale), 06108, Germany  
 SOURCE: Journal of Materials Chemistry (2005), 15(40), 4328-4337  
 CODEN: JMACEP; ISSN: 0959-9428  
 PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 144:43514  
 AB In order to study the role of the direction of the connecting groups in bent-core mesogens we synthesized two series of ten possible achiral isomeric five-ring bent-core compds. in which all aromatic rings are connected by ester groups and each of which possesses the same length of the terminal chains (octyloxy or dodecyloxy, resp.). The structure of the isomers is distinguished by the direction of at least one ester group, only. The mesophase behavior of the compds. has been studied by polarizing microscopy, differential scanning calorimetry, X-ray expts. and electro-optical measurements. We have found that in spite of the minor structural differences a variety of mesophases occur (SmCPA, Colrec, Colob) whereby the clearing temps. vary from 121 to 193 °C (octyloxy isomers) and 112 to 189 °C (dodecyloxy isomers). Depending on the direction of the ester groups some of these isomers show interesting properties, such as field-induced inversion of chirality in SmCPA and columnar phases, the field-induced enhancement of the clearing temperature, a second-order phase transition Colob → SmCPA or the reversible field-induced phase transition Colob → SmCPF. The unexpectedly strong influence of the direction of the connecting groups is discussed on the base of theor. calcns. and mol. dynamics simulation on isolated mols.  
 IT 870720-32-4P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (esterification; influence of the direction of the carboxyl connecting groups on the mesophase behavior of isomeric five-ring bent-core mesogens)  
 RN 870720-32-4 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[4-[[4-(dodecyloxy)benzoyl]oxy]phenyl] ester (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 22 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



IT 914466-B1-2P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (influence of the direction of the carboxyl connecting groups on the mesophase behavior of isomeric five-ring bent-core mesogens)  
 RN 914466-B1-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[4-[[4-(octyloxy)benzoyl]oxy]phenyl] ester (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 39 THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

L6 ANSWER 23 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1021730 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:326089  
 TITLE: Preparation of bisphenyl compounds useful as vitamin D3 receptor agonists  
 INVENTOR(S): Wallace, David; Arrhenius, Thomas; Russell, Anna; Liu,  
 Dingguo; Xing, Amy; Tith, Sovouthy; Hou, Zheng; Takahashi, Tadakatsu; Ono, Yoshiyuki; Kashiwagi, Hirotsuka; Shimizu, Kazuki; Ikura, Hitoshi  
 Chugai Seliyaku Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan; et al.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PCT Int. Appl., 645 pp.  
 SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005087700	A2	20050922	WO 2005-US7747	20050308
WO 2005087700	A3	20061019		

W: AB, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BC, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CI, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW.

US  
 RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, BG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, BZ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, NG, SN, TD, TG

US 2006025474 A1 20060202 US 2005-76584 20050308  
 EP 1740522 A2 20070110 EP 2005-727224 20050308

R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL, BA, HR, LV, MK, YU

PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: US 2004-551193P P 20040308  
 WO 2005-US7747 W 20050308

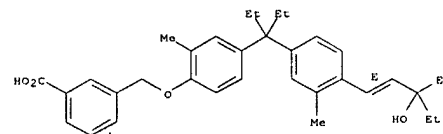
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 143:326089  
 GI

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB Title compds. I [X = (un)substituted methylene, ethylene, vinylene, NH, etc.; Y = CO2R8; CONH2 and derivs., S-alkyl, etc.; W = OH, CO2H, O-SO2-CF3, etc.; R1, R2 = independently (un)substituted cyclo/alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc.; R3, R4, R5, R6 = independently H, halo, (un)substituted cyclo/alkyl; with provisos: and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts and prodrugs] were prepared as vitamin D3 receptor modulators, particularly vitamin D3 agonists. Thus, O-alkylation of phenol II (preparation given) with 4-bromomethylbenzoic acid Me ester and saponification gave bisphenyl (E)-III. Bisphenyl compds. I show similar

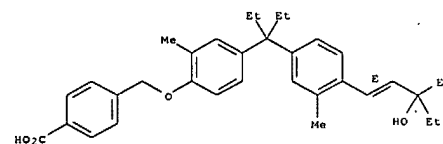
L6 ANSWER 23 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 properties of 1,25(OH)2D3, but with reduced serum calcium level, and may be used to treat psoriasis, secondary hyperparathyroidism, etc.  
 IT 865239-24-3P, 3-[[[4-[[1-Ethyl-1-[4-[(E)-3-ethyl-3-hydroxypent-1-enyl]-3-methylphenyl]propyl]-2-methylphenyl]oxy]methyl]benzoic acid  
 865239-25-4P, 4-[[[4-[[1-Ethyl-1-[4-[(E)-3-ethyl-3-hydroxypent-1-enyl]-3-methylphenyl]propyl]-2-methylphenyl]oxy]methyl]benzoic acid  
 865241-17-4P, 4-[[[4-[[1-Ethyl-1-[4-[(S)-3-hydroxy-4,4-dimethylpent-1-enyl]-3-methylphenyl]propyl]-2-methylphenyl]oxy]methyl]benzoic acid  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (drug candidate; preparation of bisphenyl compds. useful as vitamin D3 receptor agonists)  
 RN 865239-24-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[[4-[[1-ethyl-1-[4-[(E)-3-ethyl-3-hydroxy-1-pentenyl]-3-methylphenyl]propyl]-2-methylphenoxy]methyl]- (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 865239-25-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[[4-[[1-ethyl-1-[4-[(E)-3-ethyl-3-hydroxy-1-pentenyl]-3-methylphenyl]propyl]-2-methylphenoxy]methyl]- (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

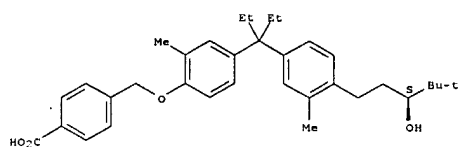


RN 865241-17-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[[4-[[1-ethyl-1-[4-[(S)-3-hydroxy-4,4-dimethylpent-1-enyl]-3-methylphenyl]propyl]-2-methylphenoxy]methyl]- (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L6 ANSWER 23 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



L6 ANSWER 24 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:729530 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:211917

TITLE: Preparation of 3-phenyl-N-(1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)acrylamide derivatives and related compounds as modulators of estrogen-related receptors for the treatment of diseases such as cancer, rheumatoid arthritis or neurological disorders

INVENTOR(S): Busch, Brett; Johnson, Alan T.; Martin, Richard; Mohan, Raju; Stevens, William C., Jr.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): X-ceptor Therapeutics, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 1995 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: CODEN: PIXXD2

LANGUAGE: Patent

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: English

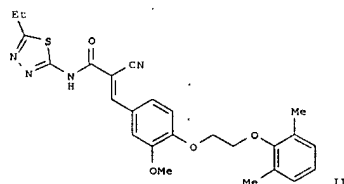
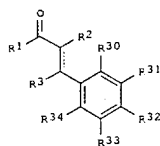
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005072731	A1	20050811	WO 2005-US2736	20050128
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2004-540958P	P 20040129

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 143:211917

GI

L6 ANSWER 24 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



AB Title compds. I [wherein R1 = NH2 and derivs., (un)substituted halo/cyclo/cycloalkyl/ar/alkyl, aryl, alkenyl, etc.; R2 = H, halo, CN, NO2, N3, (un)substituted alk(en/yn)yl, hetero/aryl, etc.; R3 = H, (un)substituted alk(en/yn)yl, hetero/aryl, etc.; R30, R31, R32, R33, R34

independently H, halo, CN, NO2, N3, OH and derivs., (un)substituted halo/alkyl, halo/alkenyl, hetero/aryl, etc.; or one of R30CCR31, R31CCR32, R32CCR33, and R33CCR34 = (un)substituted cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, hetero/aryl, and their pharmaceutically acceptable derivs.] were prepared as

estrogen-related receptors (ERRs), particularly ERRα, modulators for treating cancer, rheumatoid arthritis, neurol. disorders, etc. Thus, Knoevenagel condensation of 4-[(2-[(2,6-dimethylphenyl)oxy]ethoxy)-3-methoxybenzaldehyde (preparation given) with 2-cyano-N-(5-ethyl-1,3,4)thiadiazol-2-yl)acetamide (preparation given) in DMF/EtOH in the presence of TEA gave II in 43% yield. Selected I displayed average IC50 values ≤ 0.5 μM for inverse agonist activity in a GAL4-ERRα assay. I, and their compns., are useful for the treatment, prevention, or amelioration of ERRα-related diseases, disorders or conditions, such as cancer, diabetes, obesity, hyperlipidemia, arthritis, atherosclerosis, osteoporosis, anxiety, depression, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease.

IT 862182-59-OP, 4-[[4-[[2-Cyano-2-[(5-ethyl-1,3,4)thiadiazol-2-yl)carbamoyl]vinyl]-2-methoxyphenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid  
 RI: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPM (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

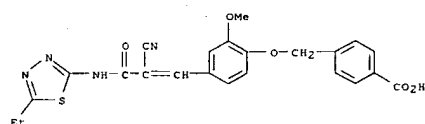
(drug candidate: preparation of 3-Ph-N-(1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)acrylamides

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L6 ANSWER 24 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 and related compds. as ERR, particularly ERRα, modulators)

RN 862182-59-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[[2-cyano-3-[(5-ethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)amino]-3-oxo-1-propenyl]-2-methoxyphenoxy]methyl]- (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

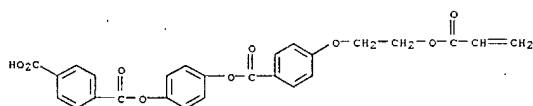
FORMAT RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

L6 ANSWER 25 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:695845 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:163304  
TITLE: Reverse wavelength dispersion liquid crystal retardation film for optical polarizer plate in optical imaging device such as liquid crystal displays  
INVENTOR(S): Omori, Hiroshi; Nakano, Shusaku  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nitto Denko Corp., Japan  
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.  
CODEN: JKXXAF  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

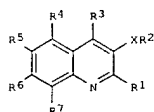
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005208416	A	20050804	JP 2004-16009	20040123

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2004-16009 20040123

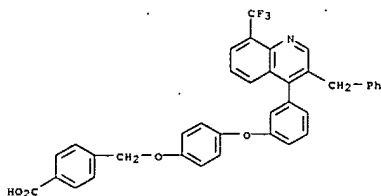
AB The title film is made from liquid crystal monomers having a fluorene cardo unit and polymerizable group-terminated main-chain mesogen connected with the cardo unit, wherein the main chain mesogen's optical axis, which is parallel to the aligning direction of an alignment film, and the cardo unit alignment direction, which is perpendicular to alignment direction of the main chain mesogen, are fixed in the film. The film is easily manufactured and shows good reverse wavelength dispersion.  
IT 860033-10-9P  
R1: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(reverse wavelength dispersion retardation film for optical polarizer plate in optical imaging device such as liquid crystal displays)  
RN 860033-10-9 CAPLUS  
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[4-[[4-[2-[[1-oxo-2-propenyl]oxy]ethoxy]benzoyl]oxy]phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 26 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



AB This invention provides quinolines of formula I (R1 = H or C1-C3 alkyl; X1 = a bond or an appropriate group to link R2 which is an optionally substituted heterocycle; X2 = a bond or CH2; R3 = optionally substituted Ph, naphthyl, or heterocycle; R4, R5, and R6 = H or F, R7 = H, C1-C4 alkyl, C1-C4 perfluoroalkyl, halogen, NO2, CN, optionally substituted phenyl) that are useful in the treatment or inhibition of LXR mediated diseases (no data). The LXR mediated diseases specifically claimed are, for example, atherosclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, dementia, diabetes, multiple sclerosis, and thyroiditis. Pharmaceutical compns. containing the compds. of the invention and synthetic procedures for preparing them are also claimed.  
IT 854771-05-4P, 4-[[4-[3-[3-Benzyl-8-(trifluoromethyl)quinolin-4-yl]phenoxy]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic Acid 854774-33-7P, 3-[[4-[3-[3-Benzyl-8-(trifluoromethyl)quinolin-4-yl]phenoxy]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid  
R1: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(drug candidate; preparation of quinolines useful in treating LXR (liver X receptor)-mediated diseases)  
RN 854771-05-4 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[3-[3-(phenylmethyl)-8-(trifluoromethyl)-4-quinolinyl]phenoxy]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 854774-33-7 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[4-[3-[3-(phenylmethyl)-8-(trifluoromethyl)-4-quinolinyl]phenoxy]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

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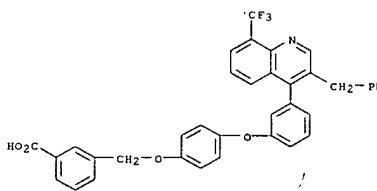
L6 ANSWER 26 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:527397 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:78096  
TITLE: Preparation of quinolines useful in treating LXR (liver X receptor)-mediated diseases  
INVENTOR(S): Collini, Michael D.; Singhaus, Robert R.; Hu, Baishua; Jetter, James W.; Morris, Robert L.; Kaufman, David H.; Miller, Christopher P.; Ullrich, John W.; Raymond J.; Wrobel, Jay E.; Quinet, Elaine; Nambi, Ponnal; Bernotas, Ronald C.; Elloso, Merle  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Wyeth, John, and Brother Ltd., USA  
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 169 pp.  
CODEN: USXXCO  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005131014	A1	20050616	US 2004-10236	20041210
AU 2004298486	A1	20050630	AU 2004-298486	20041210
CA 2547518	A1	20050630	CA 2004-2547518	20041210
WO 2005058834	A2	20050630	WO 2004-US41399	20041210

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VH, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
EP 1692111 A2 20060823 EP 2004-813688 20041210  
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, BA, HR, IS, YU  
CN 1914173 A 20070214 CN 2004-80041595 20041210  
BR 2004017543 A 20070327 BR 2004-17543 20041210  
JP 2007516258 T 20070621 JP 2006-544016 20041210  
IN 2006KN01443 A 20070504 IN 2006-KN1443 20060529  
NO 2006002561 A 20060908 NO 2006-2561 20060602  
MX 2006PA06533 A 20060731 MX 2006-PA6533 20060608  
KR 2007001922 A 20070104 KR 2006-714042 20060712  
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2003-529009P P 20031212  
US 2004-600296P P 20040810  
WO 2004-US41399 W 20041210

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 143:78096  
GI

L6 ANSWER 26 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
quinolinyl]phenoxy]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



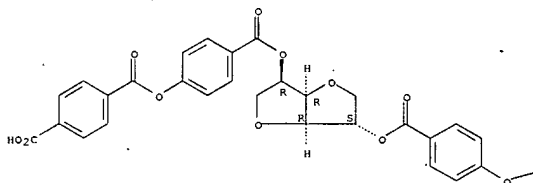
L6 ANSWER 27 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:487956 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:16612  
 TITLE: Optical element made from liquid crystal polymer, manufacture thereof, and liquid crystal display device  
 INVENTOR(S): Ishizaki, Takeshi  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dainippon Printing Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005148345	A	20050609	JP 2003-384702	20031114
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-384702	20031114

AB Disclosed is an optical element comprising a layer on a substrate, an area of which exhibits light scattering property, and which is made from a 3 dimensionally crosslinked liquid crystal polymer. Also disclosed are a process for forming said layer using a patterned photoresist and a liquid crystal display device having said optical element.  
 IT 852638-52-9D, derive, polymer with acrylic monomer  
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)  
 (optical element made from liquid crystal polymer for liquid crystal display device)  
 RN 852638-52-9 CAPLUS  
 CN D-Glucitol, 1,4:3,6-dianhydro-, bis[4-[(4-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]benzoate] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



L6 ANSWER 28 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:271766 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:482416  
 TITLE: Synthesis and properties of new alkylene-aromatic and aromatic polyesters with linear V- and T-shaped mesogenic groups in the backbone  
 AUTHOR(S): Dil'dina, E. V.; Bol'shakov, M. N.; Rudaya, L. I.; Klimova, N. V.; Yurre, T. A.; Ramsh, S. M.; Shamanin, V. V.; Skorokhodov, S. S.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: St. Petersburg Technological Institute (Technical University), St. Petersburg, 190013, Russia  
 SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A i Seriya B (2005), 47(2), 220-227  
 CODEN: VSSBEE; ISSN: 1023-3091  
 PUBLISHER: Izdatel'stvo Nauka  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Russian

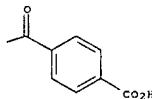
AB Based on 2,5- and 3,4-dihydroxy benzophenones, two nonlinear mesogenic sequences were prepared. The targeted synthesis of a series of polyesters with identical compns. and bearing T- and V-shaped mesogens with bulky photoactive substituents, benzoyl groups, was accomplished, and the properties of these polyesters were compared. Polyesters were synthesized with varying the length of arms, the value of the bend angle, the rigidity of the corner fragment, and the nature and length of flexible spacers connecting mesogens. It was shown that the introduction of a bulky substituent, a benzoyl group, does not hamper alkylene-aromatic polyester containing T-shaped mesogens from manifestation of the LC behavior.

Polymers with V-shaped mesogenic fragments and aliphatic spacers synthesized by similar methods did not exhibit the tendency toward transition to the mesomorphic state. If a polymethylene spacer was substituted by a di-Ph oxide one; i.e., the mesogenic sequence was completed to five rigid fragments, the wedging of the V-shaped mesogen did not prevent transition of the polymer to the mesomorphic state.

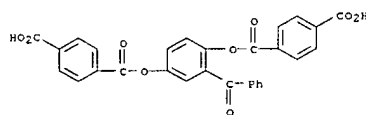
IT 852057-52-4P 852057-53-5P 852057-54-6P  
 852057-55-7P 852057-56-8P 852057-57-9P  
 852057-58-0P  
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (alkylene-aromatic and aromatic polyesters with linear mesogenic groups in backbone)  
 RN 852057-52-4 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 2-benzoyl-1,4-phenylene ester, polymer with 1,3-propanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1  
 CRN 524951-01-7  
 CMF C29 H18 O9

L6 ANSWER 27 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 PAGE 1-B



L6 ANSWER 28 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

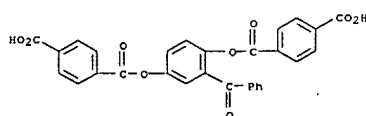


CM 2  
 CRN 504-63-2  
 CMF C3 H8 O2

HO-CH2-CH2-CH2-OH

RN 852057-53-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 2-benzoyl-1,4-phenylene ester, polymer with 1,6-hexanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1  
 CRN 524951-01-7  
 CMF C29 H18 O9



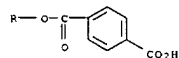
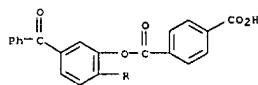
CM 2  
 CRN 629-11-8  
 CMF C6 H14 O2

HO-(CH2)6-OH

RN 852057-54-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-benzoyl-1,2-phenylene ester, polymer with 1,6-hexanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1  
 CRN 537712-38-2  
 CMF C29 H18 O9

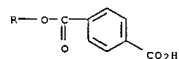
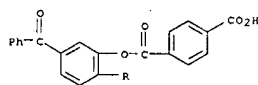
L6 ANSWER 28 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



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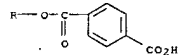
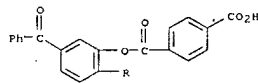
CRN 629-11-8  
CMF C6 H14 O2HO-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>-OHRN 852057-55-7 CAPLUS  
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-benzoyl-1,2-phenylene ester, polymer with 1,10-decanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

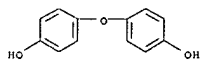
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CM 2

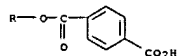
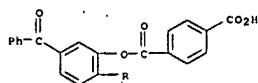
L6 ANSWER 28 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



CM 2

CRN 1965-09-9  
CMF C12 H10 O3RN 852057-58-0 CAPLUS  
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-benzoyl-1,2-phenylene ester, polymer with 1,3-propanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 537712-38-2  
CMF C29 H18 O9

CM 2

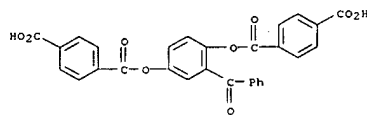
CRN 504-63-2  
CMF C3 H8 O2

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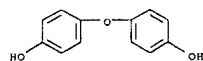
L6 ANSWER 28 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

CRN 112-47-0  
CMF C10 H22 O2HO-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>10</sub>-OHRN 852057-56-8 CAPLUS  
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 2-benzoyl-1,4-phenylene ester, polymer with 4,4'-oxybis(phenol) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 524951-01-7  
CMF C29 H18 O9

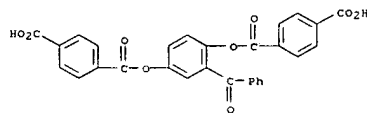
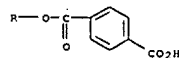
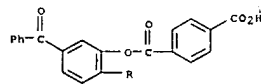
CM 2

CRN 1965-09-9  
CMF C12 H10 O3RN 852057-57-9 CAPLUS  
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-benzoyl-1,2-phenylene ester, polymer with 4,4'-oxybis(phenol) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 537712-38-2  
CMF C29 H18 O9

L6 ANSWER 28 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

HO-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OHIT 524951-01-7 537712-38-2  
RL: RCT (Reactant): RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(starting mesogenic monomer: alkylene-aromatic and aromatic polyesters with linear mesogenic groups in backbone)  
RN 524951-01-7 CAPLUS  
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 2-benzoyl-1,4-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)RN 537712-38-2 CAPLUS  
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-benzoyl-1,2-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 30 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1036192 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:40226  
TITLE: Benzophenone compound and ink composition including the same  
INVENTOR(S): Lee, Kyung-Hoon; Ryu, Seung-Min; Jung, Yeon-Kyoung  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd., S. Korea  
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 21 pp.  
CODEN: USXXCO  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004237836	A1	20041202	US 2004-851124	20040524
US 7164036	B2	20070116		
KR 2004101861	A	20041203	KR 2003-33837	20030527

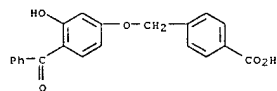
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: KR 2003-33837 A 20030527

AB The invention relates to a benzophenone compound, and an ink composition that includes the benzophenone compound can absorb UV light, and thus improve lightfastness of images produced with the ink composition containing the compound. Due to the function of the benzophenone compound as a lightfast dispersant, the dispersibility and the lightfastness of an ink composition are improved with the benzophenone compound, without requiring an addnl. lightfastness enhancer. An example of the compds. is 2-hydroxy-4-(4-carboxyphenyloxy)benzophenone which was synthesized.

IT 801321-18-6P, 2-Hydroxy-4-(4-carboxy)benzyloxybenzophenone  
RI: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation);

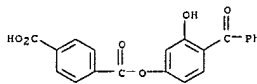
RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(manufacture of benzophenone compds. useful as lightfast dispersants for use in inks with good resistance to light)

RN 801321-18-6 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(4-benzoyl-3-hydroxyphenoxy)methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 801321-19-7, 2-Hydroxy-4-(4-carboxy)benzyloxybenzophenone  
RI: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(manufacture of benzophenone compds. useful as lightfast dispersants for use

L6 ANSWER 30 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
in inks with good resistance to light)  
RN 801321-19-7 CAPLUS  
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono(4-benzoyl-3-hydroxyphenyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



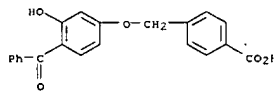
IT 804475-79-4P 804475-80-7P  
RI: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(oligomeric, lightfast dispersant; manufacture of benzophenone compds. useful as lightfast dispersants for use in inks with good resistance

to light)

RN 804475-79-4 CAPLUS  
CN Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, mono(4-[(4-benzoyl-3-hydroxyphenoxy)methyl]benzoate), triblock (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 801321-18-6  
CMF C21 H16 O5



CM 2

CRN 691397-13-4  
CMF (C3 H6 O . C2 H4 O)x  
CCI PMS

CM 3

CRN 75-56-9  
CMF C3 H6 O

L6 ANSWER 30 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



CM 4

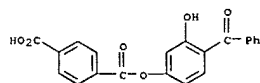
CRN 75-21-8  
CMF C2 H4 O



RN 804475-80-7 CAPLUS  
CN Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, mono(4-benzoyl-3-hydroxyphenyl 1,4-benzenedicarboxylate), triblock (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 801321-19-7  
CMF C21 H14 O6



CM 2

CRN 691397-13-4  
CMF (C3 H6 O . C2 H4 O)x  
CCI PMS

CM 3

CRN 75-56-9  
CMF C3 H6 O



CM 4

CRN 75-21-8  
CMF C2 H4 O

L6 ANSWER 30 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
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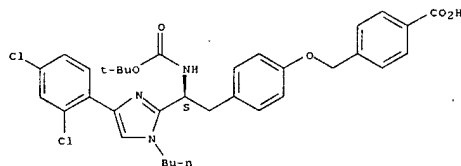


L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

imidazol-2-yl)-2-[[2-(naphthalen-1-yl)acetyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-16-3P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)cyclopentyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-18-5P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-methylpropionyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-20-9P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[phenylacetyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-22-1P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[2-(4-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)acetyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-24-3P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[4-(4-methoxyphenyl)butyryl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-25-4P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-26-5P 745833-27-6P 745833-28-7P 745833-29-8P 745833-31-2P 745833-32-3P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[4-(1H-indol-2-yl)butyryl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-33-4P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-(3-fluorobenzoylamino)ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-34-5P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-(3-cyanobenzoylamino)ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-35-6P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-(4-tert-Butylbenzoylamino)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-36-7P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-(3,4-difluorobenzoylamino)ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-37-8P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-(2-chloro-4-fluorobenzoylamino)ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-38-9P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-(4-phenoxybenzoylamino)ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-39-0P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-(4-Butoxybenzoylamino)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-40-3P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-41-4P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[isoquinolin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-42-5P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-(2-cyclopentylacetyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-43-6P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[cyclohexylcarbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-44-7P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[cyclopropylcarbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-45-8P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[cyclohexylcarbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-46-9P

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

Absolute stereochemistry.

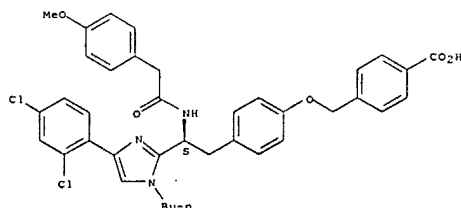


RN 745833-11-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid,

4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[4-(4-methoxyphenyl)cyclopentyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 745833-12-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid,

4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[4-(4-methoxyphenyl)cyclopentyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

yl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-45-8P 745833-46-9P 745833-47-0P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[3-cyclohexylpropionyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-48-1P 745833-49-2P 745833-50-5P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[cyclohexylacetyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-51-6P 745833-52-7P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[(4-tert-Butylbenzenesulfonyl)amino]-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-53-8P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[naphthalen-1-yl]sulfonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-54-9P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[4-methoxybenzenesulfonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-55-0P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[(4-tert-Butylbenzenesulfonyl)amino]-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-56-1P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[4-(4-carboxybenzyloxy)phenyl]ethyl]carbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester 745833-57-2P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[pyrrolidin-1-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-58-3P 745833-60-7P 745833-61-8P 745833-62-9P 745833-63-0P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-(4,4-dimethylpentanoylamino)ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-64-1P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-heptanoylamino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-65-2P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-(6-methylheptanoylamino)ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-66-3P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-(6,6-dimethylheptanoylamino)ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-67-4P 745833-71-0P 745833-73-2P 745833-78-7P 745833-81-2P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)oxazol-2-yl]-2-[[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)acetyl]amino]ethyl]-2-nitrophenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 745833-83-4P, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[4-(dimethylcarbamoyl)butyryl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 746657-96-5P 746657-97-6P 746657-98-7P 746657-99-8P 746658-00-4P 746658-01-5P 746658-02-6P 746658-03-7P 746658-04-8P 746658-06-0P 746658-07-1P 746658-08-2P 746658-09-3P 746658-10-6P

RI: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(PTPase inhibitor: prepn. of substituted imidazoles as PTPase inhibitors for treatment of diabetes and other PTPase mediated conditions)

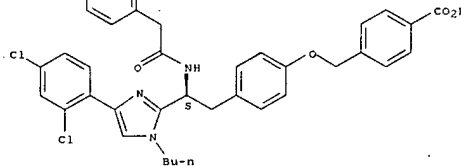
RN 745833-07-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid,

4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[1-(1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

Absolute stereochemistry.

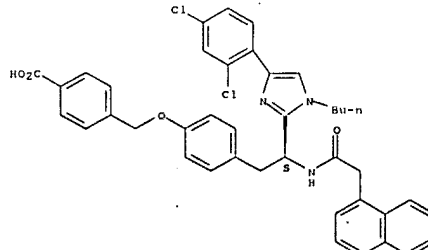


RN 745833-14-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid,

4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[1-(1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 745833-16-3 CAPLUS

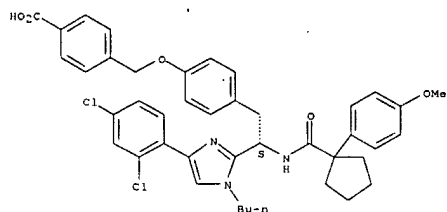
CN Benzoic acid,

4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[1-(4-methoxyphenyl)cyclopentyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

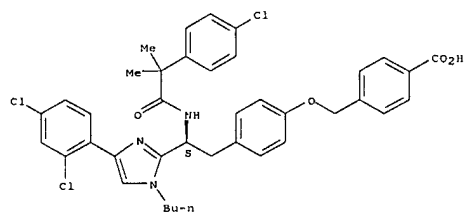


L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 745833-18-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-methyl-1-oxopropyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

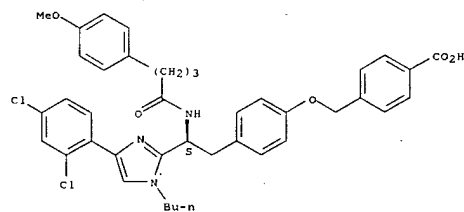
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 745833-20-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-methyl-1-oxopropyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

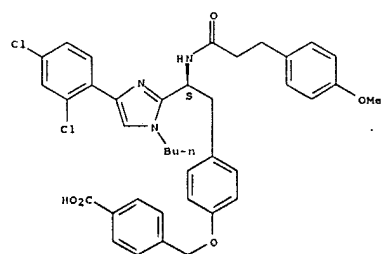
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 745833-25-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-methyl-1-oxopropyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

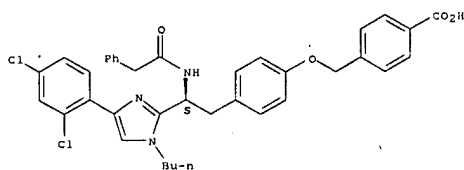
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 745833-26-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-methyl-1-oxopropyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

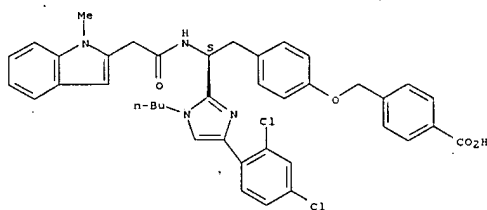
Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry unknown.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 745833-22-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-methyl-1-oxopropyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

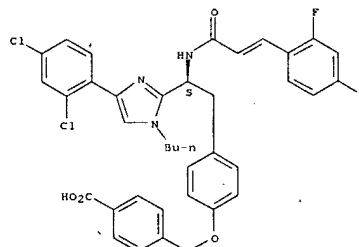
Absolute stereochemistry.



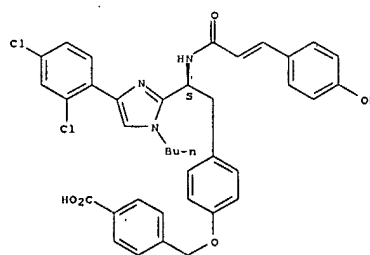
RN 745833-24-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-methyl-1-oxopropyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



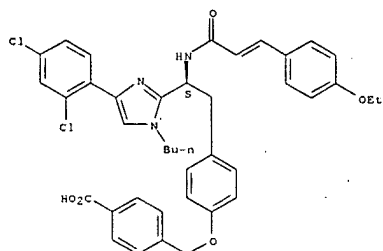
RN 745833-27-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-methyl-1-oxopropyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry unknown.

RN 745833-28-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-methyl-1-oxopropyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

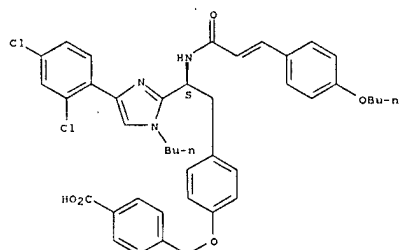
Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry unknown.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 745833-29-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[[3-(4-butoxyphenyl)-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]-2-  
 [1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

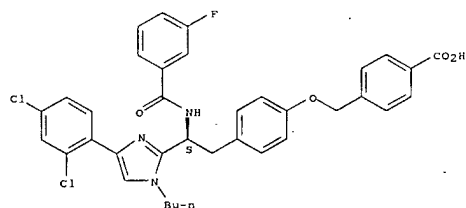
Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry unknown.



RN 745833-31-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[[3-(4-aminophenyl)-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]-2-  
 [1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-  
 monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

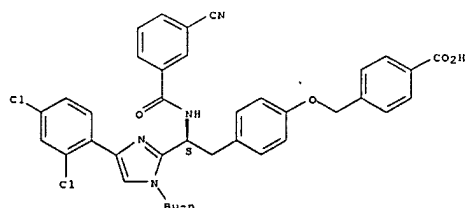
L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 745833-34-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-  
 yl]-2-[[3-(cyanobenzoyl)amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



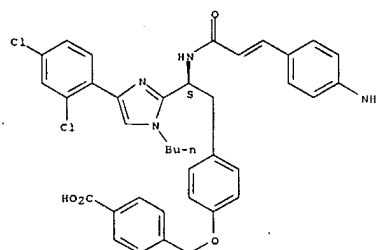
RN 745833-35-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-  
 yl]-2-[[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)benzoyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry unknown.

PAGE 1-A

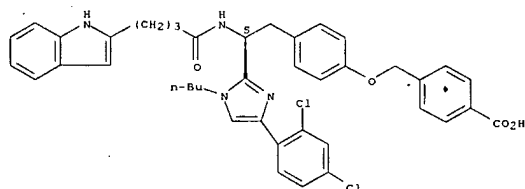


PAGE 2-A

● HCl

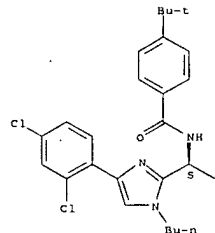
RN 745833-32-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-  
 yl]-2-[[4-(1H-indol-2-yl)-1-oxobutyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



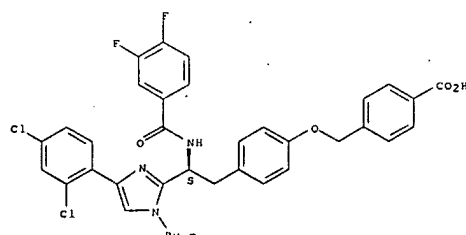
RN 745833-33-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-  
 yl]-2-[[3-(4-aminophenyl)-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 745833-36-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-  
 yl]-2-[[3-(4-difluorobenzoyl)amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

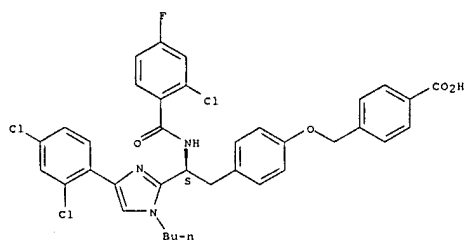
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 745833-37-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-  
 yl]-2-[[2-chloro-4-fluorobenzoyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

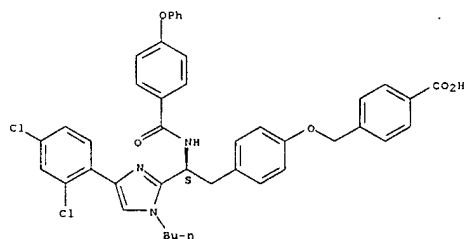
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 745833-38-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[(1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(4-phenoxybenzoyl)amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

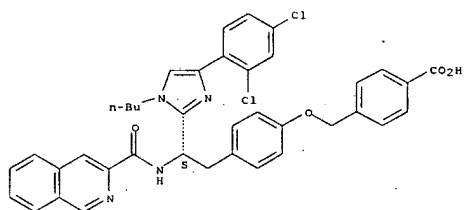
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 745833-39-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[(4-butoxybenzoyl)amino]-2-[(1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

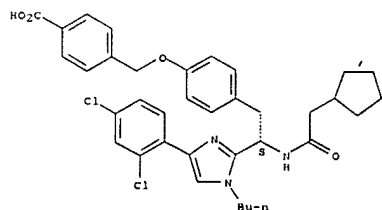
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 745833-42-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[(1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(cyclopentylacetyl)amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

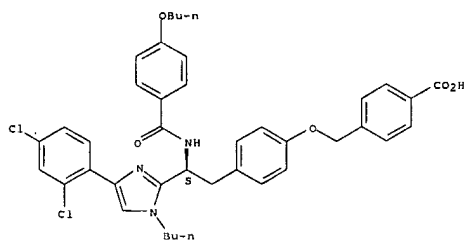
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 745833-43-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[(1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(cyclohexylcarbonyl)amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

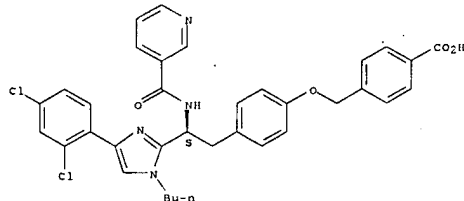
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 745833-40-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[(1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(3-pyridinylcarbonyl)amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

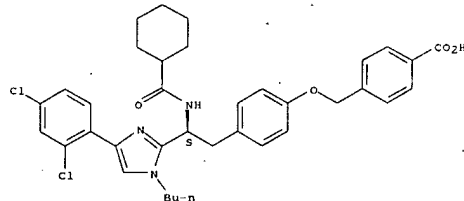
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 745833-41-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[(1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(3-isoquinolinylcarbonyl)amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

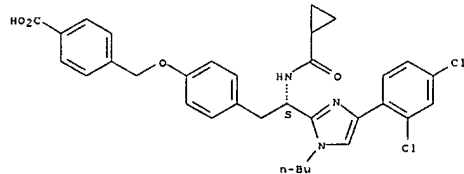
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 745833-44-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[(1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(cyclopropylcarbonyl)amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

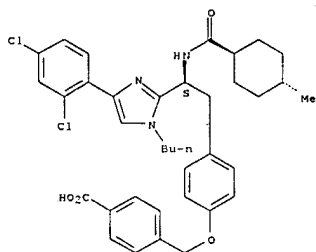
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 745833-45-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[(1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(trans-4-methylcyclohexylcarbonyl)amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

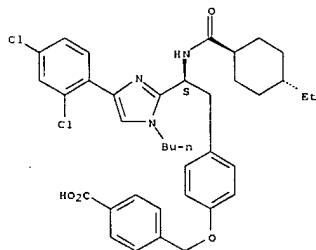
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 745833-46-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(trans-4-ethylcyclohexyl)carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

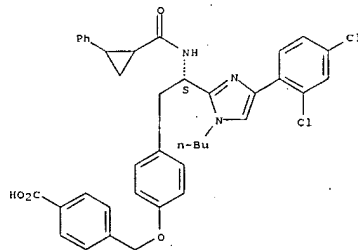
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 745833-47-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(3-cyclohexyl-1-oxopropyl)amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

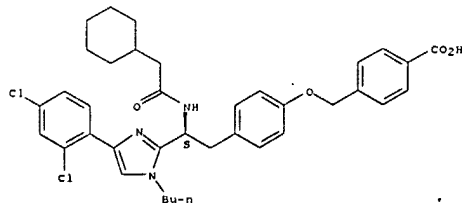
L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

Absolute stereochemistry.



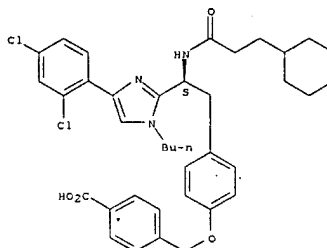
RN 745833-50-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(cyclohexylacetyl)amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



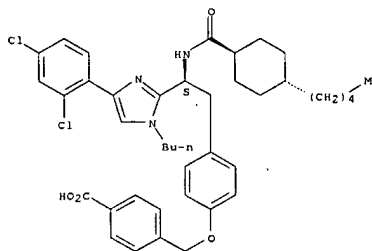
RN 745833-51-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 Absolute stereochemistry.

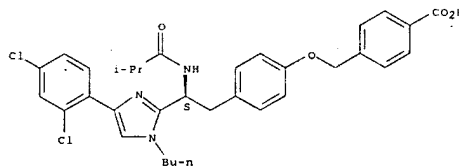
RN 745833-48-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(trans-4-pentylcyclohexyl)carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



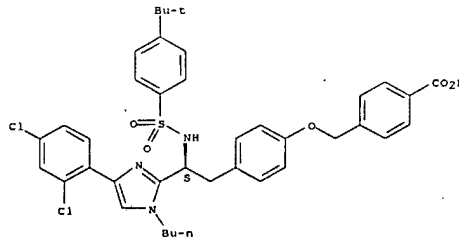
RN 745833-49-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(2-phenylcyclopropyl)carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 745833-52-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]sulfonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

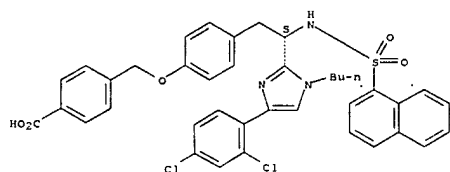
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 745833-53-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(1-naphthalenyl)sulfonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

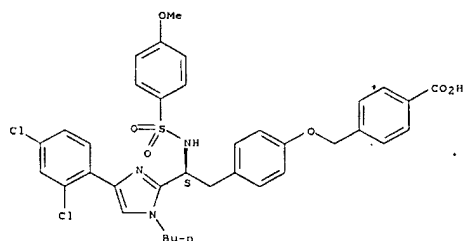
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 745833-54-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

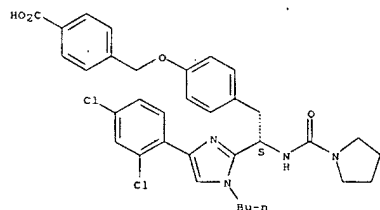
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 745833-55-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(4-butylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

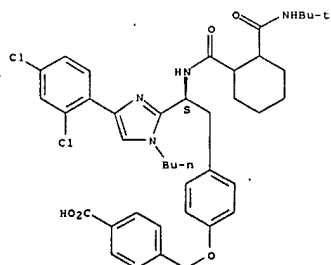
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 745833-58-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)amino]carbonyl]cyclohexyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

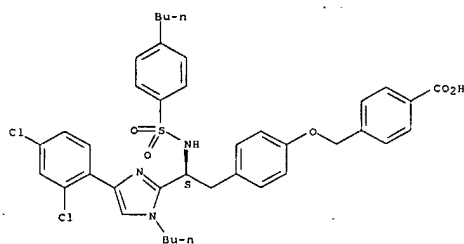
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 745833-60-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(trans-4-(aminomethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

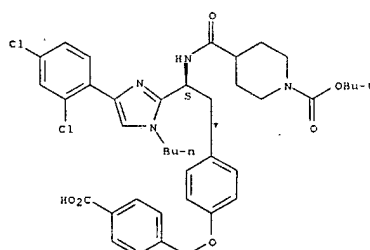
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 745833-56-1 CAPLUS  
 CN 1-Piperidinecarboxylic acid, 4-[[[(1S)-1-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]phenyl]ethyl]amino]carbon yl]-, 1-(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester (CA INDEX NAME)

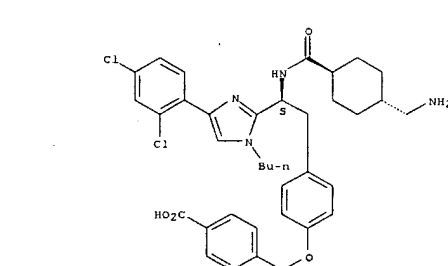
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 745833-57-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(1-pyrrolidinylcarbonyl)amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

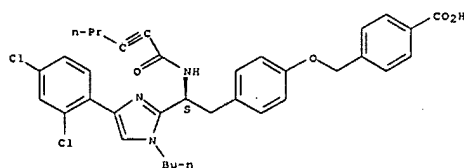


PAGE 1-A

● HCl

RN 745833-61-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(1-oxo-2-hexynyl)amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

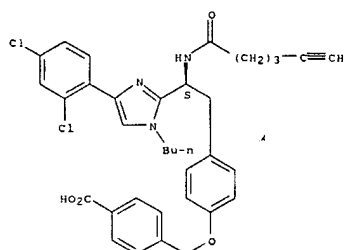
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 745833-62-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(1-oxo-5-hexynyl)amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

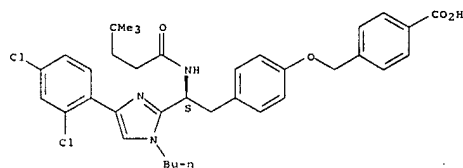
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 745833-63-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(4,4-dimethyl-1-oxopentyl)amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

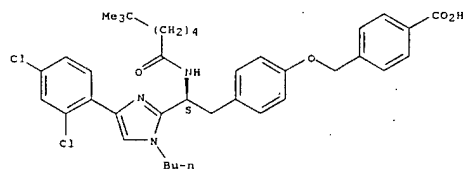
Absolute stereochemistry.



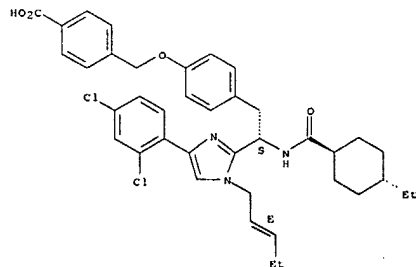
RN 745833-64-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(1-oxoheptyl)amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



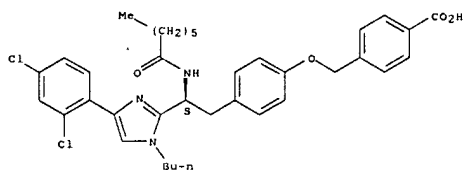
RN 745833-67-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1-(2E)-2-pentenyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(trans-4-ethylcyclohexyl)carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 745833-71-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-(2E)-2-butenyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(trans-4-ethylcyclohexyl)carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

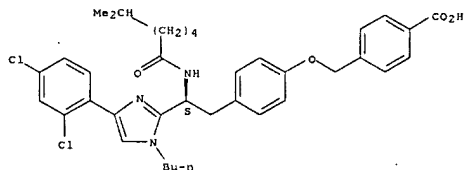
Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 745833-65-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(6-methyl-1-oxoheptyl)amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

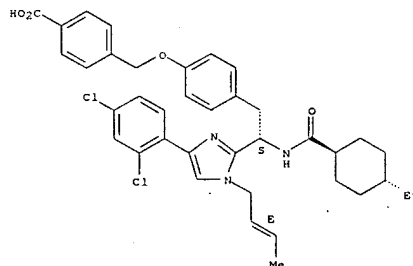
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 745833-66-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(6,6-dimethyl-1-oxoheptyl)amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

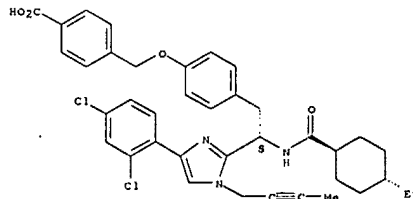
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 745833-73-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-(2-butynyl)-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[(trans-4-ethylcyclohexyl)carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

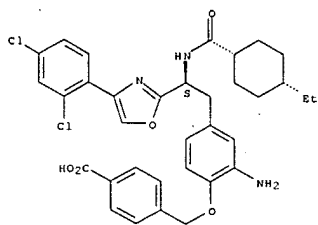
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 745833-78-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[2-amino-4-[(2S)-2-[4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-2-oxazolyl]-2-[(cis-4-ethylcyclohexyl)carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

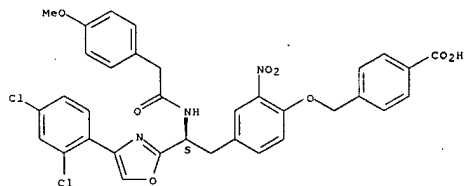
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 745833-81-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-2-oxazoyl]-2-[[4-methoxyphenyl]acetyl]amino]ethyl]-2-nitrophenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

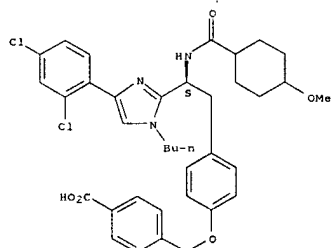


RN 745833-83-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[5-(dimethylamino)-1,5-dioxopentyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

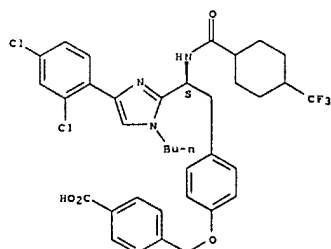
L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 746657-98-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

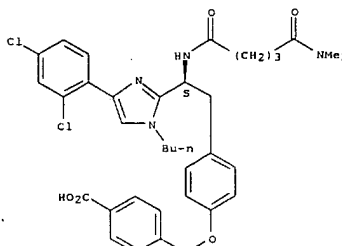


RN 746657-99-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[4-(hydroxycyclohexyl)carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

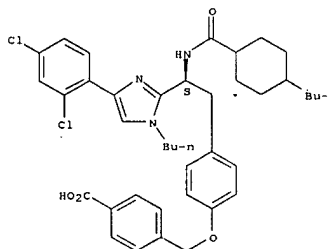
10518819.trn

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



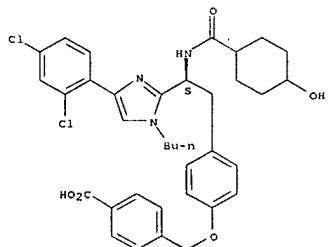
RN 746657-96-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[4-(dimethylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



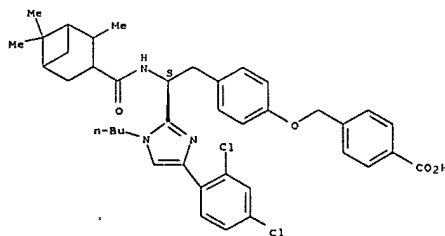
RN 746657-97-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[4-methoxycyclohexyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 746658-00-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[2,6,6-trimethylbicyclo[3.1.1]hept-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

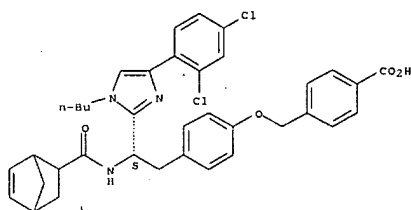
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 746658-01-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[(bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-2-ylcarbonyl]amino)-2-[1-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

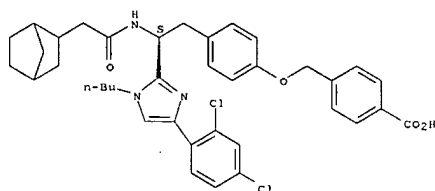
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 746658-02-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[(bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ylacetyl)amino]-2-[[n-butyl-4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-9Cl] (CA INDEX NAME).

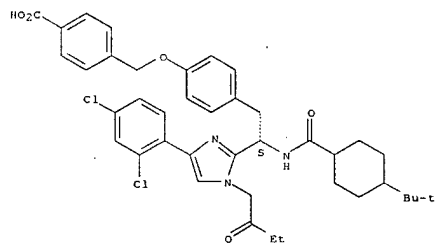
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 746658-03-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-9Cl] (CA INDEX NAME).

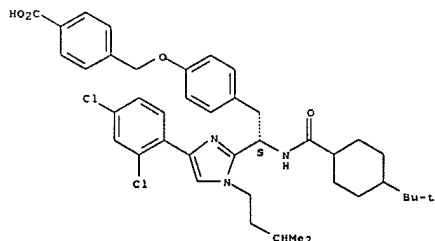
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 746658-07-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1-(3-methylbutyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-9Cl] (CA INDEX NAME).

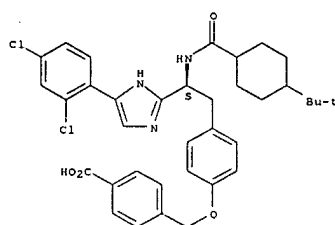
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 746658-08-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1-(3-hydroxypropyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-9Cl] (CA INDEX NAME).

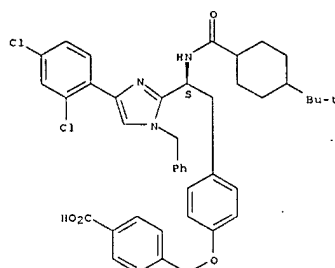
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 746658-04-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1-(phenylmethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-9Cl] (CA INDEX NAME).

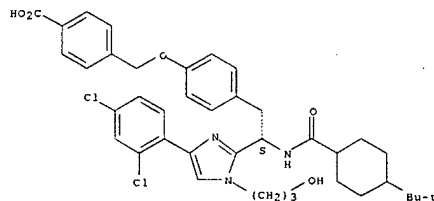
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 746658-06-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1-(2-oxobutyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-9Cl] (CA INDEX NAME).

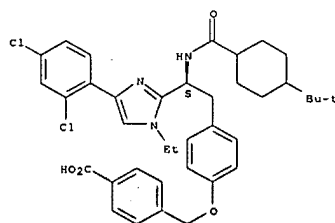
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 746658-09-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1-ethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-9Cl] (CA INDEX NAME).

Absolute stereochemistry.

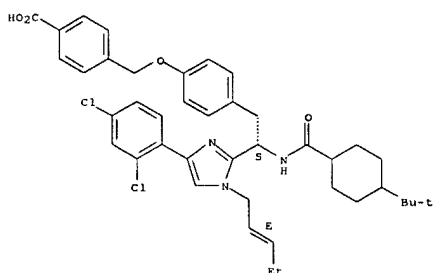


RN 746658-10-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2S)-2-[4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1-(2-pentenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-[[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-9Cl] (CA INDEX NAME).

Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry as shown.



L6 ANSWER 31 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



L6 ANSWER 32 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:701969 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:207209

TITLE: Preparation of substituted imidazoles as protein tyrosine phosphatase inhibitors for treatment of diabetes and other PTPase mediated conditions

INVENTOR(S): Mjallil, Adnan M. M.; Andrews, Robert C.; Yarragunta, Ravindra R.; Xie, Rongyuan; Subramanian, Govindan; Quada, James C., Jr.; Arimilli, Murthy N.; Poliseti, Dharma R.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Transtech Pharma Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 281 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

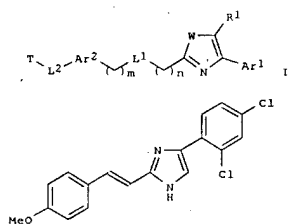
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004071447	A2	20040826	WO 2004-US4074	20040212
WO 2004071447	A3	20041223		
WO 2004071447	B1	20050310		
WO 2004071447	A9	20051013		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NG, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2004210711	A1	20040826	AU 2004-210711	20040212
CA 2514363	A1	20040826	CA 2004-2514363	20040212
US 2004192743	A1	20040930	US 2004-777488	20040212
EP 1594847	A2	20051116	EP 2004-710607	20040212
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
CN 1747936	A	20060315	CN 2004-80004085	20040212
JP 2006518738	T	20060817	JP 2006-503512	20040212
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				US 2003-446977P P 20030212
				WO 2004-US4074 W 20040212

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:207209

G1

L6 ANSWER 32 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



AB Title imidazoles and analogs I [wherein m, n = independently 0-2; W = O, S, NR2; R1 = H, halo, CN, alkyl, (hetero)aryl, heterocyclyl, etc.; R2 = H,

alkyl, (hetero)aryl(alkyl), heterocyclyl(alkyl), etc.; Ar1 = (un)substituted optionally fused (hetero)aryl; Ar2 = (un)substituted optionally fused (hetero)arylene; L1 = a bond, (un)substituted ethylene, NHCO, NH, NHSO2, etc.; L2 = CH2, O, alkylene, (hetero)arylene, etc.; T = H, (un)substituted (cyclo)alkyl, heterocyclyl, (hetero)aryl, etc.; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts, solvates, and prodrugs thereof] were prepared as inhibitors of protein tyrosine phosphatases (PTPases). For example, reaction of trans-4-methoxycinnamic acid with 2,4-dichlorophenyl bromide in the presence of DIEA in DMF gave the keto-ester (no data), which was treated with ammonium acetate in glacial AcOH to afford (E)-II (56%). Compds. of the invention inhibited PTP 1B activity with IC50 values ranging from about 0.01 μM to about 20 μM. Thus, I and pharmaceutical compns. comprising them may be useful for the management, treatment, control, and adjunct treatment of diseases mediated

by PTPase activity, such as Type I diabetes, Type II diabetes, immune dysfunction, AIDS, autoimmune diseases, glucose intolerance, obesity, cancer, psoriasis, allergic diseases, infectious diseases, inflammatory diseases, diseases involving the modulated synthesis and/or production of growth hormone or cytokines, of Alzheimer's disease (no data).

IT 744236-97-3P, 4-[[4-[[2-[[4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1-ethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-[E]-ethenyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 744236-98-4P, 3-[[4-[[2-[[4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1-ethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-[E]-ethenyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 744237-35-2P, 4-[[4-[[2-[[4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1-[[1-(naphthalen-1-yl)ethyl]carbamoyl]methyl]-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-[E]-ethenyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 744237-36-3P, 3-[[4-[[2-[[4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1-[[1-(naphthalen-1-yl)ethyl]carbamoyl]methyl]-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-[E]-ethenyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(PTPase inhibitor; preparation of substituted imidazoles as PTPase inhibitors for treatment of diabetes and other PTPase mediated conditions)

10518819.trn

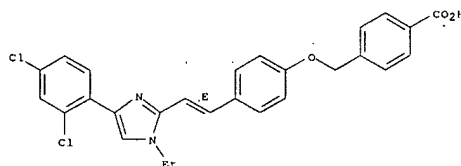
L6 ANSWER 32 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

RN 744236-97-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid,

4-[[4-[[1E]-2-[[4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1-ethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethenyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

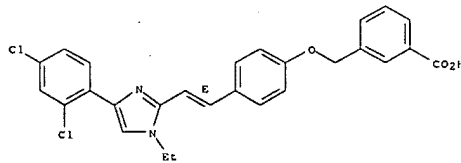


RN 744236-98-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid,

3-[[4-[[1E]-2-[[4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1-ethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethenyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

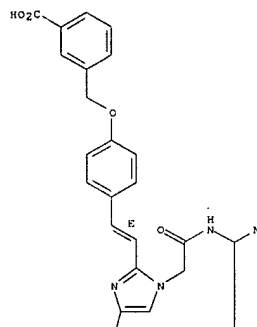


RN 744237-35-2 CAPLUS

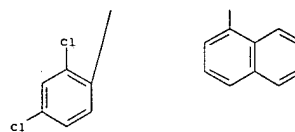
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[[1E]-2-[[4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1-[[1-(1-naphthalenyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethenyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

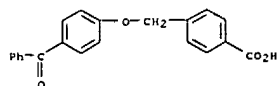


PAGE 2-A



Double bond geometry as shown.

LANGUAGE: English  
AB Quant. Structure Activity Relationships have been established for inhibitors of human steroid 5 $\alpha$ -reductase including 6-azasteroids and non-steroidal compds. From the applied descriptors, those related to the mol. geometry, electronic properties, and the electrostatic surface were derived from semi-empirical AM1 calcsn. A chemical reaction as part of the inhibitory action is indicated by the presence of the ionization potential in the descriptor space. Strong similarities between the variables for the prediction of the binding affinity to the type 1 and IC50 values for the type 2 isoform of the 5 $\alpha$ -reductase were observed. The most pronounced differences in the linear regression QSAR equations were found for the descriptors accounting for the hydrogen-bonding interaction, suggesting a different hydrogen-bonding pattern in the binding pocket of related isoforms. Furthermore, surface topol. indexes together with surface related descriptors point towards a lower content of aromatic amino acids in the binding site of the type 2 isoenzyme. Consequences for the design of new inhibitors are discussed.  
IT 777875-42-0  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)  
          (OSAR of human steroid 5 $\alpha$ -reductase inhibitors)  
RN 777875-42-0 CAPLUS  
CR Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-benzoylphenoxy)methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

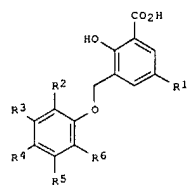


L6 ANSWER 34 of 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:565185 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:106267  
TITLE: Preparation of salicylic acid derivatives as ligands  
of adenine nucleotide translocase  
INVENTOR(S): Ghosh, Soumitra S.; Pei, Yacheng; Tang, Xiao-qing;  
Liras, Spiros J.; Ahljanien, Michael K.  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitokor, Inc., USA  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

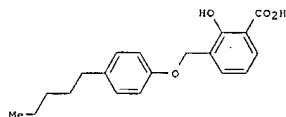
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	WO 2004058679	A2	20040715	WO 2003-US41211	20031219
	WO 2004058679	A3	20040826		
	M: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MU, MV, MW, MY, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	WM: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, CA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD				
TO	CA 2511178	A1	20040715	CA 2003-2511178	20031219
	AU 2003300358	A1	20040722	AU 2003-300358	20031219
	US 2004192740	A1	20040930	US 2003-741595	20031219
	US 6936638	B2	20050830		
	EP 1581472	A2	20051005	EP 2003-814376	20031219
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SI				
	JP 200317613	T	20031219	JP 2003-8143	20031219
	JP 2006511587	A	20060406	JP 2004-564036	20031219
	US 2006040093	A1	20060105	US 2005-146933	20060607
	MX 2005PA06798	A	20060639	MX 2005-PA6798	20060620
	US 2006194825	A1	20060831	US 2006-539575	20060203
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:				US 2002-435420P	P 20021220
				US 2003-741595	A1 20031220
				WO 2003-US41211	W 20031219

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:106267  
GI

L6 ANSWER 34 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



I



II

AB The title compds. I [R1 = H, halo, NO2, CN, (substituted)alkyl, alkoxy, (substituted)aryl, (substituted)heteroaryl; R2, R3, R5, R6 = H, halo, NO2, CN, (substituted)alkyl, alkoxy, OH, (substituted)aryl, (substituted)heteroaryl; R4 = H, halo, NO2, CN, (substituted)alkyl, (substituted)aryl, (substituted)heteroaryl, (substituted)heteroarylalkyl, etc; R4 and R5 or R5 and R6, taken together with the carbon atoms to

which they are attached, optionally form a (un)substituted homocycle) were prepared for use as ligands of adenine nucleotide translocase in the treatment of conditions associated with altered mitochondrial function.

For example, compound II was prepared from 3-methylsalicylic acid in a multi-step synthesis. All the compds. in this invention showed satisfied bioactivity in the ANT ligand binding assay.

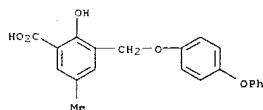
IT 721447-20-7P 721447-24-1P 721447-43-4P

721448-54-0P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(Preparation of salicylic acid derivs. as ligands of adenine nucleotide translocase)

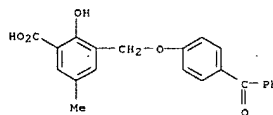
L6 ANSWER 34 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



L6 ANSWER 34 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

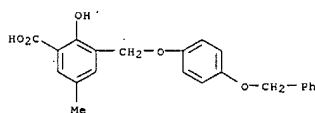
RN 721447-20-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-[(4-benzoyloxy)phenyl]-2-hydroxy-5-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



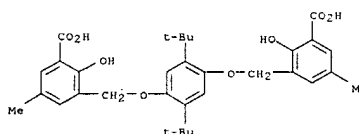
RN 721447-24-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-5-methyl-3-[[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 721447-43-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[[2,5-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1,4-phenylene]bis(oxy)methylene]bis[2-hydroxy-5-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 721448-54-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-5-methyl-3-[(4-phenoxyphenoxy)methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 35 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:467875 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:23525

TITLE: Preparation of isoxazole derivs. as farnesoid x

INVENTOR(S): receptor agonists

Boggs, Sharon D.; Collins, Jon L.; Hyatt, Stephen M.;

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Maloney, Patrick R. Smithkline Beecham Corporation, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 124 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

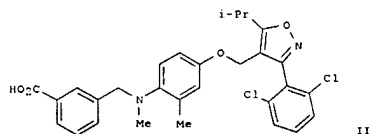
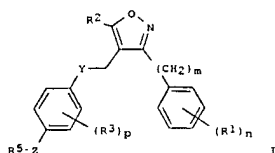
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004048349	A1	20040610	WO 2003-US35808	20031112
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RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2003290700	A1	20040618	AU 2003-290700	20031112
EP 1562915	A1	20050817	EP 2003-783282	20031112
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
JP 2006515838	T	20060608	JP 2004-555406	20031112
US 2006258725	A1	20061116	US 2005-535228	20050517
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
WO 2003-US35808				W 20031112

OTHER SOURCE(S): HARPAT 141:23525

GI

L6 ANSWER 35 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



AB The title compds. I [R1 = halo, alkyl, alkenyl, cyano, etc.; R2 = alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, etc.; Y = -O-, -N(R7)-; R3 = halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, etc.; Z = -OR4-,

-R4O-, -S(O)qR4-, -R4S(O)q-, etc.; R4 = alkylene or alkenylene; R5 = R6O-, R6O2C-, and (R9)r-A-, where A = aryl, or 5-12 membered heterocycle or heteroaryl; R6 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl; R7 = H, or alkyl; R9 = halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, etc.; m = 0-3; n = 1-5; p = 0-4; r = 0-4] were prepared as as farnesoid x receptor agonists

for the treatment or prevention of FXR mediated diseases or conditions, including cardiovascular disease and atherosclerosis (no data). For example, reaction of N-(4-([3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-5-isopropylisoxazol-4-yl)methoxy]-2-methylphenyl)-N-methylamine (preparation given) with Me 3-(bromomethyl)benzoate, followed by treatment of aqueous lithium hydroxide

furnished compound II. The latter displayed activity against human farnesoid x receptor alpha with pEC50 value > 7.

IT 700835-78-5P 700835-79-6P 700835-80-9P

RI: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(Preparation of isoxazole deriva. as farnesoid x receptor agonists)

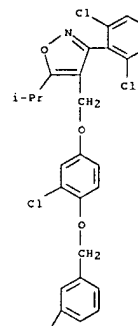
RN 700835-78-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid,

3-[[2-chloro-4-[[3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-5-(1-methylethyl)-4-

L6 ANSWER 35 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
isoxazolyl]methoxy]phenoxy)methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



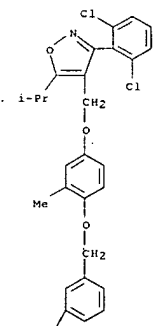
PAGE 2-A



RN 700835-79-6 CAPLUS  
CH Benzoic acid, 3-[[4-[[3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-5-(1-methylethyl)-4-isoxazolyl]methoxy]-2-methylphenoxy)methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 35 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

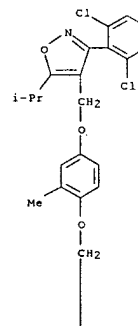


RN 700835-80-9 CAPLUS

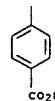
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[[3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-5-(1-methylethyl)-4-isoxazolyl]methoxy]-2-methylphenoxy)methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 35 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



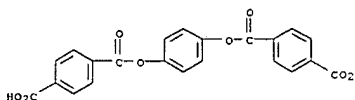
PAGE 2-A



REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 36 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:342029 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:54868  
 TITLE: Hydrodynamic, optical, and conformational properties of an aromatic polyester containing a nonlinear T-shaped mesogenic fragment in the backbone  
 AUTHOR(S): Andreeva, L. N.; Bushin, S. V.; Belyayeva, E. V.; Bezrukova, M. A.; Bol'shakov, M. N.; Klimova, N. V.; Rudaya, L. I.; Yurre, T. A.; Shamanin, V. V.; Skorokhodov, S. S.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Vysokomol. Soedinenii, Ross. Akad. Nauk, St. Petersburg, 199004, Russia  
 SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A i Seriya B (2004), 46(3), 510-520  
 CODEN: VSSBEE; ISSN: 1023-3091  
 PUBLISHER: MAIK Nauka/Interperiodica Publishing  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Russian  
 AB A thermotropic mesogenic aromatic polyester with a nonlinear T-shaped structure of the rigid fragment related to the presence of a benzoyl substituent was synthesized. Intervals of LC phase existence in bulk as dependent on the polymer mol. mass were determined: for polyester fractions in dioxane, intrinsic viscosities  $[\eta]$ , translational diffusion coeffs.  $D$ , and optical shear coeffs. were estimated. Thermol. masses of fractions  
 MnD  $= (2.4-13.4) \times 10^3$  were calculated from  $[\eta]$  and  $D$  values using the hydrodynamic invariant  $A_0 = 3.2 \times 10^{-10}$  erg/K. The hydrodynamic behavior of macromols. was described within the framework of the draining wormlike coil model. The Kuhn segment length  $A = 35 \times 10^{-8}$  cm was evaluated from dynamic measurements. A difference in the polarizabilities of the monomer unit a.dblvert.al derived from dynamo-optical and hydrodynamic expts. agrees with its structure. The conformational properties of the polyester of interest were analyzed in terms of the flexibility additivity concept. It was shown that the introduction of the benzoyl substituent into the mesogenic fragment leads to a reduction in the conjugation energy and disturbs the coplanarity of an ester group.  
 IT 2225-00-5  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (monomer synthesis: aromatic polyester containing nonlinear T-shaped mesogenic fragment in backbone)  
 RN 2225-00-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,4-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

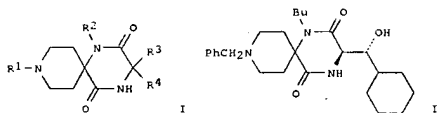
L6 ANSWER 36 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



L6 ANSWER 37 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:267336 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:303699  
 TITLE: Preparation of triazaspiro[5.5]undecane derivatives  
 AS chemokine receptor CCR5 antagonists and drugs comprising the same as the active ingredients  
 INVENTOR(S): Takeoka, Yoshikazu; Nishizawa, Rena; Shibayama, Shiro  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sagawa, Kenji; Matsuo, Masayoshi  
 SOURCE: Ono Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan  
 PCT Int. Appl., 288 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004026873	A1	20040401	WO 2003-JP11834	20030917
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, HD, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CH, GM, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
CA 2497903	A1	20040401	CA 2003-2497903	20030917
AU 2003272879	A1	20040408	AU 2003-272879	20030917
EP 1541574	A1	20050615	EP 2003-753933	20030917
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FY, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK			
BR 2003014304	A	20050726	BR 2003-14304	20030917
CH 1688577	A	20051026	CH 2003-824386	20030917
MX 2005PA02771	A	20050606	MX 2005-PA2771	20050311
US 2005257114	A1	20051201	US 2005-527435	20050311
NO 2005001379	A	20050617	NO 2005-1379	20050316
ZA 2005002222	A	20050930	ZA 2005-2222	20050316
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-270849	A 20020918
			WO 2003-JP11834	W 20030917
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 140:303699		
GI				

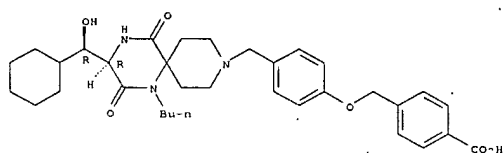
L6 ANSWER 37 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



AB The title compds. [I; R1 = (a) each (un)substituted and partially or completely saturated C3-15 mono-, di-, or tricyclobicyclic aryl or 3- to 15-membered mono-, di-, or triheterocyclic aryl latter containing heteroatoms selected from 1-4 N atoms, 1 or 2 O atoms, and/or 1 or 2 S atoms, or (b) C1-8 alkyl, C2-4 alkenyl, or C2-4 alkynyl each substituted by 1-3 substituents selected from each (un)substituted HO, acyl, NH2, CONH2, acylamino, sulfonylamino, -NH, and -NOH; R2 = H, C1-8 alkyl, C2-8 alkenyl, C2-8 alkynyl, C2-8 alkynyl, each (un)substituted Ph, pyridinyl, or C3-8 cycloalkyl, group (b); R3, R4 = (i) H, C1-8 alkyl, C2-8 alkenyl, C2-8 alkynyl, or (ii) C1-8 alkyl, C2-8 alkenyl, or C2-8 alkynyl each substituted by 1-5 substituents selected from group (a), HO, and tetrahydropyran-4-ylidene], quaternary ammonium salts, N-oxides, or salts thereof are prepared. These compds. are useful in preventing and/or treating various inflammatory diseases (asthma, nephritis, nephropathy, hepatitis, arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, rhinitis, conjunctivitis, ulcerative colitis, etc.), immune diseases (autoimmune disease, transplant rejection, immune suppression, psoriasis, multiple sclerosis, etc.), infection with human immunodeficiency virus (acquired immune deficiency syndrome), allergic diseases (atopic dermatitis, urticaria, allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis, allergic eosinophilic gastroenteritis, etc.), ischemic reperfusion injury, acute respiratory distress syndrome, shock accompanying bacterial infection, diabetes, cancer metastasis, etc. (no data). They are improved in bioavailability when administered orally, metabolic stability, liver or systemic clearance, or affinity for chemokine receptor CCR compared to prior art compds. and exhibit very low toxicity. Thus, 1-benzyl-4-piperidone, (2R,3R)-2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-cyclohexyl-3-hydroxypropanoic acid, n-butylamine, and 2-(morpholin-4-yl)ethyl isocyanide were stirred in MeOH at 50° overnight to give, after workup, 1-benzyl-4-[2-(morpholin-4-yl)ethylaminocarbonyl]-4-[N-butyl-N-[(2R,3R)-2-amino-3-hydroxy-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl]aminopiperidine which was stirred in AcOH at 70° for 1 h to give, after workup, (3R)-1-butyl-2,5-dioxo-3-[(1R)-1-hydroxy-1-cyclohexylmethyl]-5-phenylmethyl-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undecane (II). A tablet and an ampule formulation containing specific compound I were described.  
 IT 676450-17-2P 676450-98-9P  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of triazaspiro[5.5]undecane derivs. as chemokine receptor CCR5 antagonists and drugs)

L6 ANSWER 37 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 RN 676450-17-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl)methyl]phenoxy]methyl]-monohydrochloride (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

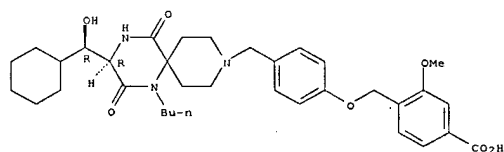
Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

RN 676450-98-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl)methyl]phenoxy]methyl]-3-methoxy-monohydrochloride (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

REFERENCE COUNT: 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR  
 THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
 FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 38 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

L6 ANSWER 39 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:189168 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:399338  
 TITLE: Discovery of novel heteroaryl-substituted chalcones as

AUTHOR(S):

inhibitors of TNF- $\alpha$ -induced VCAM-1 expression  
 Meng, Charles Q.; Zheng, X. Sharon; Ni, Liming; Ye, Zhihong; Simpson, Jacob E.; Worsenroff, Kimberly J.; Hotema, Martha R.; Weingarten, M. David; Skudlarek, Jason W.; Gilmore, Joshua M.; Hoong, Lee K.; Hill, Russell R.; Marino, Elaine M.; Suen, Ki-Ling; Kunsch, Charles; Wasserman, Martin A.; Sikorski, James A. AtheroGenics, Inc., Alpharetta, GA, 30004, USA  
 SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2004), 14(6), 1513-1517  
 CODEN: BNCLB; ISSN: 0960-894X

CORPORATE SOURCE:  
 SOURCE:

PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

OTHER SOURCE(S):

AB Novel chalcone derivs. have been discovered as potent inhibitors of TNF- $\alpha$ -induced VCAM-1 expression. Thienyl or benzothienyl substitution at the meta-position of ring B helps boost potency while large substitution at the para-position on ring B is detrimental.

Various

substitutions are tolerated on ring A. A lipophilicity-potency relationship has been observed in several sub-series of compds.

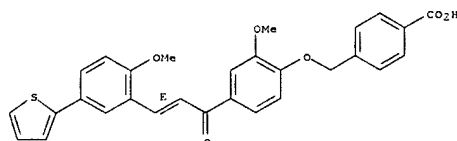
IT 690666-01-4

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (discovery and structure-activity relationship of novel heteroaryl-substituted chalcones as inhibitors of TNF- $\alpha$ -induced VCAM-1 expression)

RN 690666-01-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[2-methoxy-4-[(2E)-3-[2-methoxy-5-(2-thienyl)phenyl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



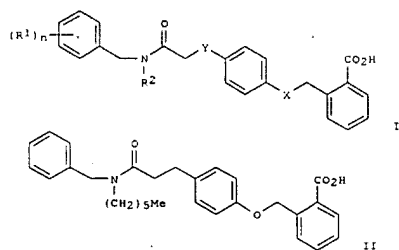
REFERENCE COUNT: 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR  
 THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
 FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 39 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:2838 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:41910  
 TITLE: Preparation of ortho-substituted benzoic acid derivatives for the treatment of insulin resistance  
 Li, Lenna  
 INVENTOR(S): AstraZeneca Ab, Swed.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PCT Int. Appl., 60 pp.  
 SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004000790	A1	20031231	WO 2003-GB2584	20030617
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RM: CH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2489834	A1	20031231	CA 2003-2489834	20030617
CA 2489834	C	20061003		
AU 2003240099	A1	20040106	AU 2003-240099	20030617
AU 2003240099	B2	20070201		
BR 2003011932	A	20050322	BR 2003-11932	20030617
EP 1517883	A1	20050330	EP 2003-732713	20030617
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
CN 1675171	A	20050928	CN 2003-819474	20030617
JP 2005529970	T	20051006	JP 2004-515007	20030617
JP 3782818	B2	20060607		
NO 2004005353	A	20050120	NO 2004-5353	20041207
IN 20040403904	A	20070427	IN 2004-DN3904	20041209
US 2005256198	A1	20051117	US 2004-518007	20041214
MX 2004PA12686	A	20050323	MX 2004-PA12686	20041215
ZA 2004010161	A	20051020	ZA 2004-10161	20041215
JP 2006182782	A	20060713	JP 2006-19068	20060127
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			SE 2002-1935	A 20020620
			SE 2002-3826	A 20021220
			JP 2004-515007	A3 20030617
			WO 2003-GB2584	W 20030617

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:41910  
 GI

L6 ANSWER 39 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN (Continued)

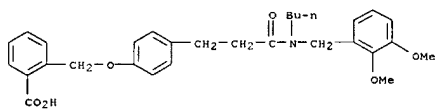


AB Title compds. I [n = 0-2; R1 = halo, alkyl, alkoxy, etc.; R2 = alkyl; Y = absent, CH2; X = O, S] are prepared. For instance, N-benzyl-N-hexyl-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propanamide (preparation given) is reacted with Me 2-(bromomethyl)benzoate (CH3CN, K2CO3, 66°) and the product saponified (THF/H2O, LiOH, microwave, 120°, 40 min) to give II. Example compds. have EC50 < 50 μmol/L for PPAR-α. I are useful for treating clin. conditions associated with insulin resistance.

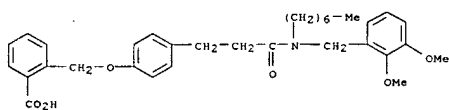
IT 637014-98-3P, 2-[[4-[3-(benzyl(hexyl)amino)-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637015-05-5P, 2-[[4-[2-(benzyl(hexyl)amino)-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637015-07-7P, 2-[[4-[2-[(2,4-difluorobenzyl)(heptylamino)-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637015-10-2P, 2-[[4-[3-[(2,4-difluorobenzyl)(heptylamino)-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637015-18-0P, 2-[[4-[3-[butyl(2,3-dimethoxybenzyl)amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637015-22-6P, 2-[[4-[3-[(2,3-dimethoxybenzyl)(heptylamino)-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637015-26-0P, 2-[[4-[3-[(3-ethoxypropyl)(4-isopropylbenzyl)amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637015-30-6P, 2-[[4-[3-[(2,4-difluorobenzyl)(propylamino)-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637015-33-9P, 2-[[4-[2-(ethyl(2-fluorobenzyl)amino)-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637015-36-2P, 2-[[4-[3-[ethyl(2-fluorobenzyl)amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid  
 RI: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (ortho-substituted benzoic acid derivs. for treatment of insulin resistance)

RN 637014-98-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-(hexyl(phenylmethyl)amino)-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

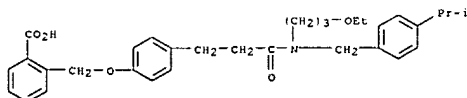
L6 ANSWER 39 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN (Continued)



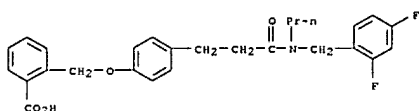
RN 637015-22-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-[[2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)methyl]heptylamino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 637015-26-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-[(3-ethoxypropyl)[(4-(1-methylethyl)phenyl)methyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

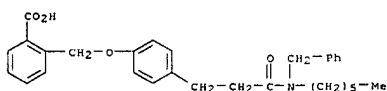


RN 637015-30-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-[[2,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]propylamino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

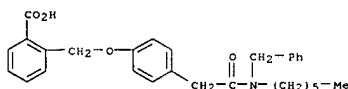


RN 637015-33-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

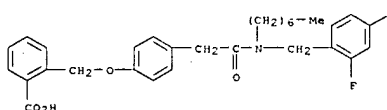
L6 ANSWER 39 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN (Continued)



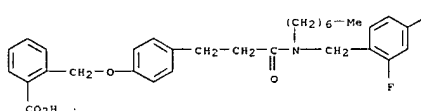
RN 637015-05-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[2-(hexyl(phenylmethyl)amino)-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 637015-07-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[2-[(2,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]heptylamino]-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

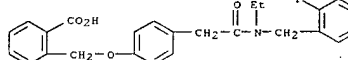


RN 637015-10-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-[[2,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]heptylamino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

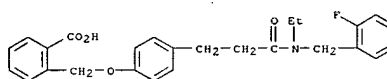


RN 637015-18-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-[butyl(2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)methyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 39 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN (Continued)



RN 637015-36-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-[ethyl(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



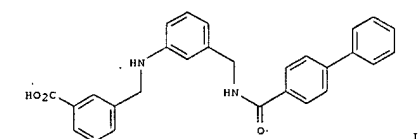
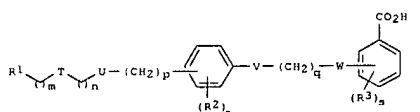
REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

L6 ANSWER 40 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:2679 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:76898  
 TITLE: Preparation of benzoic acid derivatives as modulators of PPAR- $\alpha$  and PPAR- $\gamma$   
 INVENTOR(S): Li, Lanna  
 PATENT ASSIGNER(S): AstraZeneca AB, Swed.; AstraZeneca UK Limited  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 101 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004000295	A1	20031231	WO 2003-GB2598	20030617
W: AR, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2490687	A1	20031231	CA 2003-2490687	20030617
AU 2003240101	A1	20040106	AU 2003-240101	20030617
BR 2003011840	A	20050315	BR 2003-11840	20030617
EP 1517680	A1	20050330	EP 2003-732715	20030617
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
CN 1662230	A	20050831	CN 2003-814319	20030617
JP 2006502105	T	20060119	JP 2004-515010	20030617
NZ 536972	A	20060630	NZ 2003-536972	20030617
NO 200405222	A	20050119	NO 2004-5222	20041129
ZA 2004009690	A	20051011	ZA 2004-9690	20041130
IN 2004DN03844	A	20070427	IN 2004-DN3844	20041203
MX 2004PA12694	A	20050323	MX 2004-PA12694	20041215
US 2005267149	A1	20051201	US 2004-518819	20041220
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			SE 2002-1937	A 20020620
			WO 2003-GB2598	W 20030617

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:76898  
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L6 ANSWER 40 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



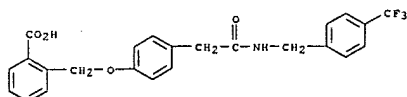
AB Title compds. I (R1 = (un)substituted aryl, alkyl, acyl, etc.; (CH2)m-T-(CH2)n-U-(CH2)p = attached at either the meta or para position (to V) and is O(CH2)2, O(CH2)3, etc.; V = O, S, amino, single bond; q = 1-3; W = O, S, amido, single bond; R2 = halo, alkyl, alkoxy, etc.; r = 0-3; R3 = halo, alkyl, alkoxy, etc.; s = 0-3; with some provisions] are prepared. For instance, tert-Bu [3-[[[1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl]carbonyl]amino]methyl]phenyl]carbamate (preparation given) is deprotected (CH2Cl2, TFA) and alkylated with 3-carboxybenzaldehyde (HOAc, NaBH4) to give II. Compds. of the invention have an EC50 < 50nmol/L for PPAR- $\alpha$  and PPAR- $\gamma$ . I are useful in treating clin. conditions associated with insulin resistance.

IT 637358-31-7P, 2-[[4-[[2-oxo-2-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637358-44-2P, 2-[[4-[[3-[[2-[[3,4-dimethoxyphenyl]ethyl]methyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637358-47-5P, 2-[[4-[[2-[[[4-methyl-2-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,3-thiazol-5-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637358-49-7P

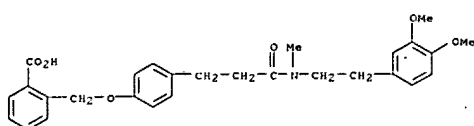
2-[[4-[[2-[[[2,4-difluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637358-51-1P, 2-[[4-[[2-[[[2-methyl-5-phenylfuran-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637358-53-3P, 2-[[4-[[2-[[[benzylsulfonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637358-56-6P, 2-[[4-[[2-[[benzyl(hexyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-fluorophenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637358-59-9P, 2-[[4-[[2-[[benzyl(hexyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-methoxyphenoxy]methyl]benzoic

L6 ANSWER 40 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 acid 637358-62-4P, 2-[[4-[[3-[[1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637358-66-8P, 2-[[4-[[2-[[4-[[1H-imidazo-1-yl]phenoxy]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637358-70-4P, 2-[[4-[[2-[[4-[[methylsulfonyl]oxy]phenoxy]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637358-79-3P, 2-[[4-[[3-[[4-(benzyloxy)phenoxy]propyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637358-82-8P, 2-[[4-[[3-[[4-[[methylsulfonyl]oxy]phenoxy]propyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637358-83-9P, 2-[[4-[[3-[[4-hydroxyphenoxy]propyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637358-86-2P, 2-[[4-[[3-[[2-[[2-ethoxyphenyl]ethyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637358-89-5P, 2-[[4-[[3-[[ethyl-2-(pyridin-2-yl)ethyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637358-98-6P, 2-[[4-[[2-[[heptyl-2-(2-methoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637359-01-4P, 2-[[4-[[2-[[2-[[4-chlorophenyl]ethyl]heptyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637359-04-7P, 2-[[4-[[2-[[heptyl-2-phenylethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid 637359-07-0P, 2-[[4-[[2-[[ethyl-2-(fluorobenzyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (Prepn. of benzoic acid derivs. as modulators of PPAR- $\alpha$  and PPAR- $\gamma$ )

RN 637358-31-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-oxo-2-[[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



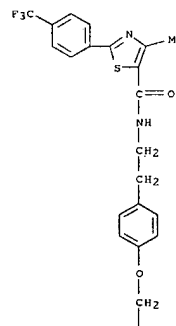
RN 637358-44-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[3-[[2-[[3,4-dimethoxyphenyl]ethyl]methyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 637358-47-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-[[[4-methyl-2-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-5-thiazolyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 40 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

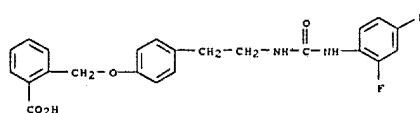
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

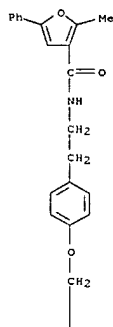


RN 637358-49-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-[[[2,4-difluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 637358-51-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-[[[2-methyl-5-phenylfuran-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

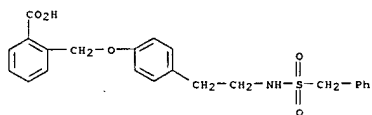




PAGE 2-A

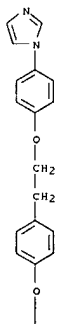


RN 637358-53-3 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid,  
2-[[[4-[2-[[[phenylmethyl)sulfonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl  
]- (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 40 OF 151 CAPIUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

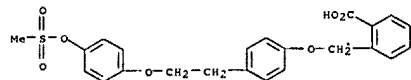
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



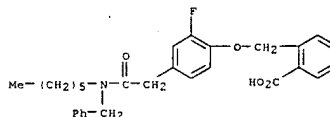
RN 637358-70-4 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid,  
2-[[4-[2-[4-[(methylsulfonyl)oxy]phenoxy]ethyl]phenoxy]methy  
1]- (CA INDEX NAME)



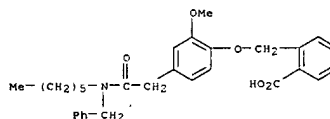
RN 637358-79-3 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-(3-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenoxy]propyl)phenoxy]methyl]-  
(CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 40 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

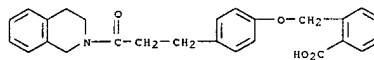
637358-56-6 CAPLUS  
Benzoic acid, 2-[[2-fluoro-4-[2-[hexyl(phenylmethyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy)methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 637358-59-9 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[2-[hexyl(phenylmethyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl]-2-methoxyphenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



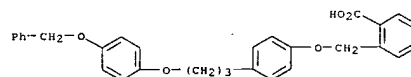
RN 637358-62-4 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-(3,4-dihydro-2(1H)-isoquinolinyl)-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



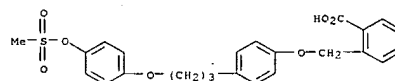
RN 637358-66-8 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid,  
2-[[4-[2-[4-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)phenoxy]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-  
(CA INDEX NAME)

16 ANSWER 40 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

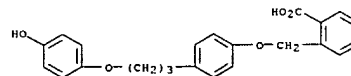
PAGE 1-A



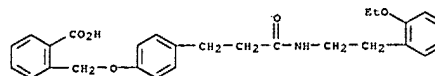
RN 637358-82-8 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid,  
2-[4-[3-[4-{(methylsulfonyl)oxy}phenoxy]propyl]phenoxy]meth  
yl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



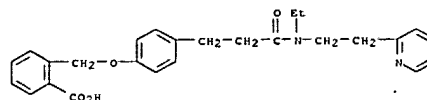
RN 637358-83-9 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-(4-hydroxyphenoxy)propyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA  
INDEX NAME)



RN 637358-86-2 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-{3-[[2-(2-ethoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy)methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



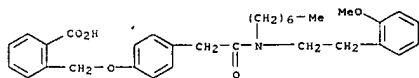
RN 637358-89-5 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-[ethyl[2-(2-pyridinyl)ethyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 40 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

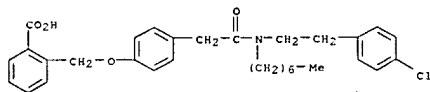
RN 637358-96-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[2-[(heptyl[2-(2-methoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



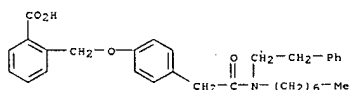
RN 637359-01-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[2-[(2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethyl]heptylamino)-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



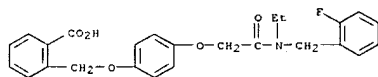
RN 637359-04-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[2-[(heptyl(2-phenylethyl)amino)-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 637359-07-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[2-[ethyl[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT:

6

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 41 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:818395 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:323344

TITLE: Preparation of aralkoxyphenoxyindanylcarboxylates as thyroid receptor ligands

INVENTOR(S): Rahimi-Ghadim, Mahmoud; Garg, Neera; Malm, Johan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Karo Bio AB, Swed.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 30 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

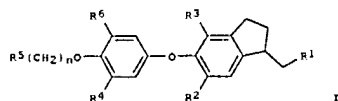
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003084915	A1	20031016	WO 2003-EP1304	20030210
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, CG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2481976	A1	20031016	CA 2003-2481976	20030210
AU 2003210234	A1	20031020	AU 2003-210234	20030210
EP 1492756	A1	20050105	EP 2003-745755	20030210
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
JP 2005522476	T	20050728	JP 2003-582114	20030210
CN 1649819	A	20050803	CN 2003-809937	20030210
US 2005171104	A1	20050804	US 2005-510645	20050401
			GB 2002-8384	A 20020411
WO 2003-EP1304				W 20030210

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 139:323344

GI



AB Title compds. [1: R1 = CO2H, PO(OH)2, PO(OH)NH2, SO2OH, CONHOH, NHCOCH2CO2H, any other possible bioisosteric equivalent of the groups above;

R2, R3 = Cl, Br, iodo, alkyl, (Rα-substituted) biosteric equivalent; R4,

R6 = H, halo, alkyl, bioisosteric equivalent optionally substituted with Rα;

R5 =

10518819.trn

L6 ANSWER 40 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

L6 ANSWER 41 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

Rb-(substituted) aryl, heteroaryl; Ra = F, Cl; Rb = halo, CN, CO2H, CHO, NH2, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxy, alkenoxy, alkynoxy, alkylthio, alkenylthio, alkynylthio, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, amino, bioisosteric equiv.; n = 1, 2, 3; stereoisomers thereof; prodrug ester forms thereof; and radioactive forms thereof, were prepd. as

antagonists,

partial antagonists or partial agonists for the treatment of cardiac and metabolic disorders such as cardiac arrhythmias, thyrotoxicosis, subclin. hyperthyroidism, and liver diseases. Thus, Et

[4,6-dibromo-5-(3-isopropyl-

4-hydroxyphenoxy)indan-1-yl]acetate (prepn. given), K2CO3, and MeCN were stirred at room temp. for 30 min; 2-bromomethylnaphthalene in MeH was added and the reaction mixt. was stirred at 80° for 16 h to give 17% 4,6-dibromo-5-[3-isopropyl-4-(naphthalen-2-ylmethoxy)phenoxy]indan-1-yl]acetic acid. I bound to the ThRα receptor with affinities in the range of 100-500 nM.

IT 612842-88-3P

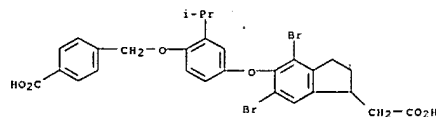
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(Preparation of aralkoxyphenoxyindanylcarboxylates as thyroid receptor ligands)

RN 612842-88-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indene-1-acetic acid,

4,6-dibromo-5-[4-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-3-(1-methylethyl)phenoxy]-2,3-dihydro- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT:

6

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

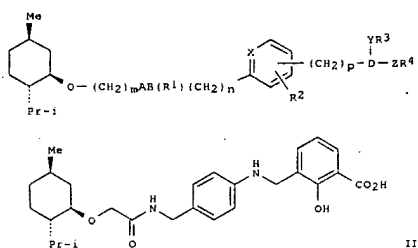
FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 42 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:77749 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:277029  
 TITLE: Preparation and formulation of menthol substituted antithrombotic PAI-1 inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Bauer, Shawn; Mohan, Raju; Shaw, Kenneth J.; Wu, Qingyu; Ye, Bin; Buckman, Brad O.; Ghannam, Ameen; Griedel, Brian D.; Khim, Seock-Kyu; Zhao, Zuchun  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Schering Aktiengesellschaft, Germany  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 71 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003080564	A1	20031002	WO 2003-US7506	20030312
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GR, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 2003222278	A1	20031008	AU 2003-222278	20030312
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-365932P	P 20020320
			WO 2003-US7506	W 20030312

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 139:277029  
 GI

L6 ANSWER 42 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



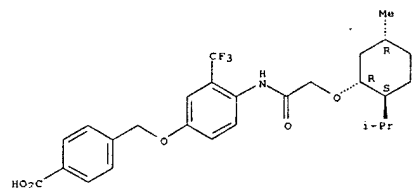
AB Menthol-substituted compds. of formula I (R1 = H, alkyl, alkylene, aryl, haloalkyl, menthoxyalkyl, heterocyclo, absent; R2 = H, alkoxy, amino, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkyl, etc.; R3 = Ph, CO2H, alkoxy, etc.; R4 = dibenzodioxepinone, pyridinyl, etc.; A = carbonyl, absent; B = N, O, absent; AB = heterocyclo; D = N, O, absent; X = C, N; Y = alkylene, aryl, carbonyl, absent; DY = heterocyclo; Z = alkylene, sulfonyl, aminocarbonyl, carbonyl, absent; m, n, p = 0-2) are prepared which are useful as antithrombotic agents by inhibiting plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 (PAI-1). The compds. are useful in the treatment of disease-states characterized by thrombotic activity. Pharmaceutical compns. containing I are described. Thus, II was prepared from 4-nitrobenzylamine hydrochloride, menthoxyacetyl chloride and 2-hydroxy-3-carboxybenzaldehyde in 90% yield.

IT 606965-78-OP  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (Preparation of menthol derivs. as antithrombotic PAI-1 inhibitors)

RN 606965-78-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[[[1,2S,5R]-5-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]oxy]acetyl]amino]-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 42 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



REFERENCE COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 43 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:758370 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:42982  
 TITLE: Bulk and surface properties of blends with semifluorinated polymers and block copolymers  
 AUTHOR(S): Pospiech, Doris; Haeussler, Liane; Jehnichen, Dieter; Kolling, Wolfram; Eckstein, Kathrin; Grundke, Karina  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Polymer Research Dresden, Dresden, 01069, Germany

SOURCE: Macromolecular Symposia (2003), 198(7th European Symposium on Polymer Blends, 2002), 421-434  
 CODEN: MSYMEE; ISSN: 1022-1360  
 PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English

AB The study relates to the development of extremely hydrophobic materials based on polysulfone that can be applied, for instance, as fouling-resistant membrane materials. The concept used is the addition of semifluorinated polymers to polysulfone in suitable blend compns. The influence of mol. parameters like chain structure of the semifluorinated polymer (segmented block copolymers, random copolymers) and segment mol. weight on the state of phase separation in the bulk and its influence on the surface properties have been systematically examined. The segmented block copolymers with semifluorinated polyester segments having intermediate segment mol. weight are more suitable in blends with polysulfones than random polysulfone copolymers having semifluorinated side chains with respect to form homogeneous thin films (coatings) with highly non-wetting properties.

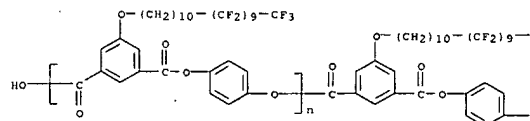
IT 635314-93-1  
 RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (blends of semifluorinated polyesters and block copolymers with ultrahydrophobic properties)

RN 635314-93-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Poly(oxy-1,4-phenylene)sulfonyl-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenylene(1-methylethylidene)-1,4-phenylene, n-[[4-[[[4-[[[3-carboxy-5-[[[1,1,1,1,2,12,13,13,14,14,15,15,16,16,17,17,18,18,19,19,20,20,20-henicosafluoroicosyloxy]benzoyloxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl]-n-hydroxy-, n-ester with n-hydroxy-4-hydroxypoly[oxy-

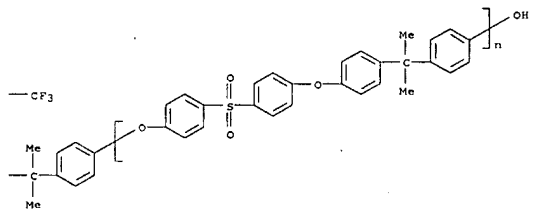
1,4-phenyleneoxy]carbonyl[5-[[[1,1,1,1,2,12,13,13,14,14,15,15,16,16,17,17,18,18,19,19,20,20,20-henicosafluoroicosyloxy]-1,3-phenylene]carbonyl[1:1], diblock (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 43 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



REFERENCE COUNT: 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

L6 ANSWER 44 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:396829 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:401499

TITLE: Preparation of benzophenone derivatives as AP-1

inhibitors for treatment of arthritis

INVENTOR(S): Hirono, Shuichi; Shiozawa, Shunichi; Chaki, Hisaaki;

Kotabe, Hironori; Tanaka, Tadashi; Aikawa, Yukihiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyama Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 258 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

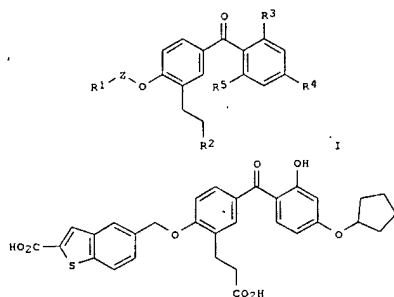
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003042150	A1	20030522	WO 2002-JP11846	20021113
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, T2, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2467261	A1	20030522	CA 2002-2467261	20021113
AU 2002349777	A1	20030526	AU 2002-349777	20021113
EP 1445249	A1	20040811	EP 2002-781763	20021113
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK				
BR 2002014177	A	20040914	BR 2002-14177	20021113
HU 2004002025	A2	20050228	HU 2004-2025	20021113
NZ 532810	A	20050324	NZ 2002-532810	20021113
CN 1602291	A	20050330	CN 2002-824812	20021113
ZA 2004003373	A	20051118	ZA 2004-3373	20021113
CN 101054345	A	20071017	CN 2007-10101148	20021113
IN 2004KN00591	A	20060421	IN 2004-KN591	20040505
MX 2004PA04654	A	20050517	MX 2004-PA4654	20040514
NO 2004002495	A	20040811	NO 2004-2495	20040615
US 2005113400	A1	20050526	US 2004-493223	20041215
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			JP 2001-351217	A 20011116
			JP 2002-209382	A 20020718
			CN 2002-824812	A3 20021113
			WO 2002-JP11846	W 20021113

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:401499  
G1

L6 ANSWER 44 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



II

AB The title compds. I [wherein R1 = (un)substituted heterocyclyl, Ph, or alkyl; R2 = (un)substituted alkylene; R3 = (un)substituted heterocyclyl(carbonyl) or CO2H; R4 = H, halo, CN, NO2, SH, carbamoyl, (un)substituted CO2H, OH, NH2, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, acyl, alkoxy-CO, aryloxy-CO, alkylthio, alkyl-SO, alkyl-SO2, alkylamino, acylamino, alkyl-SO2-amino, aryl-SO2-amino, or heterocyclyl; R5 = (un)substituted alkoxy, cycloalkyloxy, cycloalkenyloxy, alkyl, cycloalkyl, or heterocyclyl(oxy); R6 = H, halo, or OH; with proviso] and salts thereof are prepared as AP-1 inhibitors for the treatment of autoimmune diseases and chronic articular rheumatism. For example, the benzophenone derivative II was prepared in a multi-step synthesis.

IT If showed IC50 of 110 µM against AP-1.  
530141-70-9P 530141-81-2P 530141-85-6P  
530141-99-2P 530142-08-6P 530142-09-7P  
530143-44-3P 530143-45-4P 530143-51-2P  
530143-52-3P 530143-54-5P 530143-55-6P  
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530143-93-2P 530143-94-3P 530143-95-4P  
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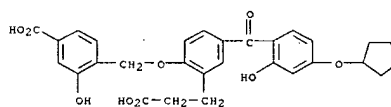
RI: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPH (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(AP-1 inhibitor; preparation of benzophenone deriva. as AP-1 inhibitors for

L6 ANSWER 44 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

Treatment of arthritis

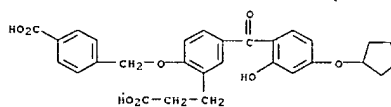
RN 530141-70-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 2-[(4-carboxy-2-hydroxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-[4-(cyclopentylloxy)-2-hydroxybenzoyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



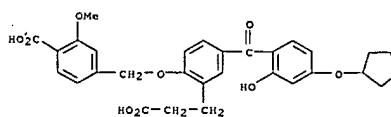
RN 530141-81-2 CAPLUS

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RN 530141-85-6 CAPLUS

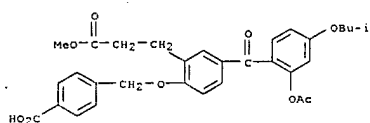
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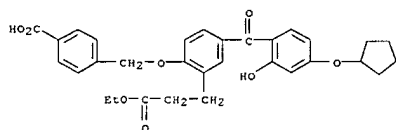
RN 530141-99-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 5-[2-(acetyloxy)-4-(2-methylpropoxy)benzoyl]-2-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-, n-methyl ester (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

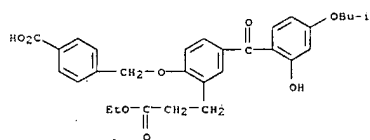
L6 ANSWER 44 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 530142-08-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 2-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-[4-(cyclopentyloxy)-2-hydroxybenzoyl]-, n-ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



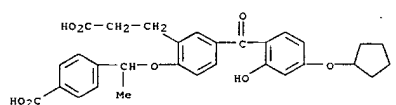
RN 530142-09-7 CAPLUS  
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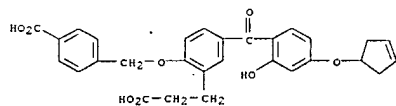
RN 530143-44-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 2-[(4-carboxy-3-methylphenyl)methoxy]-5-[4-(cyclopentyloxy)-2-hydroxybenzoyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 44 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

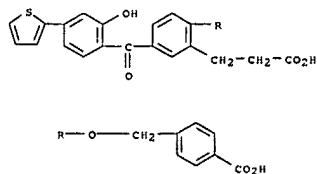
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 CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 2-[1-(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-[4-(cyclopentyloxy)-2-hydroxybenzoyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 530143-55-6 CAPLUS  
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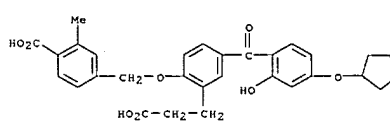


RN 530143-58-9 CAPLUS  
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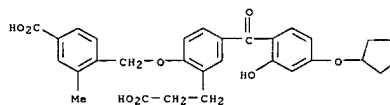


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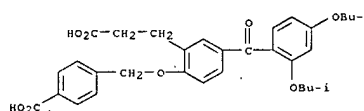
L6 ANSWER 44 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



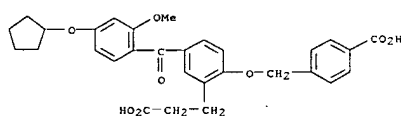
RN 530143-45-4 CAPLUS  
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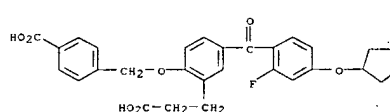
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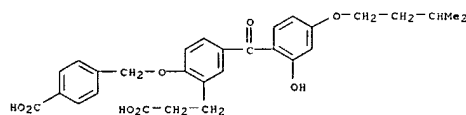
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 CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 2-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-[4-(cyclopentyloxy)-2-methoxybenzoyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



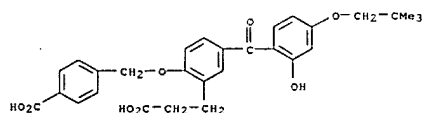
L6 ANSWER 44 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



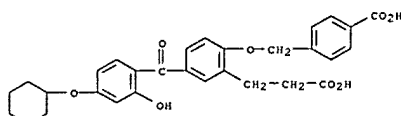
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 CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 2-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-[2-hydroxy-4-(3-methylbutoxy)benzoyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



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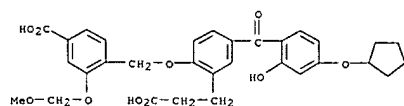


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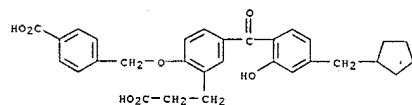


RN 530143-64-7 CAPLUS  
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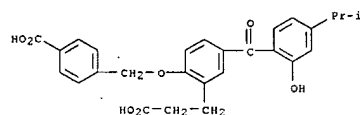
L6 ANSWER 44 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



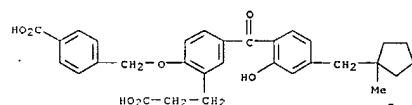
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RN 530143-69-2 CAPLUS  
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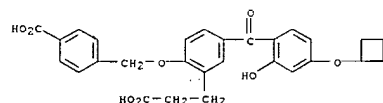


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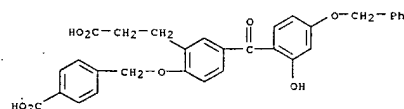


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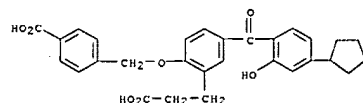
L6 ANSWER 44 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



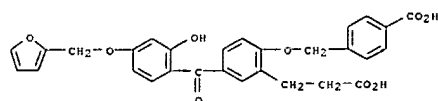
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CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 2-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-[2-hydroxy-4-(phenylmethoxy)benzoyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 530143-82-9 CAPLUS  
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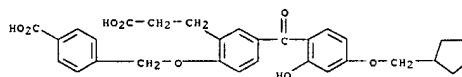
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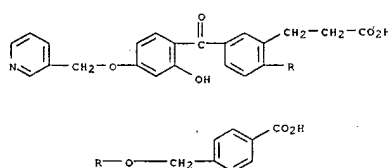
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CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 2-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-[2-hydroxy-4-(2-thienylmethoxy)benzoyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 44 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

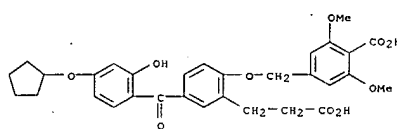
CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 2-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-[4-(cyclopentylmethoxy)-2-hydroxybenzoyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 530143-73-8 CAPLUS  
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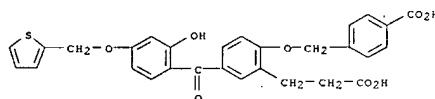


RN 530143-74-9 CAPLUS  
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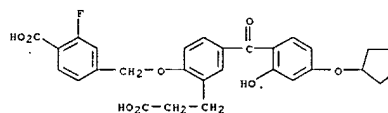


RN 530143-76-1 CAPLUS  
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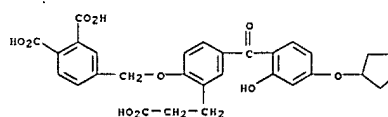
L6 ANSWER 44 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



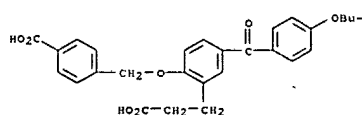
RN 530143-85-2 CAPLUS  
CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 2-[(4-carboxy-3-fluorophenyl)methoxy]-5-[4-(cyclopentylmethoxy)-2-hydroxybenzoyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 530143-86-3 CAPLUS  
CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[(2-(2-carboxyethyl)-4-[4-(cyclopentylmethoxy)-2-hydroxybenzoyl]phenoxy)methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

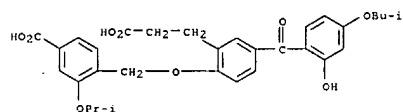


RN 530143-87-4 CAPLUS  
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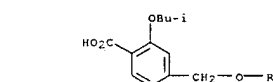
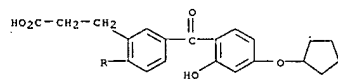


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CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 2-[(4-carboxy-2-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl)methoxy]-5-[2-hydroxy-4-(2-methylpropoxy)benzoyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

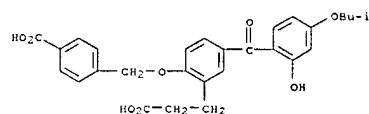
L6 ANSWER 44 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 530143-89-6 CAPLUS  
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 [4-(cyclopentyloxy)-2-hydroxybenzoyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

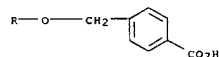
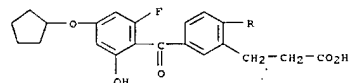


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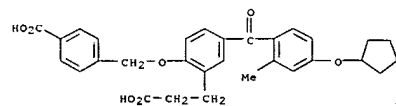


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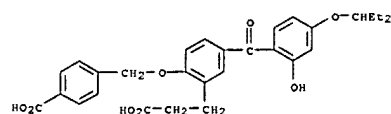
L6 ANSWER 44 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 530143-96-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzenepropanoic acid,  
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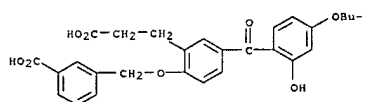


RN 530143-98-7 CAPLUS  
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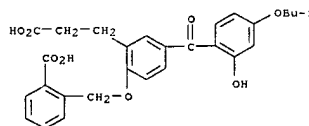


RN 530143-99-8 CAPLUS  
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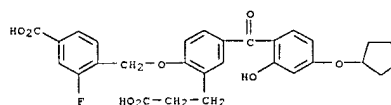
L6 ANSWER 44 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 530143-93-2 CAPLUS  
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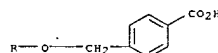
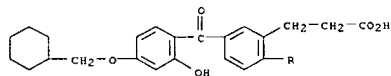


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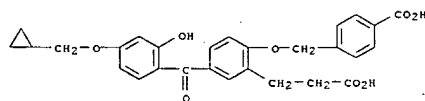


RN 530143-95-4 CAPLUS  
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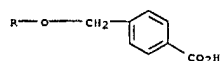
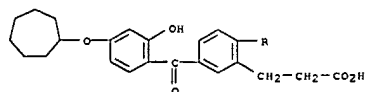
L6 ANSWER 44 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 530144-00-4 CAPLUS  
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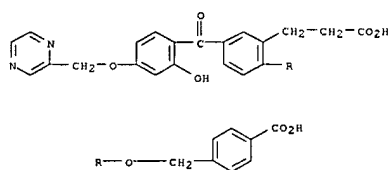


RN 530144-02-6 CAPLUS  
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RN 530144-04-8 CAPLUS  
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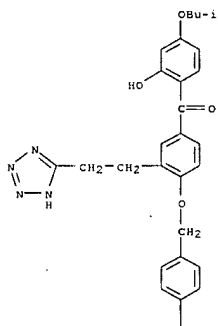
L6 ANSWER 44 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 530144-35-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[2-hydroxy-4-(2-methylpropoxy)benzoyl]-2-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)ethyl]phenoxy)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



L6 ANSWER 45 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:366604 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:362668

TITLE: Cosalane compounds and methods for their use

INVENTOR(S): Cushman, Mark S.; Howard, O. M. Zack

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Purdue Research Foundation, USA; The United States of America as Represented by the Department of Health

and

SOURCE: Human Services  
U.S., 17 pp., Cont. of U.S. Ser. No.

DOCUMENT TYPE: CODEN: USXXAM

LANGUAGE: Patent

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 English

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6562805	B1	20030513	US 2001-771769	20010129
US 2003212045	A1	20031113	US 2003-436845	20030513
US 7122533	B2	20061017		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1999-167874P P 19991129

US 2000-726101 B1 20001129

US 1999-167864P P 19991129

US 2001-771769 A3 20010129

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:362668

AB The present invention relates to methods, compds. and compns. for inhibiting effective binding of a chemokine to its cellular receptor. In one form of the invention, a method includes contacting a cellular population with an effective amount of cosalane or an analog thereof.

The invention further relates to methods, compds. and compns. for treating inflammatory diseases. In one form, a method includes administering to a patient a therapeutically effective amount of cosalane or an analog thereof.

IT 229948-56-5 229948-57-6 229948-58-7

329328-09-8 521918-99-0

RI: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cosalane compds. and methods for their use to inhibit binding of chemokines to cellular receptors and thus inhibit cellular migration

in relation to treatment of inflammatory diseases)

RN 229948-56-5 CAPLUS

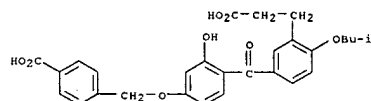
CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3H,5H)-cholestan-3-yl-1-butenylidene]bis[6-[(2-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro-, tetrasodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 44 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

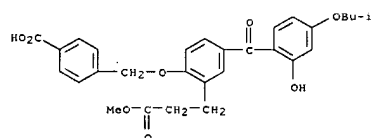
RN 530144-43-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 2-[[4-(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-2-hydroxybenzoyl]-2-(2-methylpropoxy)- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 530144-60-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 2-[[4-(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-[2-hydroxy-4-(2-methylpropoxy)benzoyl]-, u-methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

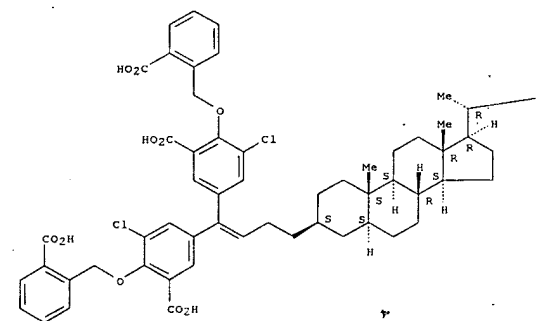


REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

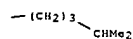
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L6 ANSWER 45 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



● 4 Na

RN 229948-57-6 CAPLUS

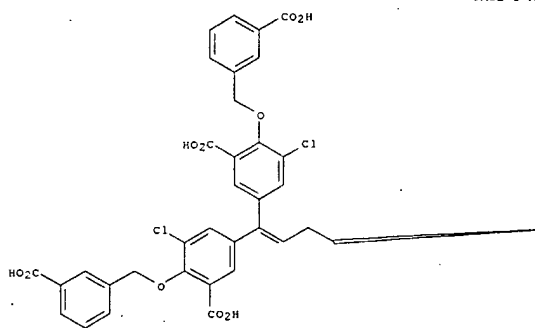
CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3H,5H)-cholestan-3-yl-1-butenylidene]bis[6-[(2-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro-, tetrasodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

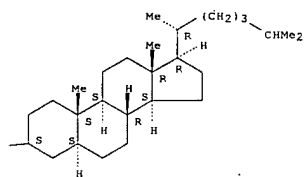


L6 ANSWER 45 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



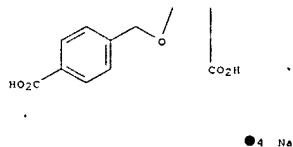
PAGE 1-B



RN 229948-58-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3,5u)-cholestan-3-yl-1-butenylidene]bis[6-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro-, tetrasodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 45 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

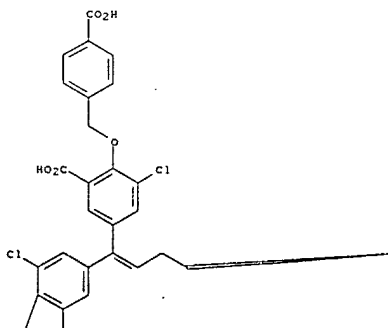
PAGE 2-A



RN 329328-09-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3,5u)-cholestan-3-yl-1-butenylidene]bis[6-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro-, disodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

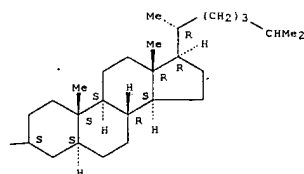


PAGE 1-A

L6 ANSWER 45 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

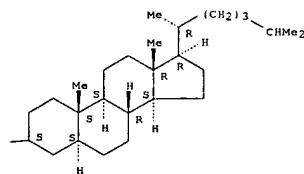
Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

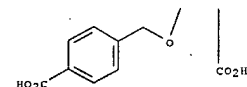


L6 ANSWER 45 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B



PAGE 2-A

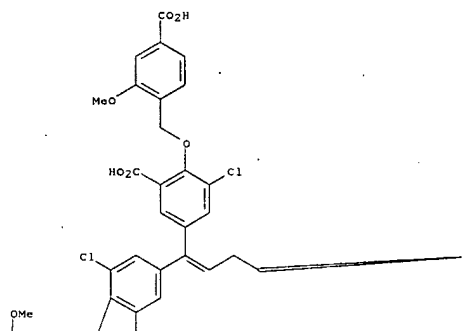


RN 521918-99-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3,5u)-cholestan-3-yl-1-butenylidene]bis[6-[(4-carboxy-2-methoxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro-, disodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

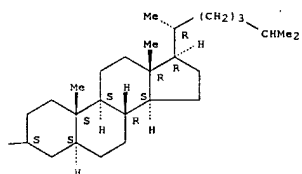
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 45 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L6 ANSWER 46 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:364617 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:117898  
 TITLE: Structural origin of the enhanced electro-optic response of dendrimer systems  
 AUTHOR(S): Pereverzev, Yuriy V.; Prezhd, Oleg V.; Dalton, Larry R.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, 98195-1700, USA  
 SOURCE: Chemical Physics Letters (2003), 373(1,2), 207-212  
 CODEN: CHPLBC; ISSN: 0009-2614  
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB The correlation between structure and enhanced electro-optic (EO) activity

of NLO dendrimer having phenylene(tetracyanobutadienyl)thiophenylstilbene chromophore group moieties was studied and compared to that of a guest-host polymer system. Chemical bonding between the chromophore fragments in the dendrimer suppresses the antiferroelec. correlation of the chromophore dipoles and assists in the macroscopic ordering of the dipoles by an applied field. The developed analytic model quant. agrees with the expl. data both for the increased EO coefficient of the cross-linkable dendrimer, and the decreased EO coefficient of the non-cross-linkable dendrimer. The model facilitates optimization of the structural and mol. properties of dendrimers and chromophore fragments to achieve materials with better EO response.

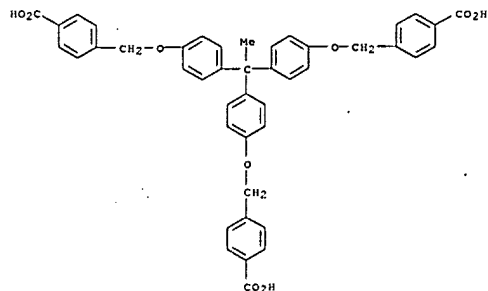
IT 330982-78-0

RL: PRP (Properties)

(core; role of mol. structure on enhanced electrooptic response of phenylene-cyanobutadienyl-thiophenylstilbene dendrimer)

RN 330982-78-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4',4'''-(ethyldiynetriis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene))tris- (CA INDEX NAME)

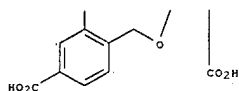


REFERENCE COUNT: 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

10518819.trn

L6 ANSWER 45 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 2-A



● 2 Na

REFERENCE COUNT: 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

L6 ANSWER 46 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

L6 ANSWER 47 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:356419 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:368770  
 TITLE: Preparation of pyridinylethylamines and amides as anticancer drugs.  
 INVENTOR(S): Menon, Sanjay R.; Lu, Yingchun; Sakamuri, Sukumar; Chen, Quin-Zene; Khazak, Vladimir; Agarwal, Seema  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Morphochem Aktiengesellschaft fuer Kombinatorische Chemie, Germany  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 66 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003037865	A1	20030508	WO 2002-EPI2222	20021031
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SI, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
CA 2468761	A1	20030508	CA 2002-2468761	20021031
AU 2002351814	A1	20030512	AU 2002-351814	20021031
EP 1442018	A1	20040804	EP 2002-787539	20021031
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK			
US 2005228017	A1	20051013	US 2005-497449	20050330
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2001-335300P	P 20011031
			WO 2002-EPI2222	W 20021031

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:368770  
 AB (R3) (R1X)NUR2 [n = 0-5; X, Y = CH<sub>2</sub>; CO, SO<sub>2</sub>; CONH; R1 = (substituted) aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl; R2 = (substituted) heteroalkyl, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, heteroalkylcycloalkyl; R3 = (substituted) alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, alkylcycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, heteroalkylcycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, aralkyl], were prepared. Thus, N-(4-benzyloxy-3-methoxybenzyl)-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amine (preparation given) in ClCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Cl was treated with polymer-supported morpholine and 2-chlorobenzoyl chloride followed by stirring for 24 h. Polymer-supported isocyanate, polymer-supported tris(2-aminoethyl)amine, and ClCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Cl were added followed by stirring for 24 h to give 84%  
 N-(4-benzyloxy-3-methoxybenzyl)-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)-2-chlorobenzamide. Title compds. showed IC<sub>50</sub>'s of:

L6 ANSWER 48 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:352159 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:354246  
 TITLE: Preparation of benzenes as bone resorption inhibitors for treatment of osteoporosis  
 INVENTOR(S): Fujimoto, Katsumi; Shibata, Tomoyuki; Nakamura, Yuji; Echigo, Yuki  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sankyo Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 179 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

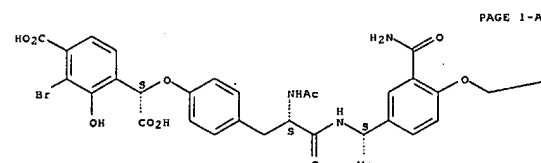
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003128640	A	20030508	JP 2001-327592	20011025
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-327592	20011025

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:354246  
 AB 4-R1R2COC6H4ACOR3 [R1 = (un)substituted Ph; R2 = H, CO<sub>2</sub>H, (C1-6 alkoxy)carbonyl, tetrazol-5-yl; R3 = Glu-Glu-Ile-Glu (the N-terminal is linked to the ACO), NHCHR4C6H3(3-COMH2)(4-OZ); R4 = H, (un)substituted C1-6 alkyl, aralkyl; Z = cyclohexylmethyl; A = bond, [(C1-6 alkanoyl)amino-substituted] C1-4 alkylene], their esters, or pharmacol. acceptable salts are prepared. Thus, acetyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(4-methoxymethoxy-3-nitrophenyl)methoxy]phenylalanine Me ester was hydrolyzed, coupled with H-Glu(OtBu)-Glu(OtBu)-Ile-Glu(OtBu)-OtBu, and deprotected to give I (R1 = 4-hydroxy-3-nitrophenyl, R2 = CO<sub>2</sub>H, A = CH<sub>2</sub>CHNHAc, R3 = Glu-Glu-Ile-Glu).

IT 518977-57-6P 518977-63-4P 518977-67-8P  
 518977-68-9P  
 RL: SPH (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of benzenes as bone resorption inhibitors for treatment

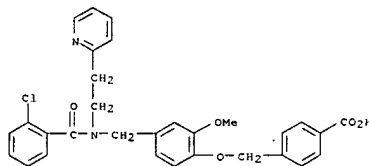
of osteoporosis)  
 RN 518977-57-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzenecetic acid, α-[4-[[[(2S)-2-(acetylamino)-3-[[[(1S)-1-[3-(aminocarbonyl)-4-(cyclohexylmethoxy)phenyl]ethyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]-3-bromo-4-carboxy-2-hydroxy-, (uS)- (CA INDEX NAME)]

Absolute stereochemistry.



L6 ANSWER 47 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

5-60 μM in secondary luciferase assays in NIH3T3, CHO, or HEK293 cells.  
 IT 521312-33-4  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of pyridinylethylamines and amides as anticancer drugs)  
 RN 521312-33-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[[[(2-chlorobenzoyl)[2-(2-pyridinyl)ethyl]amino]methyl]-2-methoxyphenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)]



REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

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L6 ANSWER 48 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

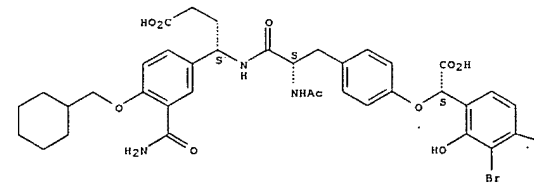
PAGE 1-B



RN 518977-63-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzenebutanoic acid, γ-[[[(2S)-2-(acetylamino)-3-(4-[(S)-[3-bromo-4-carboxy-2-hydroxyphenyl]carboxymethoxy]phenyl)-1-oxopropyl]amino]-3-(aminocarbonyl)-4-(cyclohexylmethoxy)-, (yS)- (CA INDEX NAME)]

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



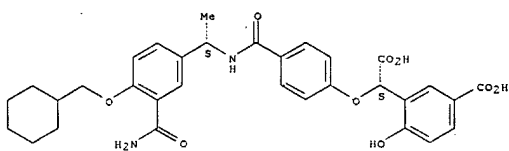
PAGE 1-B

CO<sub>2</sub>H

RN 518977-67-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzenecetic acid, α-[4-[[[(1S)-1-[3-(aminocarbonyl)-4-(cyclohexylmethoxy)phenyl]ethyl]amino]carbonyl]phenoxy]-5-carboxy-2-hydroxy-, (uS)- (CA INDEX NAME)]

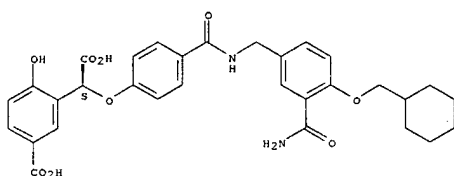
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 48 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 518977-68-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzenecetic acid, 4-[[4-[[[3-(aminocarbonyl)-4-(cyclohexylmethoxy)phenyl]methyl]amino]carbonyl]phenoxy]-5-carboxy-2-hydroxy-, (4S)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L6 ANSWER 49 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:302783 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:321013  
 TITLE: Nitroso derivatives of diphenylamines having ether or thioether functions, with nitric oxide activity, diphenylamine intermediates with antioxidant

activity, pharmaceutical compositions containing them, and their use for the preparation of drugs

INVENTOR(S): Lardy, Claude; Festal, Didier; Caputo, Lidia  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lipha, Fr.

SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 46 pp.

CODEN: FRXXBL

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

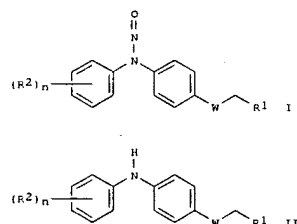
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 2830862	A1	20030418	FR 2001-13344	20011016
WO 200303467	A1	20030424	WO 2002-EP10607	20020920
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2002338747	A1	20030428	AU 2002-338747	20020920
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 2001-13344	A 20011016
			WO 2002-EP10607	W 20020920

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:321013  
 G1

L6 ANSWER 49 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



AB The invention relates to nitrosodiphenylamines I and diphenylamines II in which: W = O or S; R1 = (un)saturated, (un)substituted, (non)aromatic carbo- or heterocyclic radical, -E-Q or -E-Ar, or aliphatic hydrocarbyl with optional substitution; E = (un)substituted alkylene or alkenylene; Q = amino optionally substituted by 1 or 2 (un)saturated aliphatic hydrocarbyl groups; Ar = (un)saturated, (un)substituted, (non)aromatic carbo- or heterocyclic radical; R2 = halo, (un)saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon (optionally interrupted by O or S and optionally halogenated), nitro, CO2H, or cyano; n = 0-5, preferably 0-2; with exclusion of case: I (n = 1, R1 = Me, R2 = 2-Me) and their acid or base addition salts. I are useful for treatment of pathologies characterized by a deficiency of production of NO and/or a situation of oxidative stress.

II are useful both as intermediates to I, and in their own right as antioxidants functioning as free radical traps. A table of 35 I and 35 II were prepared. For example, etherification of 4-[[4-methoxyphenyl]amino]phenol with 3-(chloromethyl)pyridine HCl in the presence of Cs2CO3 in Me2CO gave 64.2% II [W = O, R1 = 3-pyridyl, R2 = 4-OMe, n = 1] (III). A solution of III in AcOH was treated with aqueous NaNO2 for 3 h at room temperature to give 95.6% I [W = O, R1 = 3-pyridyl, R2 = 4-OMe, n = 1] (IV). Solns. of I spontaneously released NO, with the measured concentration of nitrites and nitrates being as high as 92 µM in the case of IV. Both III and IV showed antioxidant activity in a human LDL oxidation assay in vitro, with IC50 values of 4.6 and 6.7 µM, resp. Preferred examples include the four compds. I [R1 = 3-pyridyl, W = O, (R2)n = 4-cyano, 3-cyano, or 4-chloro; n = 0, (R2)n = 4-OMe].

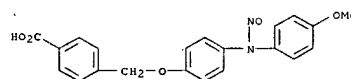
IT 512834-18-3P, 4-[[4-[[4-methoxyphenyl]amino]phenoxy]methyl]-2-oxohydrazino]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid  
 RI: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU

L6 ANSWER 49 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

[drug candidate; prepn. of nitrosodiphenylamines and diphenylamines with ether or thioether functions as NO donor drugs and/or antioxidants]

RN 512834-18-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[[4-methoxyphenyl]nitrosoamino]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

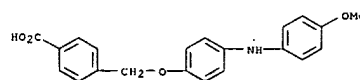


IT 512834-53-6P, 4-[[4-[[4-methoxyphenyl]amino]phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid

RI: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)  
 (intermediate and drug candidate; preparation of nitrosodiphenylamines and diphenylamines with ether or thioether functions as NO donor drugs and/or antioxidants)

RN 512834-53-6 CAPLUS

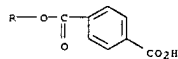
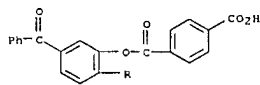
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[[4-methoxyphenyl]amino]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 50 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:156728 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:22516  
 TITLE: Mesogenic V-Like Triad on the Basis of 3,4-Dihydroxybenzophenone  
 AUTHOR(S): Demina, E. V.; Bol'shakov, M. N.; Klimova, N. V.; Rudaya, L. I.; Yurre, T. A.; Shamanin, V. V.; Skorokhodov, S. S.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: St. Petersburg State Institute of Technology, St. Petersburg, 190013, Russia  
 SOURCE: Russian Journal of Organic Chemistry (Translation of Zhurnal Organicheskoi Khimii) (2002), 38(12), 1810-1811  
 PUBLISHER: CODEN: RJOCEQ; ISSN: 1070-4280  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: MAIK Nauka/Interperiodica Publishing  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB 3,4-Bis(4-carboxybenzoyloxy)benzophenone, which can be regarded as a rigid mesogenic V-like triad having a photoactive and chemical reactive group, was prepared by reaction of 3,4-dihydroxybenzophenone with benzyl 4-chloroformylbenzoate in aqueous organic medium in the presence of phase transfer catalyst to give 3,4-bis(4-benzoyloxycarbonylbenzoyloxy)benzophenone (I), followed by debenzoylation of I.  
 IT 537712-38-2P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (Preparation of bis(4-carboxybenzoyloxy)benzophenone mesogenic V-like triad on basis of 3,4-dihydroxybenzophenone)  
 RN 537712-38-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-benzoyl-1,2-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

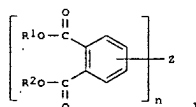


REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
 FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 52 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:111127 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:138920  
 TITLE: Crosslinked polyimide varnish and its preparation by imidation of polyamic acid  
 INVENTOR(S): Kuroki, Takashi; Abe, Takaharu; Tamai, Masashi  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003041189	A	20030213	JP 2001-224288	20010725
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-224288	20010725

GI



AB Polyimide varnish with good heat and chemical resistance and high decomposition temperature is prepared by heat treatment of linear amino-terminated polyamic acid with structure I, in which R1-2 = H, alkyl, and Ph, Z = trivalent or tetravalent aromatic group, n = 3 or 4. Thus, 4,4'-bis(3-aminophenyl)oxybiphenyl and bis(3,4-dicarboxyphenyl)ether dianhydride were reacted to obtain amino-terminated polyamic acid, and then crosslinked by a three-functional crosslinking agent prepared from a trianhydride and methanol to receive crosslinked polyimide varnish with Tg of 212° and decomposition temperature of 546°.

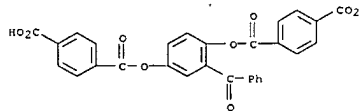
IT 494770-98-8P  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (Crosslinking agent; preparation of crosslinked polyimide varnish from imidation of polyamic acid)

RN 494770-98-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2,4-Benzenetricarboxylic acid, 4,4',4'''-(ethylidynetri-4,1-phenylene) ar,ar',ar'''-trimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

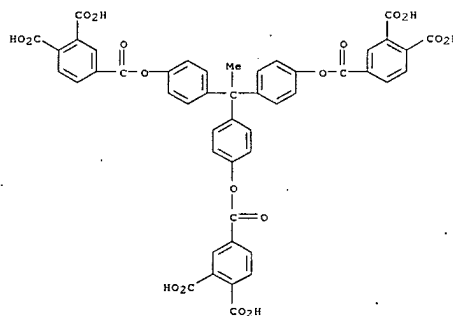
CRN 494770-97-7  
 CMF C47 H30 O18

L6 ANSWER 51 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:156363 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:385118  
 TITLE: Mesogenic triad with a benzoyl group  
 AUTHOR(S): Bol'shakov, M. N.; Klimova, N. V.; Rudaya, L. I.; Yurre, T. A.; Shamanin, V. V.; Skorokhodov, S. S.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of High-Molecular Compounds, Russian Academy of Sciences, St. Petersburg, 199004, Russia  
 SOURCE: Russian Journal of Organic Chemistry (Translation of Zhurnal Organicheskoi Khimii) (2002), 38(10), 1540-1541  
 CODEN: RJOCEQ; ISSN: 1070-4280  
 PUBLISHER: MAIK Nauka/Interperiodica Publishing  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:385118  
 AB Reaction of 2,5-(HO)2C6H3COPh and BnO2CC6H4COC1-4 in presence of a phase-transfer catalyst led to formation of 2,5-bis(4-benzoyloxycarbonylbenzoyloxy)benzophenone. Debzoylation of the ester gave 2,5-bis(4-carboxybenzoyloxy)benzophenone, a rigid mesogenic triad.  
 IT 524951-01-7P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (Preparation of mesogenic triad with a benzoyl group)  
 RN 524951-01-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 2-benzoyl-1,4-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
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L6 ANSWER 52 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



CM 2

CRN 67-56-1  
 CMF C H4 O

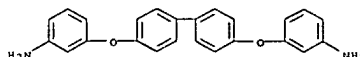
H3C-OH

IT 494770-99-9P  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (Preparation of crosslinked polyimide varnish from imidation of polyamic acid)

RN 494770-99-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2,4-Benzenetricarboxylic acid, 4,4',4'''-(ethylidynetri-4,1-phenylene) ar,ar',ar'''-trimethyl ester, polymer with 3,3'-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diylbis(oxy)bis(benzenamine) and 5,5'-oxybis[1,3-isobenzofurandione] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

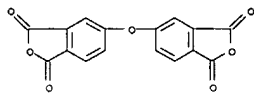
CM 1

CRN 105112-76-3  
 CMF C24 H20 N2 O2



L6 ANSWER 52 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
CM 2

CRN 1823-59-2  
CMF C16 H6 O7

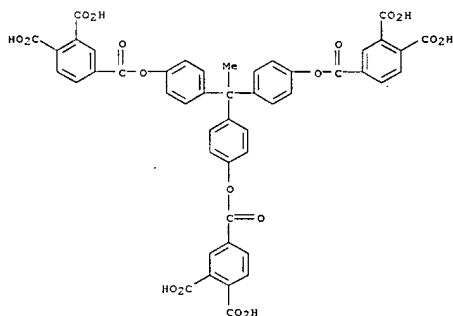


CM 3

CRN 494770-98-8  
CMF C50 H36 O18  
CCI IDS

CM 4

CRN 494770-97-7  
CMF C47 H30 O18



CM 5

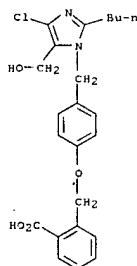
CRN 67-56-1

L6 ANSWER 53 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:89888 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:265143  
TITLE: Non-Peptide Angiotensin II Receptor Antagonists:  
Chemical Feature Based Pharmacophore Identification  
AUTHOR(S): KROVAL, EVA M.; LANGER, THIERRY  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Institute of  
Pharmacy, University of Innsbruck, Innsbruck, A-6020,  
Austria  
SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2003), 46(5), 716-726  
CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623  
PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
AB Chemical feature based pharmacophore models were elaborated for  
angiotensin  
II receptor subtype 1 (AT1) antagonists using both a quant. and a qual.  
approach (Catalyst HypoGen and HipHop algorithms, resp.). The training  
sets for quant. model generation consisted of 25 selective AT1  
antagonists  
exhibiting IC50 values ranging from 1.3 nM to 150 µM. Addnl., a qual.  
pharmacophore hypothesis was derived from multiconformational structure  
models of two highly active AT1 antagonists. In the case of the quant.  
model, the best pharmacophore hypothesis consisted of a five-features  
model (Hypo1: seven points, one hydrophobic aromatic, one hydrophobic  
aliphatic,  
a hydrogen bond acceptor, a neg. ionizable function, and an aromatic  
plane  
function). The best qual. model consisted of seven features (Hypo2: 11  
points, two aromatic rings, two hydrogen bond acceptors, a neg. ionizable  
function, and two hydrophobic functions). The obtained pharmacophore  
models were validated on a wide set of test mols. They were shown to be  
able to identify a range of highly potent AT1 antagonists, among those a  
number of recently launched drugs and some candidates presently  
undergoing  
clin. tests and/or development phases. The results of the authors study  
provide confidence for the utility of the selected chemical feature based  
pharmacophore models to retrieve structurally diverse compds. with  
desired  
biol. activity by virtual screening.  
IT 114799-48-3  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological  
study)  
(non-peptide angiotensin II receptor antagonists and chemical feature  
based pharmacophore identification)  
RN 114799-48-3 CAPLUS  
CM Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-butyl-4-chloro-5-(hydroxymethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-  
yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 52 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
CMF C H4 O

H3C-OH

L6 ANSWER 53 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

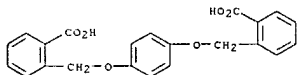


REFERENCE COUNT: 53 THERE ARE 53 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR  
THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 54 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:34396 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:229415  
 TITLE: Solid-state self-assembly of 1,4-bis(2-carboxybenzyloxy)benzene in the presence and absence of aromatic amines  
 AUTHOR(S): Liu, Rong; Valliyaveetil, Suresh; Mok, Kum-Fun; Vittal, Jagadeesh J.; Hoong, Angelia Kar Min  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, National University of Singapore, 117 543, Singapore  
 SOURCE: CrystEngComm (2002), 4, 574-579  
 CODEN: CRECF4; ISSN: 1466-8033  
 URL: <http://www.rsc.org/CFCart/displayarticleonfree.c>

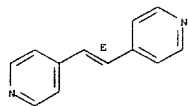
fm7article=842D94223424%5DVZ84214%2E%5FL5%286%2C0%5B4%  
 5D%5C1P425%24%3D29%23%3C%0A  
 PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; (online computer file)  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB Solid-state self-assembly of 1,4-bis(2-carboxybenzyloxy)benzene and its stoichiometric complexes with diamines such as 4,4'-bipyridyl and 1,2-bis(4-pyridyl)ethylene are described with complete structural details.

Carboxylic acid dimer formation and O-H...N-type H bonds were the major H bonding motifs in the crystal lattice. A wave-type topol. was observed for the H bonded chains.  
 IT 500904-56-3P, 1,4-Bis(2-carboxybenzyloxy)benzene  
 500904-57-4P, 1,4-Bis(2-carboxybenzyloxy)benzene compound with 4,4'-bipyridyl (1:1) 500904-58-5P  
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PYP (Physical process); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)  
 (preparation, crystal growth, crystal structure and solid-state self-assembly via hydrogen bonding of)  
 RN 500904-56-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2,2'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxyethylene)]bis- (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)



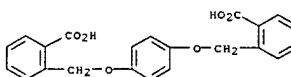
RN 500904-57-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2,2'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxyethylene)]bis-, compd. with 4,4'-bipyridine (1:1) (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 CM 1  
 CRN 500904-56-3

L6 ANSWER 54 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

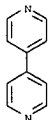


REFERENCE COUNT: 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
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L6 ANSWER 54 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 CMF C22 H18 O6

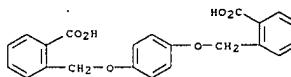


CM 2  
 CRN 553-26-4  
 CMF C10 H8 N2



RN 500904-58-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2,2'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxyethylene)]bis-, compd. with 4,4'-[1E]-1,2-ethenediylbis(pyridine) (1:1) (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1  
 CRN 500904-56-3  
 CMF C22 H18 O6

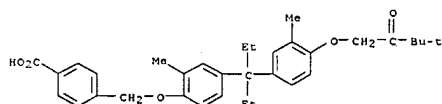


CM 2  
 CRN 13362-78-2  
 CMF C12 H10 N2

Double bond geometry as shown.

L6 ANSWER 55 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:810885 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:32795  
 TITLE: Structure-Based Design of Selective Agonists for a Rickets-Associated Mutant of the Vitamin D Receptor  
 AUTHOR(S): Swann, Steve L.; Bergh, Joel; Farach-Carson, Mary C.; Ocasio, Cory A.; Koh, John T.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry and the Department of Biological Sciences, University of Delaware, Newark, DE, 19716, USA  
 SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (2002), 124(46), 13795-13805  
 CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863  
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:32795  
 AB The nuclear and steroid hormone receptors function as ligand-dependent transcriptional regulators of diverse sets of genes associated with development and homeostasis. Mutations to the vitamin D receptor (VDR), a member of the nuclear and steroid hormone receptor family, have been linked to human vitamin D-resistant rickets (hvDRR) and result in high serum 1,25(OH)2D3 concns. and severe bone underdevelopment. Several hvDRR-associated mutants have been localized to the ligand binding domain of VDR and cause a reduction in or loss of ligand binding and ligand-dependent transactivation function. The missense mutation Arg 274 → Leu causes a >1000-fold reduction in 1,25(OH)2D3 responsiveness and is, therefore, no longer regulated by physiol. concns. of the hormone. In this study, computer-aided mol. design was used to generate a focused library of nonsteroidal analogs of the VDR agonist LG190155 that were uniquely designed to complement the Arg 274 → Leu associated with hvDRR. Half of the designed analogs exhibit substantial activity in the hvDRR-associated mutant, whereas none of the structurally similar control compds. exhibited significant activity. The seven most active designed analogs were more than 16 to 526 times more potent than 1,25(OH)2D3 in the mutant receptor (EC50 = 3.3-121 nM). Significantly, the analogs are selective for the nuclear VDR and did not stimulate cellular calcium influx, which is associated with activation of the membrane-associated vitamin D receptor.  
 IT 478537-04-1P  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (structure-based design of selective agonists for rickets-associated mutant of vitamin D receptor)  
 RN 478537-04-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[[4-[1-[4-(3,3-dimethyl-2-oxobutoxy)-3-methylphenyl]-1-ethylpropyl]-2-methylphenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 55 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



REFERENCE COUNT: 44 THERE ARE 44 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
FORMAT

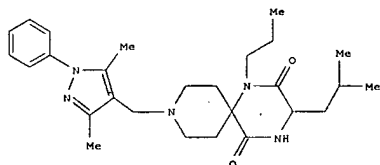
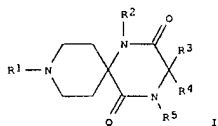
L6 ANSWER 56 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:736254 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:263064  
TITLE: Preparation of triazaspiro[5.5]undecane derivatives as

the active ingredients useful in prevention or as remedy for HIV infection  
INVENTOR(S): Mitsuya, Hiroaki; Maeda, Kenji; Shibayama, Shiro; Takaoka, Yoshikazu  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ono Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 680 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002074769	A1	20020926	WO 2002-JP2553	20020318
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TH, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
CA 2441162	A1	20020926	CA 2002-2441162	20020318
AU 2002238946	A1	20021003	AU 2002-238946	20020318
EP 1378509	A1	20040107	EP 2002-705300	20020318
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR			
BR 2002008229	A	20040309	BR 2002-8229	20020318
HU 2004000241	A2	20040628	HU 2004-241	20020318
CN 1533390	A	20040929	CN 2002-809833	20020318
NZ 528270	A	20051028	NZ 2002-528270	20020318
NO 2003004149	A	20031119	NO 2003-4149	20030917
ZA 2003007318	A	20040729	ZA 2003-7318	20030918
MX 2003PA08528	A	20040630	MX 2003-PA8528	20030919
US 2004106619	A1	20040603	US 2003-472626	20030922
US 7285552	B2	20071023		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-79611	A 20010319
			WO 2002-JP2553	W 20020318

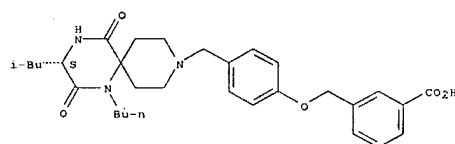
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:263064  
G1

L6 ANSWER 56 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



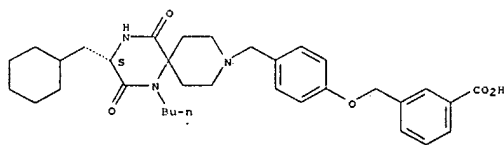
AB Title compds. [I: R1 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, COOH, SO2H, CONH2, CHO, heterocycle, aryl; R2 = alkyl, alkynyl; R3, R4 independently = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, COOH, CONH2; R5 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, stereoisomers, quaternary ammonium salts thereof, N-oxides thereof and nontoxic salts of the same optionally combined with at least one preventive and/or remedy for HIV infection are prepared as preventives and/or remedies for HIV infection or preventives and/or remedies for AIDS caused by the infection. Thus, the title compound II·2HCl was prepared from N-(tert-butyloxycarbonyl)leucine, N-allyloxycarbonyl-4-piperidine, n-propylamine, and 3,5-dimethyl-1-phenyl-4-formyl-pyrazole via cyclization, on resin prepared from aminomethylated polystyrene hydrochloride.  
IT 343275-25-2P 343276-41-5P  
RI: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(Preparation of triazaspiro[5.5]undecane deriva. as the active ingredients in prevention or remedy of HIV infection)  
RN 343275-25-2 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[4-[[[(3S)-1-butyl-3-(2-methylpropyl)-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 56 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



● HCl

RN 343276-41-5 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[4-[[[(3S)-1-butyl-3-(cyclohexylmethyl)-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

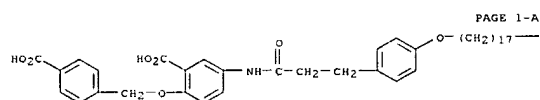
REFERENCE COUNT: 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
FORMAT



L6 ANSWER 57 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:691399 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:216748  
TITLE: Substituted aminobenzoic acid derivatives for competitive inhibitors for VEGF receptors  
INVENTOR(S): Wada, Hisaya; Asanuma, Hajime; Takayama, Tetsuo; Sato, Masakazu; Yamagishi, Takehiro; Shibuya, Masashi  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Taiisho Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan  
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.  
CODEN: JKXXAF  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002255916	A	20020911	JP 2001-353074	20011119
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-395412	A 20001226

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:216748  
AB Comps. R<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>(CO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>1</sub>)NR<sub>3</sub>CO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>X-p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OR<sub>4</sub> are prepared, where R<sub>1</sub> = H, C1-6 alkyl or benzyl groups, R<sub>2</sub> = H, halogens, Me, alkoxy, amines, R<sub>3</sub> = H, C1-6 alkyl, R<sub>4</sub> = C14-20 alkyl, X = a single bond or CO, and n = 1 or 2. Thus, Me 5-amino-2-fluorobenzoate reacted with 4-(octadecyloxy)phenylacetic acid in the presence of condensing agent to prepare the corresponding amide.  
17 457656-41-69  
RI: IMF (Industrial manufacture); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(substituted aminobenzoic acid derivs. for competitive inhibitors for VEGF receptors)  
RN 457656-41-6 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid,  
2-[4-(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-[[3-[4-(octadecyloxy)phenyl]-1-oxopropyl]amino]- (CA INDEX NAME)



—Me

PAGE 1-B

L6 ANSWER 58 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:575041 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:140338  
TITLE: Preparation of aminoethanol derivatives as cholesteryl ester transfer protein inhibitors for treatment of hyperlipidemia, etc.  
INVENTOR(S): Kori, Masakuni; Hamamura, Kazumasa; Fuse, Hiromitsu; Yamamoto, Toshihiro  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 748 pp.  
CODEN: PIYXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002059077	A1	20020801	WO 2002-JP532	20020125
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 2002228349	A1	20020806	AU 2002-228349	20020125
JP 2002293764	A	20021009	JP 2002-17487	20020125
EP 1362846	A1	20031119	EP 2002-710345	20020125
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR			
US 2004127574	A1	20040701	US 2003-470351	20030725
US 6982348	B2	20060103		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-19280	A 20010126
			WO 2002-JP532	W 20020125

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:140338  
AB The title comps. Ar1CH(OR'')CH(CH<sub>2</sub>Ar<sub>2</sub>)NR'R [Ar<sub>1</sub> represents an optionally substituted aromatic ring group; Ar<sub>2</sub> represents a substituted aromatic ring group; OR'' represents optionally protected hydroxy; R represents acyl; and R' represents hydrogen or optionally substituted hydrocarbyl] are prepared Comps. of this invention in vitro showed IC<sub>50</sub> values of 0.0084 μM to 0.4 μM against cholesteryl ester transfer protein. A process for preparing the title comps. is claimed.

1T 444918-62-1P  
RI: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(preparation of aminoethanol derivs. as cholesteryl ester transfer protein inhibitors for treatment of hyperlipidemia)

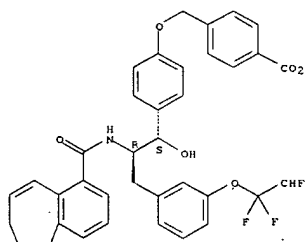
RN 444918-62-1 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(1R,2S)-2-[[[6,7-dihydro-5H-benzocyclohept-1-yl]carbonyl]amino]-1-hydroxy-3-[(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy)phenyl]propyl

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L6 ANSWER 57 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

L6 ANSWER 58 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
[phenoxy)methyl]-, rel- (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

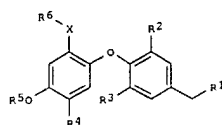
FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 59 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:428637 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:20220  
 TITLE: Preparation of 4-phenoxyphenylacetic acids active at the glucocorticoid receptor II  
 INVENTOR(S): Pelzman, Benjamin; Gustafsson, Annika; Kym, Philip R.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Karo Bio AB, Swed.; Abbott Laboratories  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 41 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002043648	A2	20020606	WO 2001-1B2302	20011128
WO 2002043648	A3	20041229		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
CA 2430311	A1	20020606	CA 2001-2430311	20011128
AU 200223105	A	20020611	AU 2002-23105	20011128
TR 200300763	T2	20040921	TR 2003-763	20011128
JP 2004536025	T	20041202	JP 2002-545627	20011128
BR 2001015750	A	20041207	BR 2001-15750	20011128
EP 1509188	A2	20050302	EP 2001-996301	20011128
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR			
CN 1630515	A	20050622	CN 2001-819567	20011128
HU 2006000304	A2	20060828	HU 2006-304	20011128
ZA 2003003453	A	20050526	ZA 2003-3453	20030506
NO 2003002415	A	20030527	NO 2003-2415	20030527
MX 2003PA04658	A	20030904	MX 2003-PA4658	20030527
BG 107871	A	20040227	BG 2003-107871	20030602
US 2004063781	A1	20040401	US 2003-433015	20031014
US 7220752	B2	20070522		
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:			GB 2000-29102	A 20001129
			WO 2001-1B2302	W 20011128

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:20220  
 GI

L6 ANSWER 59 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

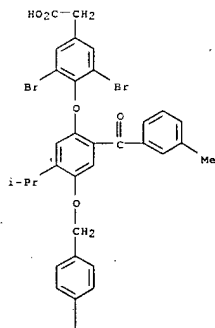


AB The title compts. [I: X = CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CO, CS, C<sub>1</sub>NOR<sub>8</sub>; Y = O, S, NR<sub>8</sub>; R<sub>1</sub> = CO<sub>2</sub>H, heteroaryl; R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> = H, halo, alkyl, provided that one of R<sub>2</sub> or R<sub>3</sub> is other than hydrogen; R<sub>4</sub> = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, halo, etc.; R<sub>5</sub> = alkyl which is substituted by A (provided that A is not halo), alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; R<sub>6</sub> = alkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, etc.; R<sub>7</sub> = H; R<sub>8</sub> = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, etc.; A = halo, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, etc.] that are liver selective glucocorticoid receptor antagonists, useful in therapy and in the regulation of metabolism, especially lowering blood glucose levels, were prepared e.g., a multi-step synthesis of I [R<sub>1</sub> = CO<sub>2</sub>H; R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> = Br; R<sub>4</sub> = iso-Pr; R<sub>5</sub> = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>C(CH<sub>3</sub>)Me; X = CO; R<sub>6</sub> = 3-MeC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>] was given. The compts. I exhibit an affinity for the glucocorticoid receptor in the range between 0.1 and 5000 nM.

IT 434327-24-9P  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of 4-phenoxyphenylacetic acids active at the glucocorticoid receptor II)  
 RN 434327-24-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzenecetic acid, 3,5-dibromo-4-[4-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-2-(3-methylbenzoyl)-5-(1-methylethyl)phenoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 59 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

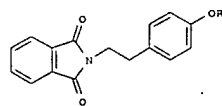
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

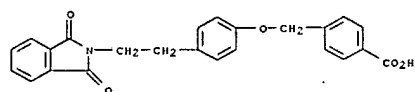
1.  
 CO<sub>2</sub>H

L6 ANSWER 60 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:379646 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:337744  
 TITLE: Novel phthalimide derivatives, designed as leukotriene D<sub>4</sub> receptor antagonists  
 AUTHOR(S): Lima, Lidia M.; de Brito, Fernanda C. F.; de Souza, Simone D.; Miranda, Ana L. P.; Rodrigues, Carlos R.; Fraga, Carlos A. M.; Barreiro, Eliezer J.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro, Faculdade de Farmacia, LASSBio, Rio de Janeiro, RJ, 21944-970, Brazil  
 SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2002), 12(11), 1533-1535  
 CODEN: BMCLB; ISSN: 0960-894X  
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:337744  
 GI



AB A series of phthalimides I [R = HO<sub>2</sub>C(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, HO<sub>2</sub>CCHMe, 4-HO<sub>2</sub>CC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, 3-(5-tetrazolyl)propyl; n = 1, 3, 4] was synthesized and evaluated as leukotriene D<sub>4</sub> receptor antagonists. The tetrazole-bearing phthalimide LASSBio 552, I [R = 3-(5-tetrazolyl)propyl], was shown to be able to inhibit the contractile activity induced by 100 nM of LTD<sub>4</sub> in guinea-pig tracheal strips with an IC<sub>50</sub> of 31.2 μM and to present a better efficacy than zafirlukast used as standard.

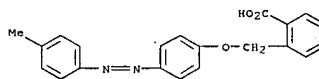
IT 473931-95-2P, LASSBio 551  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of (arylethyl)phthalimides as leukotriene D<sub>4</sub> receptor antagonists)  
 RN 473931-95-2 CAPLUS  
 CH Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[2-(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindol-2-yl)ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

L6 ANSWER 60 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
 FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 61 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:310525 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:130031  
 TITLE: The study of electrochemical behavior of some oxepines  
 AUTHOR(S): by cyclic voltammetry  
 Tanase, I. Gh.; Muresanu, Mihaela; Flores, I.; Buleandra, Mihaela  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Analytical Chemistry, University of Bucharest, Rom.  
 SOURCE: Scientific Bulletin - University "Politehnica" of Bucharest, Series B: Chemistry and Materials Science (2001), 63(3), 37-44  
 CODEN: SBUPBD; ISSN: 1454-2331  
 PUBLISHER: University "Politehnica" of Bucharest  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB The voltammetric behavior of 6,11-dehydrobenzo (b, c) oxepin-11-one, 4-(4-tolylazo)-phenol, ([4-(4-tolylazo)]-phenoxy)methyl-benzoic acid and 2-(4-tolylazo)-dibenzo (b, c)oxepin-11(OH)-one was investigated using cyclic voltammetry and differential pulse voltammetry, in nonaq. medium of N,N'-dimethylformamide and 0.2 M tetra-Bu ammonium bromide (TBABr). All these compds. are reducible and oxidizable on glassy carbon electrode, presenting one or two reduction waves and irreversible oxidation waves. Reduction signals obtained for all four compds. could be used for quant. determination of them by differential pulse voltammetry in the range of 10<sup>-6</sup> - 10<sup>-3</sup> M.  
 IT 341497-66-3  
 RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)  
 (electrochem. behavior of oxepines by cyclic voltammetry)  
 RN 341497-66-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[(4-methylphenyl)azo]phenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
 FORMAT

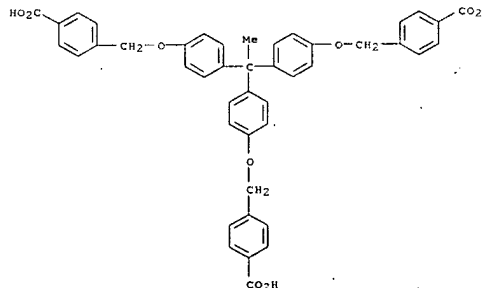
L6 ANSWER 62 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:276292 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:316685  
 TITLE: Polymers containing polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear optical chromophores and devices incorporating the same  
 INVENTOR(S): Zhang, Cheng; Fetterman, Harold R.; Stoier, William; Michael, Joseph  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pacific Wave Industries, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 10  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002029488	A1	20020411	WO 2001-US29239	20010918
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, PA, PE, PG, PH, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 6652779	B1	20031125	US 2000-679937	20001005
AU 200192779	A	20020415	AU 2001-92779	20010918
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
US 1998-122806 A2 19980727				
US 2000-488422 A2 20000120				
US 2000-546930 A2 20000411				
US 2000-551685 A2 20000418				
WO 2001-US29239 W 20010918				

AB Second-order nonlinear optical device comprising an active element including a linear chain nonlinear optical polyester or poly(imide ester) formed by reacting a dihydroxy functionalized chromophore containing a  $\pi$ -conjugate polyene structure as the bridge or part of the bridge that connects an electron donor and electron acceptor with a monomer selected from an aromatic or aliphatic diacid or diacid dihalide and a monomer selected from an aromatic or aliphatic diol. The polyesters may be crosslinked using trifluoroether groups. Second-order nonlinear optical devices are also described which comprise an active element including a crosslinked nonlinear optical polymer material formed from dendritic or hyperbranched macromol. that carries  $\pi$  chromophores and thermally reactive groups at the periphery of the macromol. for crosslinking between the macromols. The dendrimers may each have a chromophore as the core and  $\pi$  dendrons that carry thermally reactive groups for crosslinking between the dendrimers. Tetrafluoroisophthaloyl dichloride.  
 IT 330982-78-ODP, reaction products with propanedinitrile

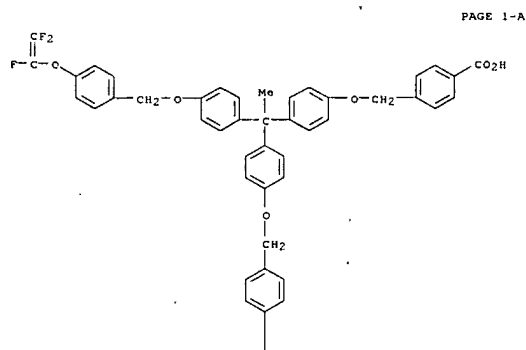
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L6 ANSWER 62 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 furanylidene derivs. 410092-31-8DP, reaction products with propanedinitrile furanylidene derivs.  
 RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (second-order nonlinear optical devices employing polymers contg. polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear optical chromophores)  
 RN 330982-78-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4,4',4''-[ethyldimetrys(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]tris- (CA INDEX NAME)



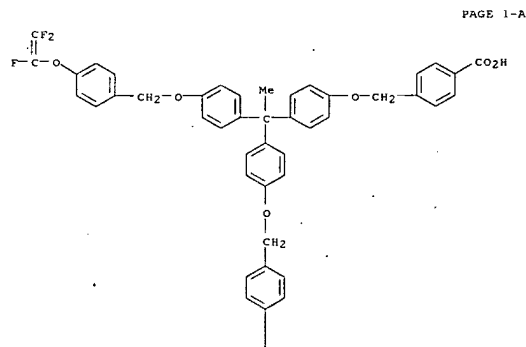
RN 410092-31-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[1,1-bis[4-[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]p-phenyl]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 62 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



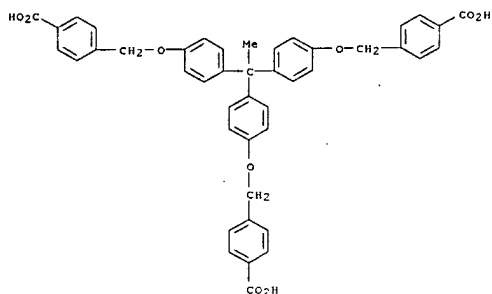
IT 330982-78-0 410092-31-8  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(second-order nonlinear optical devices employing polymers containing  
polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear optical chromophores)  
RN 330982-78-0 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 4,4',4''-[ethyldyntris(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]tris-  
(CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 62 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
FORMAT RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

L6 ANSWER 62 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 410092-31-8 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid,  
4-[[4-[[1,1-bis[4-[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]p  
henyl]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

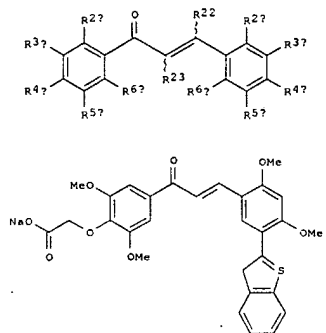
L6 ANSWER 63 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:935594 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:69730  
TITLE: Preparation of  
1,3-bis-(substituted-phenyl)-2-propan-1-  
ones as VCAM-1 inhibitors for treatment of  
inflammatory disorders  
INVENTOR(S): Meng, Charles Q.; Ni, Liming; Sikorski, James A.;  
Hoong, Lee K.  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Atherogenics, Inc., USA  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 220 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001098291	A2	20011227	WO 2001-US19720	20010620
WO 2001098291	A3	20020516		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GR, GM, GU, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TG, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SH, TD, TG				
CA 2413878	A1	20011227	CA 2001-2413878	20010620
BR 2001011869	A	20030624	BR 2001-11869	20010620
EP 1330448	A2	20030730	EP 2001-946583	20010620
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
US 6608101	B1	20030819	US 2001-886348	20010620
JP 2004501147	T	20040115	JP 2002-504247	20010620
NZ 523443	A	20041126	NZ 2001-523443	20010620
MX 2002PA12660	A	20040514	MX 2002-PA12660	20021218
IN 2001DN00008	A	20060609	IN 2003-DN8	20031010
ZA 2003000134	A	20051006	ZA 2003-134	20031010
US 2003236298	A1	20031225	US 2003-443470	20030521
US 7078431	B2	20060718		
US 2006258735	A1	20061116	US 2006-485940	20060713
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			US 2000-212769P	P 20000620
			US 2000-255934P	P 20001215
			US 2001-886348	A1 20010620
			WO 2001-US19720	W 20010620
			US 2003-443470	A1 20030521

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:69730  
G1

L6 ANSWER 63 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



I

II

AB Title compds. I [wherein R2a, R3a, R4a, R5a, R6a, R2b, R3b, R4b, R5b, and R6b = independently H, (cyclo)alkyl, (hetero)aryl, carbocyclyl, (halo)alkylthio, (un)substituted alkoxy or amino, (halo)acyl, amido, (halo)alkylsulfonyl, aminocarbonyl, alkynyl, alkynyl, halo, OH, SH, CN, NO2, SO3H, sulfonamide, PO3H2, alditol, carbohydrate, amino acid, etc.; R22 and R23 = independently H or alkyl; or R22 and R6a or R23 and R6a can join together to form a bridged carbocycle, (hetero)aryl, or heterocycle; R2a and R3a, R3a and R4a, R4a and R5a, R5a and R6a, R2b and R3b, R3b and R4b, R4b and R5b, or R5b and R6b and independently join to form a bridged (un)substituted carbocycle, cycloalkenyl, cycloalk(en)ylcarbonyl, (hetero)aryl, heterocycle, or alkylenedioxy; and the E or Z isomers thereof] were prepared to inhibit the expression of VCAM-1. For example, 3',5'-dimethoxy-4'-hydroxyacetophenone was treated with Et glycolate, WPh3, and di-Et acetic carboxylate in THF to give 4'-ethoxycarbonylmethoxy-3',5'-dimethoxyacetophenone (90%). Coupling the acetophenone and 5-(benzo[h]thien-2-yl)-2,4-dimethoxybenzaldehyde (preparation given) in the

presence of NaOH in absolute EtOH afforded the 1,3-diphenyl-2-propen-1-one II (39%), which stimulated cultured human aortic smooth muscle cell activity with IC50 of 0.45  $\mu$ M. I are useful for the treatment of inflammatory disorders that are mediated by VCAM-1, including arthritis, asthma, dermatitis, cystic fibrosis, post transplantation late and chronic solid organ rejection, multiple sclerosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, inflammatory bowel diseases, autoimmune diabetes, diabetic retinopathy, rhinitis, ischemia-reperfusion injury, post-angioplasty restenosis, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), glomerulonephritis, Graves disease, gastrointestinal allergies, conjunctivitis, atherosclerosis, coronary artery disease, angina and small artery disease.

L6 ANSWER 64 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

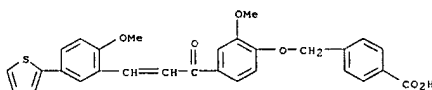
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:904082 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:37405  
TITLE: Preparation of substituted stilbenes as glucose uptake enhancers  
INVENTOR(S): Patterson, John; Park, Jeong Weong; Lum, Robert T.; Spevak, Wayne R.  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Telik, Inc., USA  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 64 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001094295	A1	20011213	WO 2001-US17673	20010601
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, FR, GB, GD, GE, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MW, MX, MY, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
US 2002032218	A1	20020314	US 2001-872763	20010531
US 6479548	B2	20021112		
CA 2411340	A1	20011213	CA 2001-2411340	20010601
EP 1289936	A1	20030312	EP 2001-941753	20010601
EP 1289936	B1	20041020		
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR			
JP 2003535840	T	20031202	JP 2002-501812	20010601
TW 579373	B	20040311	TW 2001-90113322	20010601
AT 280148	T	20041115	AT 2001-941753	20010601
ES 2251504	T	20050516	ES 2001-1941753	20010601
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:			US 2000-208591P	P 20000602
			WO 2001-US17673	W 20010601

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:37405  
GI

L6 ANSWER 63 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

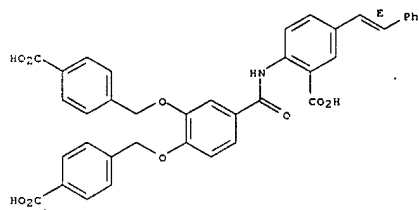
IT 383174-20-7P  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
[preparation of bis(substituted phenyl)propenones as VCAM-1 inhibitors for treatment of inflammatory disorders]  
RN 383174-20-7 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[2-methoxy-4-[3-[2-methoxy-5-(2-thienyl)phenyl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 64 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

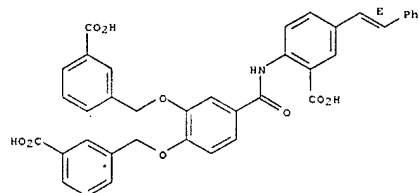
AB The title compds. [I: R1, R3, R4 = H, alkyl, halo, etc.; R2 = H, alkyl, OH, etc.; or R2 and R3, together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached, form a heterocyclic ring; R5 = H, alkyl, aryl; R6, R7 = H, alkyl, etc.; R8, R9 = H, alkyl, halo, etc.; R10 = H, alkyl, OH, etc.] which activate the insulin receptor kinase, which leads to increased sensitivity to insulin and an increase in glucose uptake, were prepared and formulated. E.g., a multi-step synthesis of II, starting with monomethyl terephthalate and benzyl 4-aminobenzoate, which produced an 50% increase in glucose transport at 109  $\mu$ M, was given. The invention also specifically concerns methods for treating humans with hyperglycemia, especially for the treatment of type II diabetes.  
IT 380365-14-OP 380365-16-2P  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
[preparation of substituted stilbenes as glucose uptake enhancers]  
RN 380365-14-0 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[3,4-bis[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]benzoyl]amino]-5-[[1E]-2-phenylethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)  
Double bond geometry as shown.

L6 ANSWER 64 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 380365-16-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 2-[[3,4-bis[(3-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]benzoyl]amino]-5-[(1E)-  
 2-phenylethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



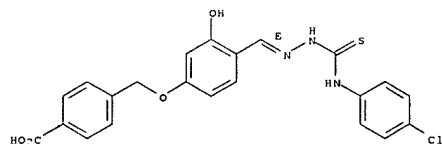
REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
 FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 65 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

IT 378780-98-4P  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU  
 (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES  
 (Uses)

(hydrazone, hydrazine and thiosemicarbazone derivs. as antifungal  
 agents)  
 RN 378780-98-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(E)-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)amino]thioxomethyl]hydrazono]m  
 ethyl]-3-hydroxyphenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
 FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 65 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:895648 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:19729  
 TITLE: Hydrazone, hydrazine and thiosemicarbazone  
 derivatives

as antifungal agents  
 Meil, Xiaodan; Wang, Peng; Caracoti, Andrei; Mingo,  
 Pamela; Boyd, Vincent; Murray, Robert; Sisti,  
 Nicholas

J.; Xiang, Yi Bin; Zhu, Shuhao; Wobbe, C. Richard;  
 Moore, Daniel  
 ANADYS Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

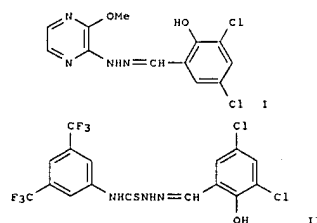
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):  
 SOURCE: U.S., 14 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: CODEN: USXXAM  
 LANGUAGE: Patent

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6329378	B1	20011211	US 2000-501758	20000210
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-119387P	P 19990210
			US 1999-141117P	P 19990625

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:19729  
 GI



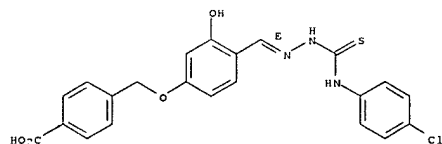
AB Title compds. such as I and (E)-II were prepared as antifungal agents.  
 Thus, I was prepared in 3 steps starting from 2,3-dichloropyrazine and  
 proceeding via 2-chloro-3-methoxypyrazine and 2-hydrazinyl-3-  
 methoxypyrazine, the latter then being reacted with 3,5-  
 dichlorosalicylaldehyde. I showed min. inhibitory concns. of 1, 1, and 2  
 µg/mL against Candida albicans, Saccharomyces cerevisiae, and  
 Aspergillus nidulans, resp.

L6 ANSWER 66 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

IT 378780-98-4P  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU  
 (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES  
 (Uses)

(hydrazone, hydrazine and thiosemicarbazone derivs. as antifungal  
 agents)  
 RN 378780-98-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[(E)-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)amino]thioxomethyl]hydrazono]m  
 ethyl]-3-hydroxyphenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
 FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 66 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:822163 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:130668  
 TITLE: Reactive immunization elicits catalytic antibodies  
 for

polyester hydrolysis  
 Chen, Da-Wei; Kubiak, Robert J.; Ashley, Jon A.;  
 Janda, Kim D.

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY, THE SCRIPPS RESEARCH  
 INSTITUTE AND THE SKAGGS INSTITUTE FOR CHEMICAL  
 BIOLOGY, LA JOLLA, CA, 92037, USA

JOURNAL OF THE CHEMICAL SOCIETY, PERKIN TRANSACTIONS  
 1

(2001), (21), 2796-2803  
 CODEN: JCSPCE; ISSN: 1472-7781

PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 136:130668

AB In the search for biocatalysts for degradation of nonnatural polymers,  
 reactive immunization with haptens and was used to prepare catalytic  
 antibodies capable of cleaving short oligomeric esters, as well as the  
 insol. polyester. These antibodies were found to be highly specific and  
 efficient esterases for oligomers. Triester was preferentially

hydrolyzed  
 by an endo-cleavage pathway, however, with a higher mol. weight polymer

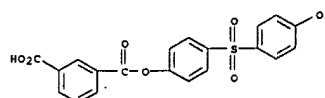
no site specificity could be observed Catalytic efficiency of the  
 antibodies

towards the insol. polymer was limited due to phys. constraints.

IT 392743-70-3P 392743-71-4P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT  
 (Reactant or reagent)  
 (reactive immunization elicits catalytic antibodies for polyester  
 hydrolysis)

RN 392743-70-3 CAPLUS

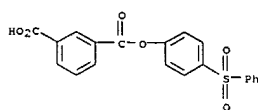
CN 1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[4-[(4-hydroxyphenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]  
 ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 392743-71-4 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[4-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl] ester (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 66 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



REFERENCE COUNT: 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 67 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:760373 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:325271  
TITLE: Photopolymerizable compositions containing urethane compounds, presensitized lithographic printing plates therefrom, and platemaking method  
INVENTOR(S): Okamoto, Hideaki; Urano, Toshiyoshi; Neguchi, Motoharu  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Chemical Corp., Japan  
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp.  
CODEN: JKXXAF  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001290267	A	20011019	JP 2001-16536	20010125
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-23993	A 20000201

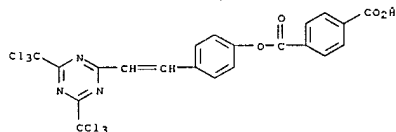
AB The compns. contain ethylenic monomers (including urethane compds. having 24 urethane bonds and 24 addition-polymerizable double bonds) and photopolymn. initiator systems. Thus, a composition containing a reaction product of NK Ester A 9530 (dipentaerythritol pentaacrylate-based compound) and ME 20-100 (polyisocyanate) 44, 2-(methacryloyloxy)ethyl phosphate 11, a titanocene radical generator 5, dipyrrometheneboron difluoride-based sensitizers 1.0, and Me methacrylate-methacrylic acid-Cyclomer A 200 (alicyclic epoxy acrylate) copolymer 45 parts was applied on an anodized Al plate, exposed to a laser beam, and developed with an alkali solution to give a test piece with good resolution and durability.

IT 367965-48-8

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)  
(photopolymn. initiator; photopolymerizable compns. containing urethane compds. for photosensitive lithog. plates with good resolution and durability)

RN 367965-48-8 CAPLUS

CH 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[4-[2-[4,6-bis(trichloromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]ethenyl]phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



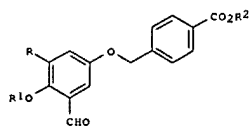
L6 ANSWER 67 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

L6 ANSWER 68 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:713284 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:242458  
TITLE: Preparation of amphipathic aldehyde glucuronides and their use as adjuvants and immunoeffectors  
INVENTOR(S): Johnson, David  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Corixa Corporation, USA  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 72 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001070663	A2	20010927	WO 2001-US8548	20010316
WO 2001070663	A3	20020516		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RM: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2403553	A1	20010927	CA 2001-2403553	20010316
US 2001053363	A1	20011220	US 2001-810915	20010316
US 6649172	B2	20031118		
EP 1265840	A2	20021218	EP 2001-918784	20010316
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
JP 2003528068	T	20030924	JP 2001-568876	20010316
US 2004063647	A1	20040401	US 2003-652797	20030828
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-190466P	P 20000317
			US 2001-810915	A1 20010316
			WO 2001-US8548	W 20010316

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 135:242458  
G1



AB This invention relates to the preparation of aromatic aldehyde containing compds. I

L6 ANSWER 68 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
wherein R is H, CHO; R1 is H, alkyl, saccharyl, acyl, CO2H; R2 is H, alkyl, substituted alkyl, and their uses as adjuvants and immunoeffectors.

Thus, 4-[[3-formyl-4-hydroxyphenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid was prepd. and tested in mice for its adjuvant activity.

IT 360078-79-1P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU

(Biological)

study, unclassified); IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic

preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP

(Preparation); USES (Uses)

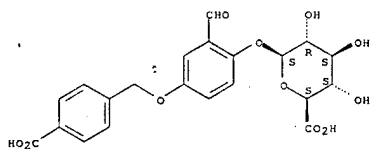
(preparation of amphipathic aldehyde glucuronides and their use as

adjuvants and immunoeffectors)

RN 360078-79-1 CAPLUS

CN [3-D-Glucopyranosiduronic acid, 4-[[4-(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-2-formylphenyl] (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L6 ANSWER 69 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:619582 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:338737

TITLE: Comparative QSAR: Angiotensin II Antagonists

AUTHOR(S): Kurup, Alka; Garg, Rajni; Carini, D. J.; Hansch,

Corwin

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Pomona College, Claremont,

CA, 91711, USA

SOURCE: Chemical Reviews (Washington, D. C.) (2001), 101(9),

2727-2750

CODEN: CHREAY; ISSN: 0009-2665

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB A QSAR study was carried out on nonpeptide angiotensin II antagonists

which included a review of the literature on bioactivity and derivation

of

QSAR equations. The QSAR were divided into 4 groups according to the

test

system: rabbit, rat, guinea pig and human. Within each group, these are

arranged according to potency (log I/C). Also listed is the CMR

(calculated

molar refractivity) which is similar to molar volume but contains a small

element for polarizability, and Clog P values which give an assessment of

the hydrophobic effects. The authors also used  $\pi$  as a measure of local

hydrophobic binding sites. All the QSAR reported in the study were

derived by the authors. The physicochem. parameters were autoloaded from

their C-QSAR databases and the QSAR regression anal. was executed with a

C-QSAR program. The authors derived 39 QSAR equations which provide an

overview of the structure-activity relationship for a variety of compds.

To the authors knowledge, these are the first QSAR for angiotensin

antagonists. The most important conclusion reached is the lack of

importance of hydrophobic interactions with the receptors. The relevance

of the biphenyl moiety for hydrophobicity is discussed and a model of the

pharmacophore is presented.

IT 114799-46-1 114799-47-2 114799-48-3

114799-49-4 114799-61-0 125848-45-5

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU

(Biological

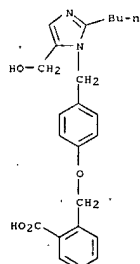
study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(comparative QSAR of nonpeptide angiotensin II antagonists)

RN 114799-46-1 CAPLUS

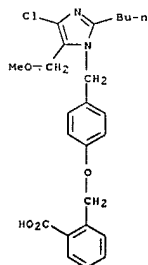
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-butyl-5-(hydroxymethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 69 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 114799-47-2 CAPLUS

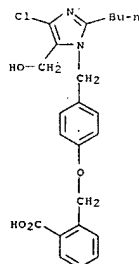
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-butyl-4-chloro-5-(methoxymethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 114799-48-3 CAPLUS

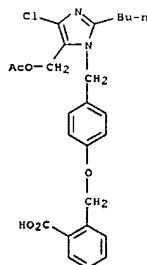
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-butyl-4-chloro-5-(hydroxymethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 69 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 114799-49-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[5-[[acetyloxy]methyl]-2-butyl-4-chloro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

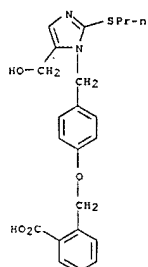


RN 114799-61-0 CAPLUS

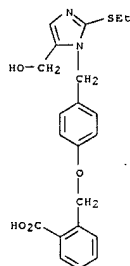
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[5-(hydroxymethyl)-2-(propylthio)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 69 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 125848-45-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-(ethylthio)-5-(hydroxymethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 73 THERE ARE 73 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
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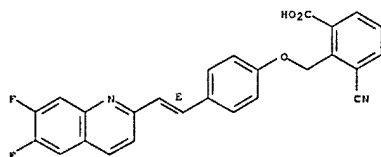
L6 ANSWER 70 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 derived from an optionally substituted and/or optionally benzene ring-fused five- or six-membered arom. heterocycle contg. 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur; B is OCH2, CH2CH2, SCH2, CH2O, or CH2S; X is S, O, CH2, or CH; Y is optionally substituted C1-10 alkylene, phenylene, or Q; wherein O, p

or  
 p1 is an integer of 0-2; q is an integer of 1-4; Z is optionally protected  
 carboxyl, 1H-tetrazol-5-yl, SO3H, NHSO2R3, or CONHSO2R3; wherein R3 is C1-4 alkyl, fluoro-C1-4 alkyl, optionally substituted phenyl; a solid  
 line  
 accompanied by a dotted line represents a single or double bond; m is an integer of 1 to 4; and n is an integer of 1 to 3; are prepd. These compds. exhibit potent antagonism against leukotriene D4, C4, and E4 and are useful as anti-allergic agents and anti-inflammatory agents. Thus, 0.77 g 2-[(E)-2-(7-chloro-6-fluoro-2-quinolinyl)ethenyl]-11-hydroxy-6,11-dihydrodibenz[b,e]oxepine was dissolved in CF3CO2H and CH2Cl2, treated with 0.18 mL 3-mercaptopropionic acid under ice-cooling, and stirred at room temp. for 30 min to give 0.22 g 3-[(E)-2-(7-chloro-6-fluoro-2-quinolinyl)ethenyl]-6,11-dihydrodibenz[b,e]oxepin-11-ylthio]propionic acid (II) which was converted into the sodium salt. 11.Na in vitro inhibited the binding of [3H]leukotriene D4 to leukotriene D4 receptor with pKi of 9.5.

IT 346603-51-8P 346604-51-1P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (Preparation of tricyclic compds. as leukotriene antagonists, anti-allergic, and antiinflammatory agents)

RN 346603-51-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-cyano-2-[[4-[(1E)-2-(6,7-difluoro-2-quinolinyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

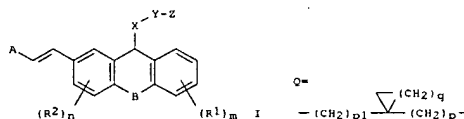


RN 346604-51-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 2-[[4-[[2-(6,7-difluoro-2-quinolinyl)ethenyl]phenoxy]methyl]-4-fluoro- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 70 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:489371 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:76805  
 TITLE: Preparation of tricyclic compounds as leukotriene antagonists  
 INVENTOR(S): Kuroki, Yoshiaki; Ueno, Hitoshi; Kataube, Tetsushi; Kawaguchi, Tetsuo; Okanari, Eiji; Ikuta, Takashi  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ube Industries, Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 150 pp.  
 CODEN: P1XXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

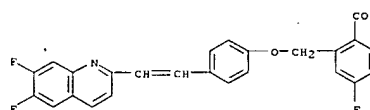
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001047889	A1	20010705	WO 2000-JP9406	20001228
W:	AE, AG, AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, BZ, CA, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DM, DZ, EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MA, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
CA 2395634	A1	20010705	CA 2000-2395634	20001228
AU 2001022301	A5	20010709	AU 2001-22301	20001228
EP 1254897	A1	20021106	EP 2000-985983	20001228
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR			
US 2003216571	A1	20031120	US 2002-169199	20020731
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1999-372455	A 19991228
			WO 2000-JP9406	W 20001228

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 135:76805  
 GI



AB Novel tricyclic compds. having dibenz[b,e]oxepine, dibenz[b,e]thiepine, and dibenz[a,d]cycloheptane rings of general formula (I) or pharmacol. acceptable salts thereof [wherein R1 is H, halo, OH, NO2, cyano, CONH2, CHO, CO2H, C1-4 alkoxy, carbonyl, 1H-tetrazol-5-yl, C1-4 alkyl, fluoro-C1-4 alkyl, hydroxy-C1-4 alkyl, C2-4 alkenyl, C2-4 alkynyl, C1-4 alkoxy, etc.; R2 is H, halo, NO2, cyano, C1-4 alkyl, or C1-4 alkoxy; A is a group

L6 ANSWER 70 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



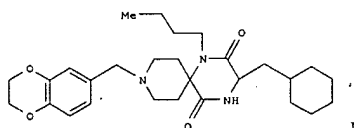
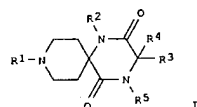
REFERENCE COUNT: 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
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L6 ANSWER 71 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:416939 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:46203  
TITLE: Preparation and effect of triazaspiro[5.5]undecane derivatives as active ingredients in remedy for inflammatory diseases  
INVENTOR(S): Habashita, Hiromu; Hamano, Shinichi; Shibayama, Shiro; Takaoka, Yoshikazu  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ono Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 1149 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001040227	A1	20010607	WO 2000-JP8517	20001201
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VW, YU, ZA, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
CA 2394679	A1	20010607	CA 2000-2394679	20001201
AU 200116506	A	20010612	AU 2001-16506	20001201
AU 780419	B2	20050317		
EP 1236726	A1	20020904	EP 2000-979050	20001201
EP 1236726	B1	20041201		
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR			
BR 200016111	A	20030325	BR 2000-16111	20001201
HU 2003000641	A2	20030629	HU 2003-641	20001201
TW 224597	H	20041201	TW 2000-89125555	20001201
AT 283854	T	20041215	AT 2000-979050	20001201
NZ 519183	A	20050225	NZ 2000-519183	20001201
PT 1236726	T	20050429	PT 2000-979050	20001201
ES 2233479	T3	20050616	ES 2000-979050	20001201
RU 2245021	C2	20051127	RU 2002-117652	20001201
ZA 2002004203	A	20030627	ZA 2002-4203	20020527
NO 2002002609	A	20020726	NO 2002-2609	20020531
NO 323631	B1	20070618		
MX 2002PA05465	A	20031015	MX 2002-PA5465	20020531
US 2004097511	A1	20040520	US 2003-148382	20030508
US 7115091	B2	20061010	JP 1999-344967	A 19991203
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-18673	A 20000127
			JP 2000-27968	A 20000204
			JP 2000-147882	A 20000519

L6 ANSWER 71 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
WO 2000-JP8517 W 20001201

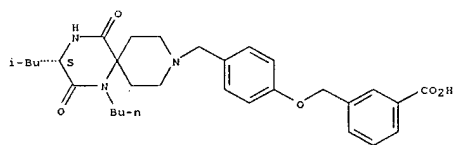
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 135:46203  
GI



AB Title compds. [I: R1 = H, aryl, arylalkyloxycarbonyl, alkenyloxycarbonyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl; R2 = alkyl, alkynyl; R3 = H; R4 = alkyl; R5 = H, alkyl], stereoisomers, quaternary ammonium salts thereof, N-oxides thereof and nontoxic salts thereof, are prepared via solid phase synthesis using divinylbenzene-polystyrene or divinylbenzene-Rink resin. Title compds. I, having controlling effects of chemokine/chemokine receptors, are useful in preventing and/or treating various inflammatory diseases, asthma, atopic dermatitis, urticaria, allergic diseases, nephritis, nephropathy, hepatitis, arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, etc. Thus, the title compound II-HCl was prepared and biol. tested.  
IT 342913-02-4P 342913-92-2P 343275-25-2P  
343276-41-5P  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(preparation and effect of triazaspiro[5.5]undecane derivs. as active ingredients in inflammatory disease therapy)  
RN 342913-02-4 CAPLUS

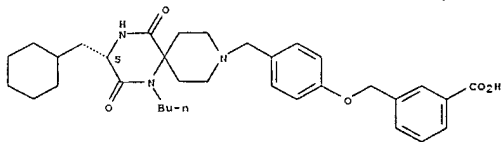
L6 ANSWER 71 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[[4-[[[(3S)-1-butyl-3-(2-methylpropyl)-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



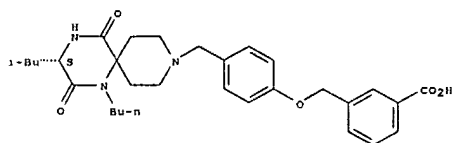
RN 342913-92-2 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[[4-[[[(3S)-1-butyl-3-(cyclohexylmethyl)-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 343275-25-2 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[[4-[[[(3S)-1-butyl-3-(2-methylpropyl)-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, monohydrochloride (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

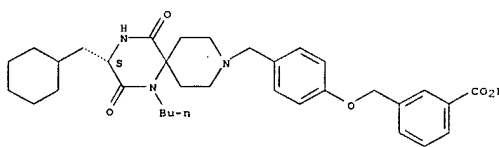
Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

L6 ANSWER 71 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
RN 343276-41-5 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[[4-[[[(3S)-1-butyl-3-(cyclohexylmethyl)-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, monohydrochloride (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



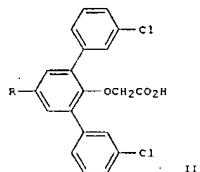
● HCl

REFERENCE COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

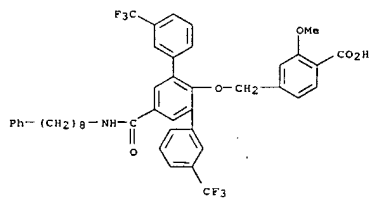
L6 ANSWER 72 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:255930 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:280608  
 TITLE: Preparation of bi- and terphenylcarboxamides as protein tyrosine phosphatase inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Butera, John A.; Caufield, Craig E.; Graceffa, Russell  
 F.: Greenfield, Alexander; Gundersen, Eric G.; Havran, Lisa Marie; Katz, Alan H.; Lennox, Joseph R.; Mayer, Scott C.; McDevitt, Robert E.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA  
 SOURCE: U.S., 75 pp.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: CODEM: USXXAM  
 LANGUAGE: Patent  
 English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6214877	B1	20010410	US 1999-307850	19990510
US 2001018525	A1	20010830	US 2001-771469	20010126
US 6451827	B2	20020917		
US 2003083341	A1	20030501	US 2002-215438	20020809
US 6765021	B2	20040720		
US 2004214869	A1	20041028	US 2004-843026	20040511
US 7008636	B2	20060307		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1998-108154P	P 19980512
			US 1999-307850	A3 19990510
			US 2001-771469	A3 20010126
			US 2002-215438	A3 20020809

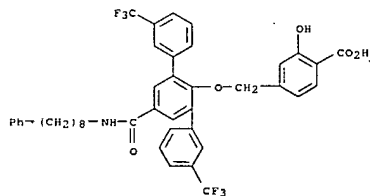
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:280608  
 GI



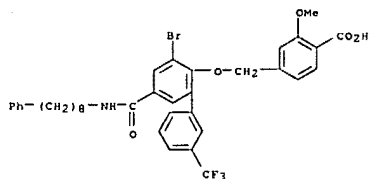
L6 ANSWER 72 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 251476-96-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-4-[[[5'-[[[8-phenyloctyl]amino]carbonyl]-3,3'-bis(trifluoromethyl)]1,1':3',1''-terphenyl]-2'-yl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

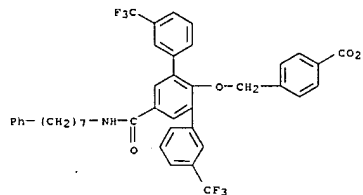


RN 251477-00-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[[3-bromo-5-[[[8-phenyloctyl]amino]carbonyl]-3'-bis(trifluoromethyl)]1,1'-biphenyl]-2-yl]oxy]methyl]-2-methoxy- (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 72 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

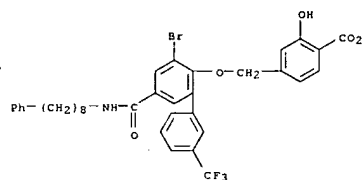
AB R102R (1: R = OH, alkyl, alkoxy, (hetero)aryl(alkyl), ureido, etc.; R1 = H, (carboxy)alkyl, etc.; Z = (un)substituted 2-aryl-1,4-phenylene) were prepared. Thus, 4-(HO)C6H4CO2Et was brominated and the iodinated product etherified by HOCH2CH2OH to give Et 3-bromo-4-(2-hydroxyethoxy)-5-iodobenzoate which was arylated by 3-ClC6H4(OH)2 and the product amidated by dodecylamine to give, after saponification, title compound II [R = Bu(CH2)8NHCO].  
 Data for biol. activity of I were given.  
 IT 251476-32-1P 251476-95-6P 251476-96-7P  
 251477-00-6P 251477-04-0P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse): BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of bi- and terphenylcarboxamides as protein tyrosine phosphatase inhibitors)  
 RN 251476-32-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[[5'-[[[7-phenylheptyl]amino]carbonyl]-3,3'-bis(trifluoromethyl)]1,1':3',1''-terphenyl]-2'-yl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 251476-95-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[[5'-[[[8-phenyloctyl]amino]carbonyl]-3,3'-bis(trifluoromethyl)]1,1':3',1''-terphenyl]-2'-yl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

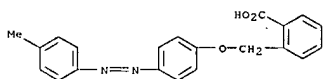
L6 ANSWER 72 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

RN 251477-04-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-methoxy-4-[[[5'-[[[8-phenyloctyl]amino]carbonyl]-3'-bis(trifluoromethyl)]1,1':3',1''-biphenyl]-2-yl]oxy]methyl]-2-hydroxy- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 112 THERE ARE 112 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

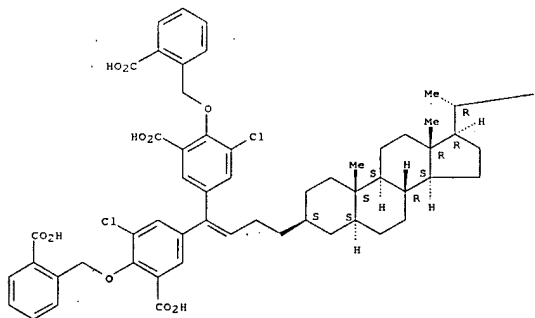
L6 ANSWER 73 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:190352 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:5420  
 TITLE: Synthesis of 2-[4-(p-tolylazo)phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid and some potentially biologically active amides  
 AUTHOR(S): Florea, Stelian; Brujan, Loreana  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Chim., Univ. Craiova, Rom.  
 SOURCE: Revista de Chimie (Bucharest, Romania) (2000), 51(12), 979-982  
 CODEN: RCBUAU; ISSN: 0034-7752  
 PUBLISHER: SYSCOM 18 SRL  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Romanian  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 135:5420  
 AB 2-[4-(p-Tolylazo)phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid (I) was synthesized from 4-(p-tolylazo)phenol and phthalide and its chloride was condensed with various primary and secondary amines. The visible spectrum of I in acid and alkaline solution shows that this compound exists in an azo-hydrazone tautomeric equilibrium. The structures of the new compds. were characterized by elemental analyses, IR and mass-spectrometry.  
 IT 341497-66-3P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation of 2-[4-(p-tolylazo)phenoxy]methyl]benzoic acid and some amides)  
 RN 341497-66-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-[(4-methylphenyl)azo]phenoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



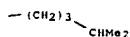
L6 ANSWER 74 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:44861 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:231514  
 TITLE: Correlation of anti-HIV activity with anion spacing in a series of cosalane analogs with extended polycarboxylate pharmacophores  
 AUTHOR(S): Santhosh, Kalpathy C.; Paul, Gitendra C.; De Clercq, Erik; Pannecouque, Christophe; Witvrouw, Myriam; Loftus, Tracy L.; Turpin, Jim A.; Buckheit, Robert W., Jr.; Cushman, Mark  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Medicinal Chemistry and Molecular Pharmacology School of Pharmacy and Pharmacal Sciences, Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN, 47907, USA  
 SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2001), 44(5), 703-714  
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623  
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 134:231514  
 AB Cosalane and its synthetic derivs. inhibit the binding of gp120 to CD4 as well as the fusion of the viral envelope with the cell membrane. The binding of the cosalanes to CD4 is proposed to involve ionic interactions of the neg. charged carboxylates of the ligands with pos. charged arginine and lysine amino acid side chains of the protein. To investigate the effect of anion spacing on anti-HIV activity in the cosalane system, a series of cosalane tetracarboxylates was synthesized in which the two proximal and two distal carboxylates are separated by 6-12 atoms. Maximum activity was observed when the proximal and distal carboxylates are separated by 8 atoms. In a series of cosalane amino acid derivs. containing glutamic acid, glycine, aspartic acid,  $\beta$ -alanine, leucine, and phenylalanine residues, maximum activity was displayed by the di(glutamic acid) analog. A hypothetical model has been devised for the binding of the cosalane di(glutamic acid) conjugate to CD4. In general, the compds. in this series are more potent against HIV-1RF in CEM-SS cells than they are vs HIV-1IIB in MT-4 cells, and they are least potent vs HIV-2ROD in MT-4 cells.  
 IT 229948-50-9P 229948-51-OP 229948-52-IP  
 330582-63-3P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (correlation of anti-HIV activity with anion spacing in a series of cosalane analogs with extended polycarboxylate pharmacophores)  
 RN 229948-50-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3 $\beta$ ,5 $\alpha$ )-cholestan-3-yl-1-butenylidene]bis[6-[(2-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 74 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

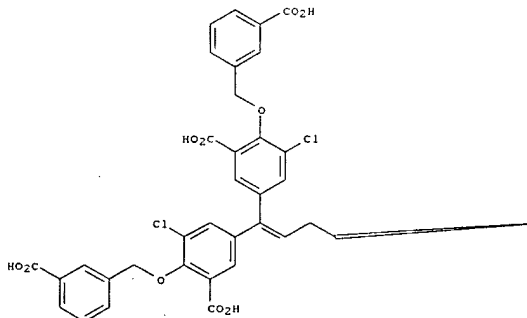


RN 229948-51-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3 $\beta$ ,5 $\alpha$ )-cholestan-3-yl-1-butenylidene]bis[6-[(2-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

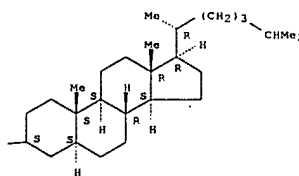
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 74 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

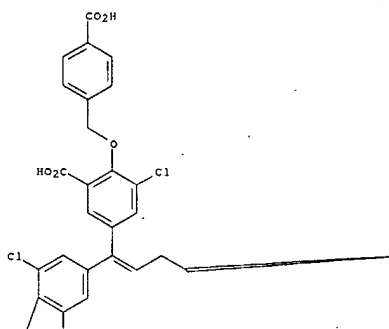


RN 229948-52-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3 $\beta$ ,5 $\alpha$ )-cholestan-3-yl-1-butenylidene]bis[6-[(2-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro- (CA INDEX NAME)

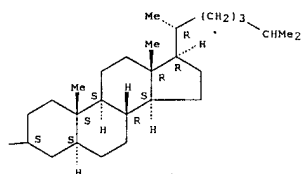
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 74 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A

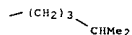


PAGE 1-B

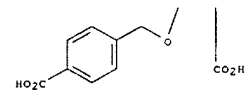


L6 ANSWER 74 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B



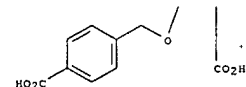
PAGE 2-A



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L6 ANSWER 74 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

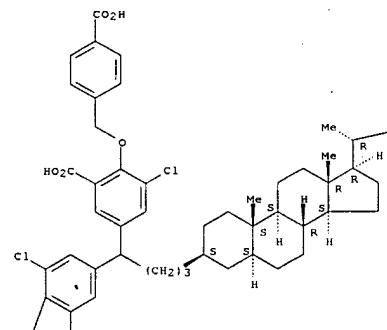
PAGE 2-A



RN 330582-63-3 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3[4,5u]-cholestan-3-ylbutylidene)bis[6-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



L6 ANSWER 75 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:32760 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:252679

TITLE: Highly Efficient and Thermally Stable Nonlinear Optical Dendrimer for Electrooptics  
AUTHOR(S): Ma, Hong; Chen, Baoquan; Sassa, Takafumi; Dalton, Larry R.; Jen, Alex K.-Y.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Materials Science and Engineering  
Department of Chemistry, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, 98195-2120, USA  
SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (2001), 123(5), 986-987

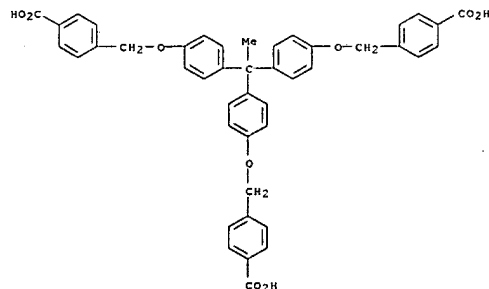
CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863  
PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

AB The synthesis and characterization of a crosslinkable nonlinear optical (NLO) dendrimer is reported. The NLO dendrimer was constructed through a double-end functionalization of a 3-D shape phenyl-tetracyanobutadienyl thiophene-stilbene-based NLO chromophore as the center core and crosslinkable trifluorovinyl ether-containing dendrons as the exterior moieties. The resulting dendrimer exhibits a combination of large  $r_{33}$  value of 60 pm/V at 1.55  $\mu\text{m}$  and good temporal stability at 85°.

IT 330982-78-0  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(preparation and crosslinking of nonlinear-optical dendritic monomer)

RN 330982-78-0 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 4,4',4'''-[ethyldynetris(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]tris- (CA INDEX NAME)



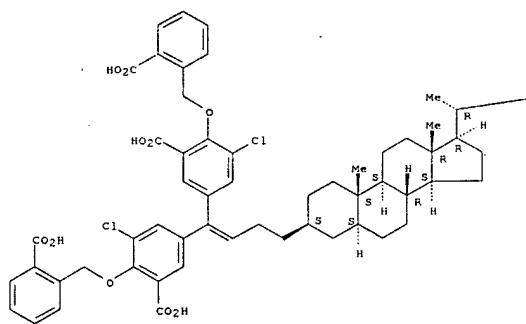
REFERENCE COUNT: 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

L6 ANSWER 76 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:872661 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:216802  
 TITLE: Inhibition of RANTES/CCR1-mediated chemotaxis by cosalane and related compounds  
 AUTHOR(S): Howard, O. M. Z.; Dong, H. F.; Oppenheim, J. J.; Insal, S.; Santhosh, K. C.; Paul, G.; Cushman, M.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory of Molecular Immunoregulation, National Cancer Institute--Frederick Cancer Research and Development Center, Frederick, MD, 21702, USA  
 SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2000), Volume Date 2001, 11(1), 59-62  
 CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-294X  
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB The anti-HIV agent cosalane and several of its analogs inhibited RANTES-induced migration of human monocytes, but they did not inhibit migration induced by MIP1 $\alpha$  or MIP1 $\beta$ . RANTES-induced migration of single receptor CCR1-HEK transfectants was also inhibited by the cosalanes. Acetylation of the reactive amino groups of RANTES abrogated the inhibitory activity of cosalane. The data suggest that cosalane and its structural analogs may interfere with the RANTES/CCR1 interaction by binding to RANTES.  
 IT 229948-56-5P 229948-57-6P 229948-58-7P  
 329328-09-8P 329328-14-5P  
 RI: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (inhibition of RANTES/CCR1-mediated chemotaxis by cosalane and related compds.)  
 RN 229948-56-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3 $\beta$ ,5 $\alpha$ )-cholestan-3-yl-1-butenylidene]bis[6-[(2-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro-, tetrasodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

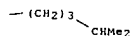
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 76 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



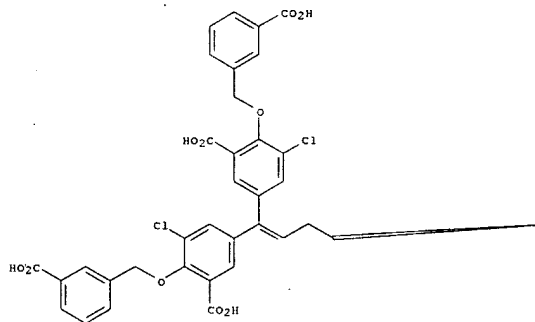
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RN 229948-57-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3 $\beta$ ,5 $\alpha$ )-cholestan-3-yl-1-butenylidene]bis[6-[(2-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro-, tetrasodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

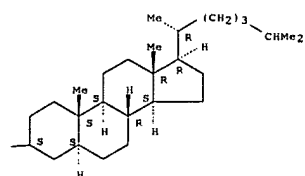
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 76 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



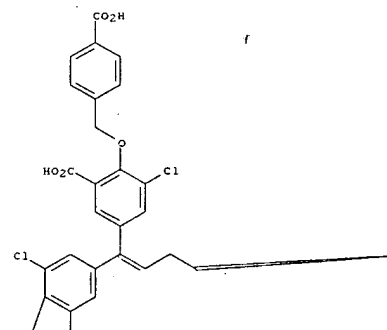
● 4 Na

RN 229948-58-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3 $\beta$ ,5 $\alpha$ )-cholestan-3-yl-1-butenylidene]bis[6-[(2-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro-, tetrasodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

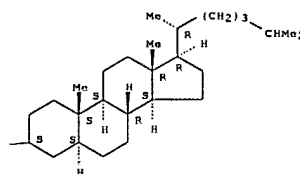
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 76 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A

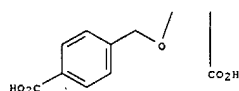


PAGE 1-B



L6 ANSWER 76 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 2-A

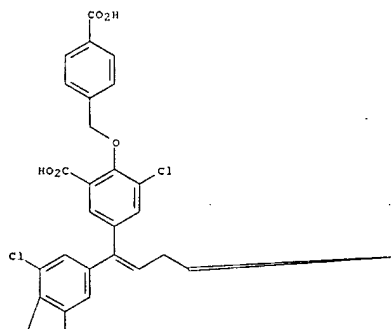


● 4 Na

RN 329328-09-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3β,5α)-cholestan-3-yl-1-butynylidene]bis[6-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro-, disodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

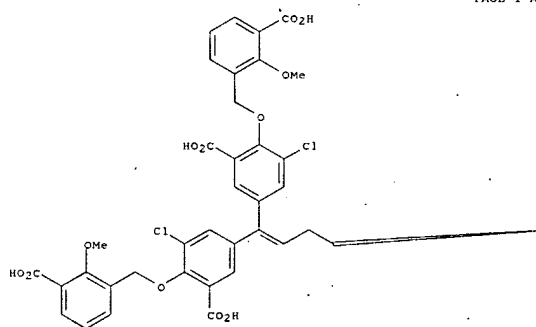
Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

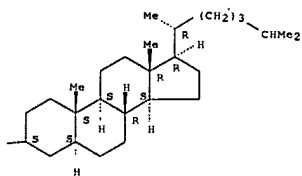


L6 ANSWER 76 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

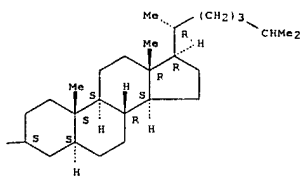


● 2 Na

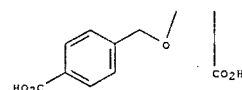
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L6 ANSWER 76 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B



PAGE 2-A



● 2 Na

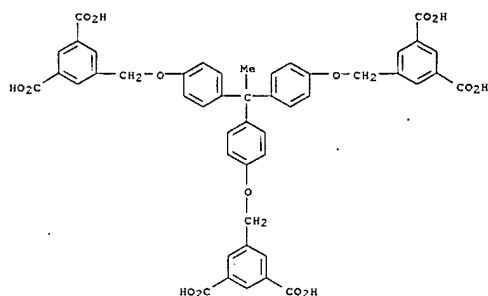
RN 329328-14-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3β,5α)-cholestan-3-yl-1-butynylidene]bis[6-[(3-carboxy-2-methoxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro-, disodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 77 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:806430 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:214835  
 TITLE: Dendrimer-based chemically amplified resists for sub-100-nm lithography  
 AUTHOR(S): Tully, David C.; Trimble, Alexander R.; Frechet, Jean M. J.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. of California, Berkeley, CA, USA  
 SOURCE: Proceedings of SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering (2000), 3999(Pt. 2, Advances in Resist Technology and Processing XVII), 1202-1206  
 CODEN: PSISDG; ISSN: 0277-786X  
 PUBLISHER: SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB Several new poly(benzyl ether) and poly(benzyl ester) dendrimers that incorporate acid- and thermally-labile peripheral groups have been synthesized. tert-Bu ester terminated poly(benzyl ether) dendrimers were synthesized using α-bromo-tert-Bu acetate in the preliminary protection step to afford the first generation alc. A standard bromination of the focal point benzylic alc. was used for the activation step, while standard Williamson ether conditions were used for the coupling steps to afford higher generation poly(benzyl ether) dendrons. tert-Bu ester terminated dendrons were then coupled to a difunctional core to produce the [6-3] dendrimer. tert-Bu carbonate (t-Boc) terminated poly(benzyl ester) dendrimers were also synthesized. This class of dendrimers was synthesized by first protecting monomeric building block 3,5-dihydroxybenzaldehyde with di-t-Bu dicarbonate. A reductive activation step afforded the [6-1] alc. The growth steps were accomplished by either Mitsunobu etherification with 3,5-dihydroxybenzaldehyde or by esterification with 5-hydroxymethylisophthalic acid. Finally, coupling of the benzyl alc. dendrons to a polyfunctional core afforded second and third generation dendrimers. Chemical amplified resists formulated from both t-Bu ester and t-Boc terminated dendrimers show high sensitivity to DUV and e-beam irradiation. Feature sizes well below 100 nm have been routinely patterned using e-beam lithog.  
 IT 305323-45-9  
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process) (preparation of tert-Bu carbonate terminated dendrimer for resist application)  
 RN 305323-45-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 5,5',5''-[ethyldinitris(4,1-phenyleneoxy)methylene]tris- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

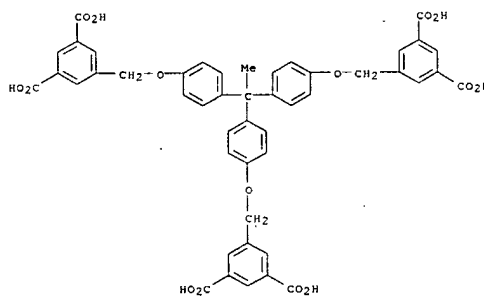
L6 ANSWER 77 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



REFERENCE COUNT: 33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR  
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FORMAT RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

L6 ANSWER 78 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:633845 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:357149  
TITLE: Dendrimers with thermally labile end groups: An alternative approach to chemically amplified resist materials designed for sub-100 nm lithography  
AUTHOR(S): Tully, David C.; Trimble, Alexander R.; Frechet, Jean M. J.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, University of California at Berkeley, Berkeley, CA, 94720-1460, USA  
SOURCE: Advanced Materials (Weinheim, Germany) (2000), 12(15), 1119-1122  
CODEN: ADVMEW; ISSN: 0935-9648  
PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
AB Chemical amplified resists are described which are based on tert-butoxycarbonyloxy-terminated dendrimers and photoacid generators. Resist formulations prepared from these dendrimers were highly sensitive to both deep-UV and electron-beam exposures, providing reproducible patterning <100 nm.  
IT 305323-45-9P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(synthesis of tert-butoxycarbonyloxy-terminated dendrimers for lithog. chemical amplified resists formulations)  
RN 305323-45-9 CAPLUS  
CN 1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 5,5',5''-[ethyldimethyltris(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]tris- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



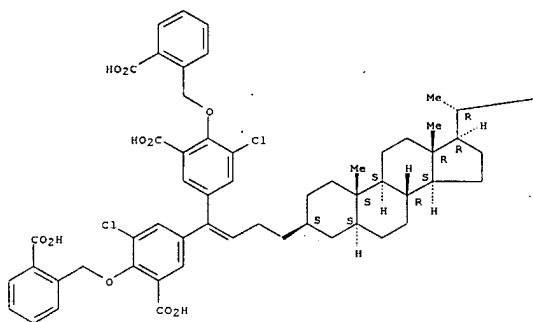
L6 ANSWER 78 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
REFERENCE COUNT: 33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR  
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FORMAT RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

L6 ANSWER 79 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:619262 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:344174  
TITLE: Identification of optimal anion spacing for anti-HIV activity in a series of cosalane tetracarboxylates  
AUTHOR(S): Paul, G. C.; De Clercq, E.; Pannecouque, C.; Witvrouw, M.; Loftus, T. L.; Turpin, J. A.; Buckheit, R. W.; Cushman, M.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: School of Pharmacy and Pharmacal Sciences, Department of Medicinal Chemistry and Molecular Pharmacology, Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN, 47907, USA  
SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2000), 10(18), 2149-2152  
CODEN: BMCLES; ISSN: 0960-894X  
PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
AB The binding of the anti-HIV agent cosalane to CD4 is thought to involve ionic interactions of neg. charged carboxylates of the ligand with pos. charged residues on the surface of the protein. An investigation of the optimal anion distances for anti-HIV activity in a series of cosalane tetracarboxylate analogs has been completed, and maximal activity results when the two proximal and the two distal carboxylates are separated by eight atoms.  
IT 229948-50-9P 229948-51-OP 229948-52-1P  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
(identification of optimal anion spacing for anti-HIV activity in a series of cosalane tetracarboxylates)  
RN 229948-50-9 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-[(3R,5S)-cholestan-3-yl-1-butenylidene]bis[6-[(2-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
Absolute stereochemistry.

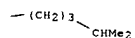


L6 ANSWER 79 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

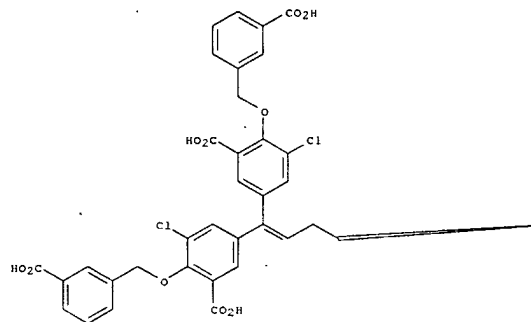


RN 229948-51-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3H,5H)-cholestan-3-yl-1-butenylidene]bis[6-[(3-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

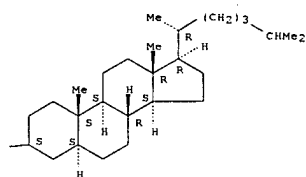
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 79 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

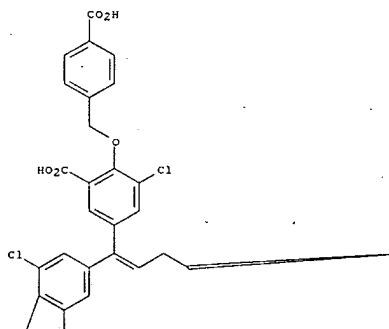


RN 229948-52-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3H,5H)-cholestan-3-yl-1-butenylidene]bis[6-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro- (CA INDEX NAME)

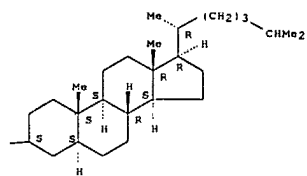
L6 ANSWER 79 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

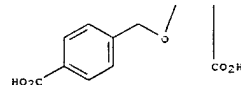


PAGE 1-B



L6 ANSWER 79 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 2-A

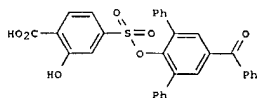


REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

L6 ANSWER 80 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:323251 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:334280  
 TITLE: Preparation of 4-aryloxy sulfonyl-2-hydroxybenzoates and analogs as insulin receptor protein tyrosine phosphatase 1b inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Dollings, Paul J.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): American Home Products Corp., USA  
 SOURCE: U.S., 17 pp.  
 CODEN: USXXAM  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:  

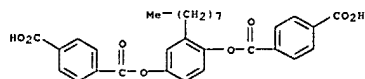
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6063815	A	20000516	US 1999-307920	19990510
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1998-100427P	P 19980512

 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 132:334280  
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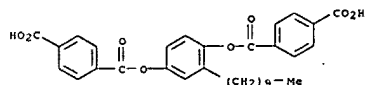


AB YXZCOR [I; R = (un)substituted Ph; X = O, NR6, CH2NR6; R6 = H or alkyl; Y = SO2R1, CH2R1, CH2CO2R7; R1 = (un)substituted (hetero)aryl; R7 = H or alkyl; Z = 2,6-(un)substituted 1,4-phenylene] were prepared were prepared for treatment of insulin resistance and hyperglycemia. Thus, 4-(HO)C6H4COPh was biotinylated and the O-protected product condensed with PhB(OH)2 to give, after deprotection, [2''-hydroxyl,1'':3',1''-terphenyl-5''-yl]phenylmethanone which was O-acylated by 2,4-(HO)(ClO2S)C6H3CO2H to give title compound II. Data for biol. activity of I were given.  
 IT 267883-84-1P  
 RI: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse): BSU  
 (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of 4-aryloxy sulfonyl-2-hydroxybenzoates and analogs as insulin receptor protein tyrosine phosphatase 1b inhibitors)  
 RN 267883-84-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[[(5'-benzoyl[1,1':3',1''-terphenyl]-2'-yl)oxy]methyl]-2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

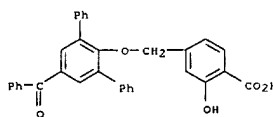
L6 ANSWER 81 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:152248 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:120757  
 TITLE: Synthesis of oligomeric alkylhydroquinone terephthalates. II  
 AUTHOR(S): Majnusz, Jerzy; Biedrzycki, Zbigniew  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Physical Chemistry and Technology of Polymers, Faculty of Chemistry, Silesian Technical University, Gliwice, PL 44-100, Pol.  
 SOURCE: Polish Journal of Applied Chemistry (1999), 43(1-2), 125-133  
 CODEN: PJACE2; ISSN: 0867-8928  
 PUBLISHER: Polish Scientific Publishers PWN  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB Several preparation procedures of oligomeric alkylhydroquinone terephthalates containing four and more benzene rings, from 2-alkylhydroquinones, terephthaloyl chloride and monofunctional acid chlorides as well as 4-methoxyphenol are described. Oligoesters, containing four to seven benzene rings were prepared in multi-step reactions of the defined compds., whereas oligoesters containing more than seven benzene rings were obtained by a two-step polycondensation of an excess of alkylhydroquinones with terephthaloyl chloride followed by the final reaction of the obtained polycondensation products terminated by hydroxyl groups with anisoyl chloride. The phase transition temps. and the chemical compns. of the compds. studied are given.  
 IT 285553-97-1P 285553-98-2P  
 RI: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (synthesis of oligomeric alkylhydroquinone terephthalates)  
 RN 285553-97-1 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 2-octyl-1,4-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 285553-98-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 2-decyl-1,4-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 80 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

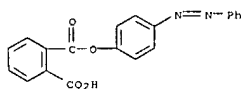


REFERENCE COUNT: 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
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L6 ANSWER 81 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
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L6 ANSWER 82 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:100893 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:250953  
 TITLE: Ethanol initiated reactions using microwaves. A technique for aromatic ester synthesis  
 AUTHOR(S): Bratulescu, G.; Le Bigot, Y.; Delmas, M.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Institut National Polytechnique de Toulouse, Ecole Nationale Supérieure de Chimie de Toulouse, Laboratoire de Catalyse, Chimie Fine et Polymères, Toulouse, 31077, Fr.  
 SOURCE: Synthetic Communications (2000), 30(1), 171-176  
 CODEN: SYNCAV; ISSN: 0039-7911  
 PUBLISHER: Marcel Dekker, Inc.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 132:250953  
 AB Ortho-phthalic monoesters were synthesized through a reaction between phthalic anhydride and K phenoxides. Synthesis was performed by irradiating pastes containing organic reagents and a small quantity of EtOH.  
 IT 262606-80-4P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (ethanol initiated microwave mono-esterification of phthalic anhydride with phenoxide)  
 RM 262606-80-4 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[4-(phenylazo)phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

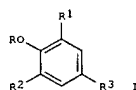


REFERENCE COUNT: 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
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L6 ANSWER 83 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:764010 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:12200  
 TITLE: Preparation of terphenyloxyalkanoic acids and analogs as protein-tyrosine phosphatase inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Butera, John Anthony; Caulfield, Craig Eugene; Graceffa, Russell Francis; Greenfield, Alexander; Gundersen, Eric Gould; Havran, Lisa Marie; Katz, Alan Howard; Lennox, Joseph Richard; Mayer, Scott Christian; McDevitt, Robert Emmett  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): American Home Products Corporation, USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 277 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

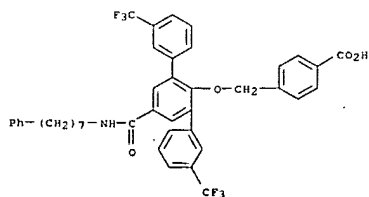
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9961410	A1	19991202	WO 1999-US10158	19990510
W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GR, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2331056	A1	19991202	CA 1999-2331056	19990510
AU 9940727	A	19991213	AU 1999-40727	19990510
EP 1077929	A1	20010228	EP 1999-924158	19990510
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 2002516305	T	20020604	JP 2000-550819	19990510
MX 2000PA11094	A	20010405	MX 2000-PA11094	20001110
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1998-76709	A 19980512
			WO 1999-US10158	W 19990510

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 132:12200  
 GI



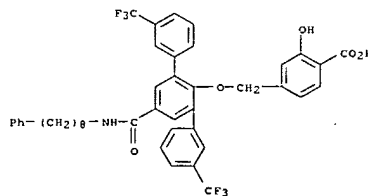
AB Title compds. [I: R = H, alkyl, SO2ZCO2H, CH2CO2H, (hetero)arylmethyl,

L6 ANSWER 83 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 etc.; R1, R2 = H, halo, alkyl, (hetero)aryl, etc.; R3 = alkyl, (hetero)aryl(alkyl), alkoxy(methyl), (un)substituted CONH2, etc.; Z = hydroxyphenyl were prepd. Thus, Et 2-bromo-4-(2-hydroxyethoxy)-5-iodobenzoate was condensed with 3-ClC6H4B(OH)2 and the product amidated by dodecylamine to give, after oxidn., I (R = CH2CO2H, R1 = R2 = C6H4Cl-3, R3 = dodecylcarbamoyl). Data for biol. activity of I were given.  
 IT 251476-32-1P 251476-95-6P 251476-96-7P  
 251477-00-6P 251477-04-0P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 acids preparation of substituted biphenyl-, aryl, and terphenyloxyalkanoic as inhibitors for protein-tyrosine phosphatases in treatment of insulin resistance and hyperglycemia)  
 RN 251476-32-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[[5'-[[[7-phenylheptyl]amino]carbonyl]-3,3'-bis(trifluoromethyl)][1,1':3',1''-terphenyl]-2'-yl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

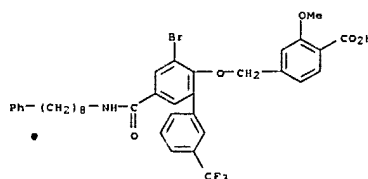


RN 251476-95-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-methoxy-4-[[[5'-[[[8-phenyloctyl]amino]carbonyl]-3,3'-bis(trifluoromethyl)][1,1':3',1''-terphenyl]-2'-yl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 83 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 F3C  
 Ph-(CH2)8-NH-C(=O)-  
 RN 251476-96-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-4-[[[5'-[[[8-phenyloctyl]amino]carbonyl]-3,3'-bis(trifluoromethyl)][1,1':3',1''-terphenyl]-2'-yl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

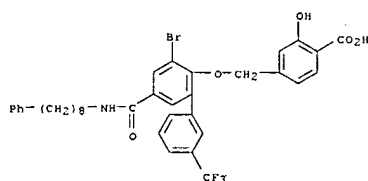


RN 251477-00-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[[3-bromo-5-[[[8-phenyloctyl]amino]carbonyl]-3'-bis(trifluoromethyl)][1,1'-biphenyl]-2'-yl]oxy]methyl]-2-methoxy- (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 83 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

RN 251477-04-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[[3-bromo-5-[[[8-phenyloctyl]amino]carbonyl]-3'-  
(trifluoromethyl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-yl]oxy]methyl]-2-hydroxy- (CA INDEX  
NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 84 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:626245 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:258069

TITLE: Rapidly photocurable compositions containing iodonium  
salt compounds as photopolymerization initiators

Takahashi, Eisji; Shirai, Akihito; Takahashi, Hiroshi;

Kimizuka, Shinichi

Nippon Soda Co., Ltd., Japan

PCT Int. Appl., 65 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

Patent

Japanese

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9948945	A1	19990930	WO 1999-JP1351	19990318
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
JP 11269107	A	19991005	JP 1998-92187	19980323
JP 11279213	A	19991012	JP 1998-99961	19980330
EP 1106639	A1	20010613	EP 1999-909226	19990316
EP 1106639	B1	20070829		
R: DE, FR				
JP 2000119306	A	20000425	JP 1999-76916	19990319
US 6558871	B1	20030506	US 2000-646700	20000919
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			JP 1998-90672	A 19980320
			JP 1998-92187	A 19980323
			JP 1998-99961	A 19980330
			JP 1998-226844	A 19980811
			WO 1999-JP1351	W 19990318

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 131:258069

AB Title composition is a photocurable cationic composition which cures in a short time upon irradiation with actinic energy rays. They are based on the following

findings: (1) a colorless lowly toxic iodonium salt compound can be easily synthesized in high yield when a specific substrate is used as a starting material; (2) a photocurable composition curing in a short time to give a cured article having excellent material properties is obtained by using the iodonium salt compound in combination with a sensitizer; and (3) a highly sensitive photocurable composition which upon irradiation with actinic energy rays cures in a short time to give a cured article having excellent material properties is obtained by using a compound having a group functioning as

L6 ANSWER 84 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

cationic photopolym. initiator, a sensitizing group accelerating the photoinitiated cationic reaction, and a cationically polymerizable group in the same mol. Thus, di-Ph ether 12.8, iodosobenzene acetate 48.3, and potassium hexafluorophosphate 27.6 g were reacted to give 39.2 g 1,1'-diphenyl-1,1'-(4,4'-oxydiphenyl)diiodonium bis(hexafluorophosphate (I). A compn. comprising 100 parts UVR 6110 epoxy resin and 1 parts I

was irradiated with Hg lamp showing rapid curability.

IT 244770-33-OP 244770-35-2P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of iodonium salt compds. useful as photopolym.

initiators for rapidly photocurable compns.)

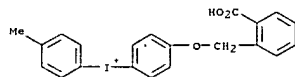
RN 244770-33-0 CAPLUS

CN Iodonium, [4-[(2-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]phenyl][4-methylphenyl]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 244770-32-9

CMF C21 H18 I O3

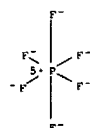


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 244770-35-2 CAPLUS

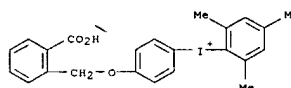
CN Iodonium, [4-[(2-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]phenyl][2,4,6-trimethylphenyl]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 244770-34-1

CMF C23 H22 I O3

L6 ANSWER 84 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

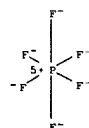


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



REFERENCE COUNT: 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

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L6 ANSWER 85 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:390409 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:45048  
 TITLE: Preparation of disalicylate analog based sialyl Lewisx

mimetics as antiinflammatory agents and selectin receptors  
 INVENTOR(S): Anderson, Mark B.; Levy, Daniel E.; Holme, Kevin R.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Glycomed Incorporated, USA; Sankyo Co., Ltd.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 104 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9929706	A2	19990617	WO 1998-US25788	19981204
WO 9929706	A3	19990812		

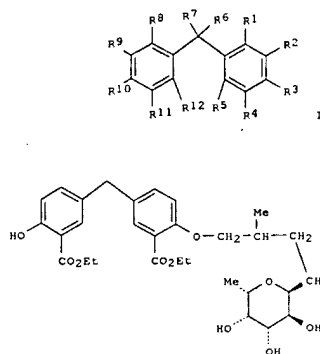
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 9919036 A 19990628 AU 1999-19036 19981204  
 US 1997-67877P P 19971208  
 WO 1998-US25788 W 19981204

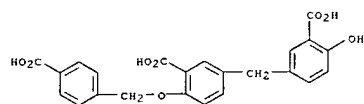
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 131:45048  
 G1

L6 ANSWER 85 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

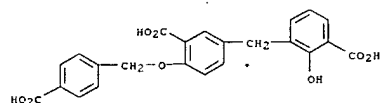


AB The present invention discloses medicaments that are selectin-ligand structural mimetics that bind to certain selectins wherein the mimetics may lack the sialic acid and/or fucose of the natural selecting ligand, sialyl Lewisx (sLex), but have a structure capable of mimicking the structural features necessary for selectin recognition. In particular, the invention compds. mimic the key structural features of the oligosaccharides responsible for selectin-mediated cell adhesion. These features consist of the charge-distance-relationship between the carboxylic acid functionality of sialic acid at a distance of 8-12 angstroms of the L-fucose moiety. The invention compds. are disalicylate, its analogs, and disalicylate-based C-glycoside compds. I wherein R1-R12 are independently alkoxy, H, OH, aryl, aryloxy, aralkoxy, alkoxyaryl, amino, alkyl, sialic acid, quinic acid, sulfone, sulfonamide, phosphate, NO2, carboxylic acid, heterocycle; R2R3 and R9R10 are S, O, amine; R5R12 is CH2, CO, O, S, imino; R6R7 is O, CH2, imino, were prepared as selectin receptors. The present invention also discloses methods of treating selectin-mediated disorders comprising administering the compds. disclosed. Thus, C-glycoside II was prepared as P-selectin receptor (IC50 = 1039 μM).  
 IT 227595-87-1P 227595-90-6P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

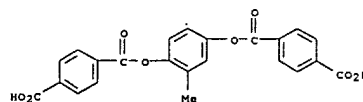
L6 ANSWER 85 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 (prepn. of disalicylate analog based sialyl Lewisx mimetics as antiinflammatory agents and selectin receptors)  
 RN 227595-87-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 5-[(3-carboxy-4-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]-2-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 227595-90-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 5-[(3-carboxy-2-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]-2-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 86 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:301132 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:74053  
 TITLE: Synthesis of main-chain liquid crystalline polyesters containing flexible spacer of poly(ethylene oxide)  
 AUTHOR(S): Tan, Chibing; Zhang, Shufan; Xu, Mao  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Polymer Phys. Lab., Inst. of Chem., Chinese Acad. of Sci., Beijing, 100080, Peop. Rep. China  
 SOURCE: Gaofenzi Xuebao (1999), (2), 240-243  
 CODEN: GAXUE9; ISSN: 1000-3304  
 PUBLISHER: Kexue Chubanshe  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Chinese  
 AB A series of polyesters based on triad aromatic ester mesogenic unit but different length of poly(ethylene oxide) flexible spacers in the main chain was prepared by solution polycondensation and its chemical structure and mesogenic behavior were examined. The intermediates of each step and synthesized polymers and monomers containing mesogenic unit were characterized by elementary anal., IR, 1H-NMR and m.p. measurement.  
 IT 129255-93-2P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (in synthesis of main-chain liquid crystalline polyesters containing flexible spacer of poly(ethylene oxide))  
 RN 129255-93-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 2-methyl-1,4-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 87 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:300373 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:359303  
 TITLE: Color developer for heat-sensitive recording material and process for manufacture thereof  
 INVENTOR(S): Hayskawa, Kunio; Morita, Mitsunobu  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Cy Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: Fr. Demandé, 294 pp.  
 CODEN: FRXXBL  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: French  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

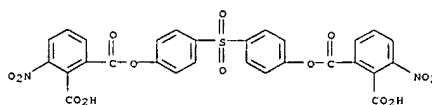
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 2767283	A1	19990219	FR 1998-10446	19980814
FR 2767283	B1	20011123		
JP 11058982	A	19990302	JP 1997-233381	19970814
JP 3651736	B2	20050525		
JP 11140036	A	19990525	JP 1997-323851	19971110
JP 3700895	B2	20050928		
JP 11151864	A	19990608	JP 1997-335141	19971119
JP 3611073	B2	20050119		
JP 11152265	A	19990608	JP 1997-335142	19971119
JP 3673983	B2	20050720		
JP 11158122	A	19990615	JP 1997-344162	19971127
JP 3673984	B2	20050720		
JP 11170707	A	19990629	JP 1997-356211	19971209
JP 3651741	B2	20050525		
JP 11180939	A	19990706	JP 1997-364686	19971218
JP 11180047	A	19990706	JP 1997-364687	19971218
JP 3611078	B2	20050119		
JP 11286179	A	19991019	JP 1998-153632	19980518
JP 3611080	B2	20050119		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

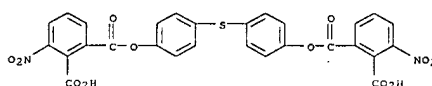
AB The invention relates to color developers for heat-sensitive recording

L6 ANSWER 87 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 material which comprises a heat-sensitive coloring layer contg. a leuco dye and a color developer on a support, wherein the recording material is used with a thermal head, a heat pen or a laser beam. The color developer comprises at least one compd. having at least two types of arom. rings which have at least one carboxyl group and an electron accepting group, arom. ring having a carboxylic group and an electron donating group, or arom. ring without an electron-accepting or -donating group.  
 IT 224642-05-1P 224642-06-2P 224642-07-3P  
 224642-11-9P 224642-21-1P 224642-22-2P  
 224642-23-3P  
 RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material)

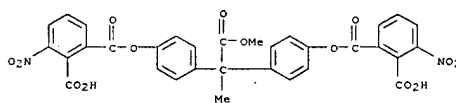
use): PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (color developer for heat-sensitive recording material)  
 RN 224642-05-1 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 3-nitro-, 1,1'-(sulfonyldi-4,1-phenylene) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



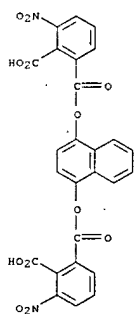
RN 224642-06-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 3-nitro-, 1,1'-(thiodi-4,1-phenylene) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



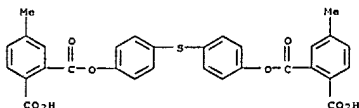
RN 224642-07-3 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 3-nitro-, 1,1'-[(2-methoxy-1-methyl-2-oxoethylidene)di-4,1-phenylene] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 87 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 RN 224642-11-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 3-nitro-, 1,1'-(1,4-naphthalenediyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

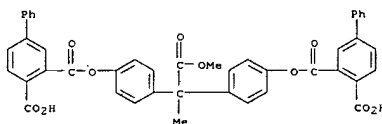


RN 224642-21-1 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-methyl-, 2,2'-(thiodi-4,1-phenylene) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

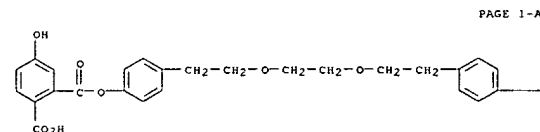


RN 224642-22-2 CAPLUS  
 CN [1,1'-(Biphenyl)-3,4-dicarboxylic acid, 3,3'-[(2-methoxy-1-methyl-2-oxoethylidene)di-4,1-phenylene] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 87 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

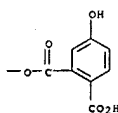


RN 224642-23-3 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-hydroxy-, 2,2'-[1,2-ethanediylbis(oxy-2,1'-ethanediyl-4,1-phenylene)] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



PAGE 1-A

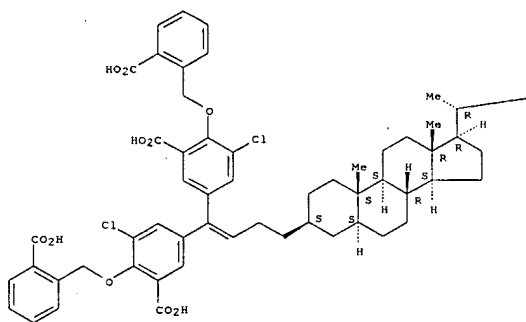
PAGE 1-B



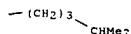
16 ANSWER 88 of 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:261311 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:88081  
TITLE: Extension of the Polyaniionic Cosalane Pharmacophore  
as  
a Strategy for Increasing Anti-HIV Potency  
AUTHOR(S): Cushman, Mark; Insaat, Shabana; Paul, Gtendra; Ruell,  
Jeffrey A.; De Clercq, Erik; Schols, Dominique;  
Pannecouque, Christophe; Witvrouw, Myriam; Schaeffer,  
Catherine A.; Turpin, Jim A.; Williamson, Karen;  
Rice,  
William G.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Medicinal Chemistry and Molecular  
Pharmacology School of Pharmacy and Pharmacal  
Sciences, Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN,  
47907, USA  
SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1999), 42(10),  
1767-1777  
CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623  
PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
AB The anti-HIV agent cosalane inhibits both the binding of gp120 to CD4 as  
well as an undefined postattachment event prior to reverse transcription.  
Several cosalane analogs having an extended polyaniionic "pharmacophore"  
were designed based on a hypothetical model of the binding of cosalane to  
CD4. The analogs were synthesized, and a number of them displayed  
anti-HIV activity. One of the new analogs was found to possess enhanced potency  
as  
an anti-HIV agent relative to cosalane itself. Although the new analogs  
inhibited both HIV-1 and HIV-2, they were more potent as inhibitors of  
HIV-1 than HIV-2. Mechanism of action studies indicated that the most  
potent of the new analogs inhibited fusion of the viral envelope with the  
cell membrane at lower concns. than it inhibited attachment, suggesting  
inhibition of fusion as the primary mechanism of action.  
IT  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU  
(Biological  
study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL  
(Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(extension of polyaniionic cosalane pharmacophore as a strategy for  
increasing anti-HIV potency)  
RN 229948-50-9 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-(4-[(3R,5a)-cholest-3-yl-1-  
butenylidene]bis[6-(1-(2-carboxyphenyl)methoxy)-5-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX  
NAME)  
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 88 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

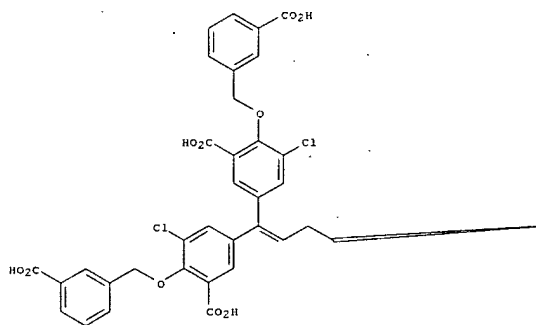


RN 229948-51-0 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-(4-(3 $\beta$ ,5 $\alpha$ )-cholestan-3-yl)-1-butenylidene]bis[6-[(3-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

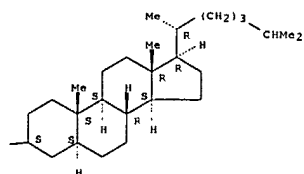
#### Absolute stereochemistry.

16 ANSWER 88 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

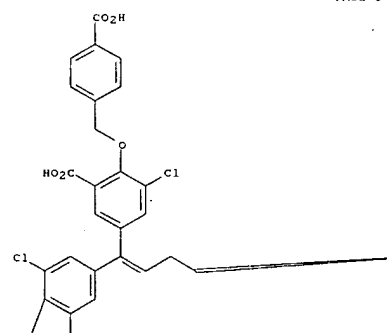


RN 229946-52-1 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3 $\beta$ ,5 $\alpha$ )-cholestan-3-yl-1-butenylidene]bis[6-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro- (CA INDEX NAME)

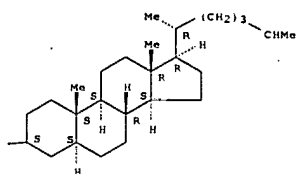
**Absolute stereochemistry.**

L6 ANSWER 88 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B

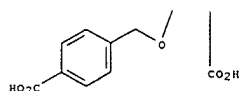


PAGE 1-B



L6 ANSWER 88 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

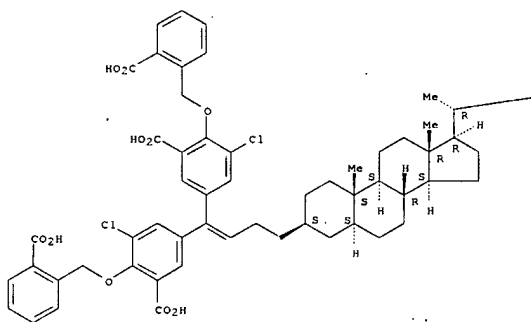
PAGE 2-A



IT 229948-56-5P 229948-57-6P 229948-58-7P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU  
 (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (extension of polyanionic cosalene pharmacophore as a strategy for increasing anti-HIV potency)  
 RN 229948-56-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3 $\beta$ ,5 $\alpha$ )-cholestan-3-yl-1-butenylidene]bis[6-(2-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro-, tetrasodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

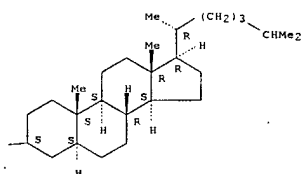
Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



L6 ANSWER 88 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

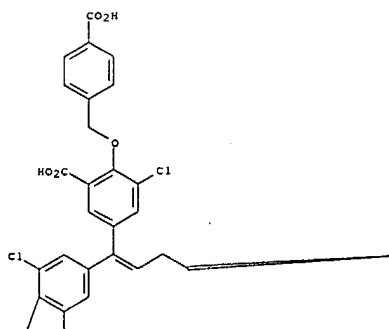
PAGE 1-B



RN 229948-58-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3 $\beta$ ,5 $\alpha$ )-cholestan-3-yl-1-butenylidene]bis[6-(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro-, tetrasodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

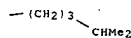
Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



L6 ANSWER 88 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B

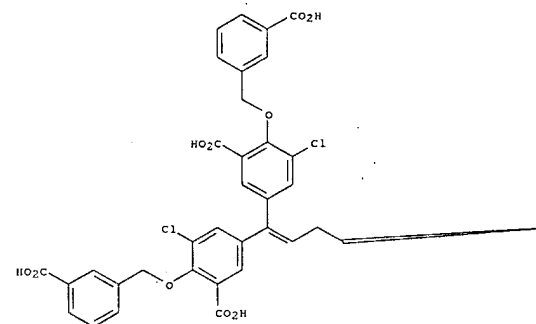


● 4 Na

RN 229948-57-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[4-(3 $\beta$ ,5 $\alpha$ )-cholestan-3-yl-1-butenylidene]bis[6-(3-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-5-chloro-, tetrasodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

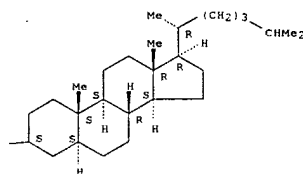
Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

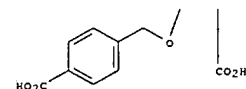


L6 ANSWER 88 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B



PAGE 2-A



● 4 Na

REFERENCE COUNT: 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT



L6 ANSWER 89 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:113645 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:139652  
 TITLE: Preparation of mercaptoacyl amino acids as metallo- $\beta$ -lactamase inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Bateson, John Hargreaves; Best, Desmond John  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SmithKline Beecham PLC, UK  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp.  
 CODEN: PIKXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

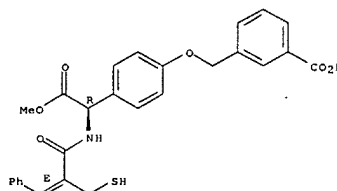
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9906365	A1	19990211	WO 1998-EP4974	19980721
W: CA, JP, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
CA 2298682	A1	19990211	CA 1998-2298682	19980721
EP 1000024	A1	20000517	EP 1998-943877	19980721
R: BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL				
JP 2001512099	7	20010821	JP 2000-505124	19980721
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1997-16221	A 19970731
			GB 1997-16224	A 19970731
			WO 1998-EP4974	W 19980721

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 130:139652  
 AB Mercaptoacyl amino acids R4SCR5R6C((CHR3)CONR2CHRICO2R [R = H, salt-forming cation, or in vivo hydrolyzable ester-forming group; R1 = H, alkyl, haloalkyl, mercaptoalkyl, alkoxy, hydroxy, amino, nitro, carboxy, etc.; R2 = H, alkyl, arylalkyl; R3 = H, alkyl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, fused arylcycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl; R4 = H or in vivo hydrolyzable acyl; R5 and R6 are independently H and alkyl or together represent (CH2)<sub>n</sub>, where n is 2-5] were prepared as metallo- $\beta$ -lactamase inhibitors. Thus, N-[E-u-mercaptopomethyl-3-phenyl-2-propenyl]-D-phenylglycine was prepared and when combined with carbapenem antibiotic meropenem showed inhibitor concentration against Bacteroides fragilis of 8  $\mu$ g/mL, vs. >256  $\mu$ g/mL for the compound alone and >  $\mu$ g/mL for meropenem alone.  
 IT 220119-73-3P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of mercaptoacyl amino acids as metallo- $\beta$ -lactamase inhibitors)  
 RN 220119-73-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzeneacetic acid, 4-[(3-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-u-[(2E)-2-(mercaptomethyl)-1-oxo-3-phenyl-2-propenyl]amino]-, u-methyl ester.

L6 ANSWER 90 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:6876 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:213514  
 TITLE: Interaction of oligopeptides with heparin  
 AUTHOR(S): Zhao, Ruifeng; Haratake, Mamoru; Ottenbrite, Raphael M.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Virginia Commonwealth University, Richmond, VA, 23284, USA  
 SOURCE: Science and Technology of Polymers and Advanced Materials: Emerging Technologies and Business Opportunities, [Proceedings of the International Conference on Frontiers of Polymers and Advanced Materials], 4th, Cairo, Jan. 4-9, 1997 (1998).  
 Meeting Date 1997, 513-520. Editor(s): Prasad, Paras N. Plenum: New York, N. Y.  
 CODEN: 67CCA5  
 CONFERENCE  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: English  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB The interaction of oligopeptides with heparin was investigated by heparin-affinity chromatog. Aromatic ring-containing tetrapeptides are retained longer than tripeptides and the aliphatic chain-containing tetrapeptides on the heparin affinity column at a low pH. The aromatic ring appears to be an essential component in the retention of the oligopeptides on the heparin affinity column. The association of these oligopeptides with heparin is very weak, due to an interaction between the aromatic rings and heparin, such as a charge transfer, in addition to hydrophobic interactions and H-bonding.  
 This result is supported by the low heparin encapsulation efficiency (29.1%) observed in the tetrapeptide pEE(m)F(y)F aggregates. The tetrapeptide pEE(m)F(y)F was submitted to collaborators for further in vivo tests with heparin.  
 IT 220890-57-3  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (interaction of oligopeptides with heparin)  
 RN 220890-57-3 CAPLUS  
 CN L-Tyrosine, 5-oxo-L-prolyl-L-u-glutamyl-O-(2-carboxybenzoyl)-L-tyrosyl-, hydrogen 1,2-benzenedicarboxylate (ester) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 Absolute stereochemistry.

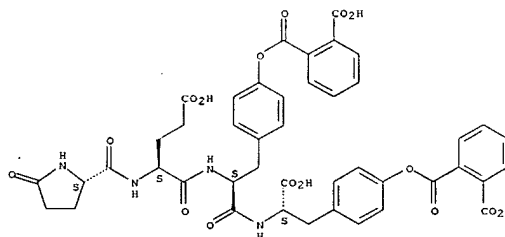
L6 ANSWER 89 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 (uR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry as shown.



REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
 FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 90 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



REFERENCE COUNT: 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
 FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 91 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:621101 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:239865  
 TITLE: Pyrrolidine and thiazole derivatives with metallo- $\beta$ -lactamase inhibitory properties  
 INVENTOR(S): Bateson, John Hargreaves; Best, Desmond John  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Smithkline Beecham PLC, UK  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 34 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9840056	A2	19980917	WO 1998-EPI272	19980224
WO 9840056	A3	19990128		
W: CA, JP, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT,				
SE				
CA 2285446	A1	19980917	CA 1998-2285446	19980224
EP 970062	A2	20000112	EP 1998-910730	19980224
R: BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL				
JP 2001524074	T	20011127	JP 1998-539185	19980224
US 6211212	B1	20010403	US 1999-367610	19990817
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			GB 1997-5188	A 19970313
			GB 1997-5194	A 19970313
			WO 1998-EPI272	W 19980224

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 129:239865

AB A method for treatment of bacterial infections in humans or animals comprises administering, in combination with a  $\beta$ -lactam antibiotic, a therapeutically effective amount of an amino acid derivative or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate or in vivo hydrolysable ester thereof. For example, ammonium N-[2-(R,S)-mercapto-1-(R,S)-cyclohexanecarbonyl]-D-phenylglycine was prepared and inhibitory

activity of the compound against *Bacillus fragilis* CfiA metallo- $\beta$ -lactamase was determined to be IC50 value of <1  $\mu$ M.

IT 213027-45-3P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU

(Biological

study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

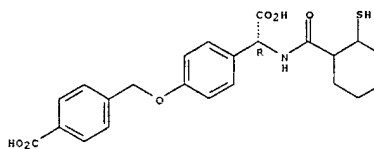
(preparation of pyrrolidine and thiazole derivs. with  $\beta$ -lactamase inhibitory properties)

RN 213027-45-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzenecetic acid, 4-[[4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]- $\alpha$ -[[2-mercaptocyclohexyl)carbonyl]amino]-, (4R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 91 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



L6 ANSWER 92 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

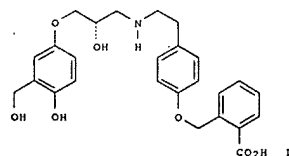
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:604896 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:189122  
 TITLE: Preparation of phenoxypropanolamines as  $\beta$ 3-adrenoceptor agonists  
 INVENTOR(S): Rami, Harshad Kantilal; Dean, David Kenneth; Beeley, Lee James  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Smithkline Beecham PLC, UK  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 68 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9837056	A1	19980827	WO 1998-GB514	19980218
W: CA, JP, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT,				

SE PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 129:189122

GI



AB ROCH2CH(OH)CH2NHCR1R2CH2ZO(CH2)nZ1(CH2)mR5 [R = (un)substituted aryl; R1,R2 = H or alkyl; R1R2 = alkylene; R5 = acid group or hydrolyzable derivative thereof; Z = (un)substituted phenylene; Z1 = phenylene; m,n = 0-4]

were prepared. Thus, Me 2-[4-(2-aminoethyl)phenoxy)methyl]benzoate was condensed with (S)-2,2-di-tert-butyl-6-(2-oxiranylmethyl)-4H-1,3,2-benzodioxasiline (preparation data given) to give, after saponification and

hydrolysis, title compound I. Data for biol. activity of I were given.

IT 211917-51-0P 211917-53-2P 211917-54-3P  
 211917-57-6P 211917-59-8P 211917-60-1P  
 211917-61-2P 211917-62-3P 211917-63-4P  
 211917-64-5P 211917-65-6P 211917-66-7P  
 211917-67-8P 211917-68-9P 211917-69-0P  
 211917-70-3P 211917-71-4P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU

(Biological

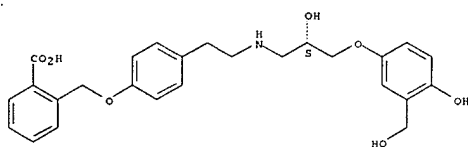
study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

10518819.trn

L6 ANSWER 92 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

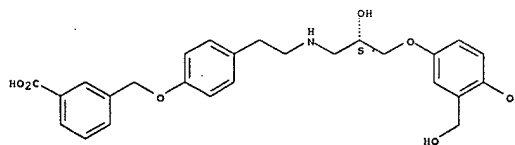
(prepn. of phenoxypropanolamines as  $\beta$ 3-adrenoceptor agonists)  
 RN 211917-51-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[4-[2-[[[(2S)-2-hydroxy-3-[4-hydroxy-3-(hydroxymethyl)phenoxy]propyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 211917-53-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[4-[2-[[[(2S)-2-hydroxy-3-[4-hydroxy-3-(hydroxymethyl)phenoxy]propyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, monolithium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

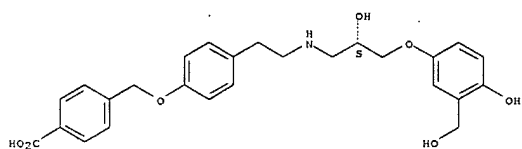
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 211917-54-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[2-[[[(2S)-2-hydroxy-3-[4-hydroxy-3-(hydroxymethyl)phenoxy]propyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, monolithium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

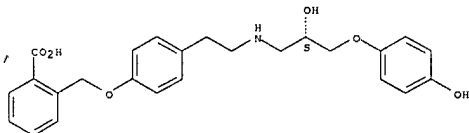
L6 ANSWER 92 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



● Li

RN 211917-57-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 2-[[4-[2-[[[(2S)-2-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenoxy)propyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, monolithium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

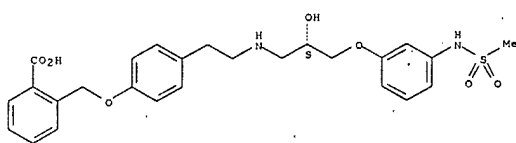


● Li

RN 211917-59-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 2-[[4-[2-[[[(2S)-2-hydroxy-3-[3-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenoxy]propyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, monolithium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

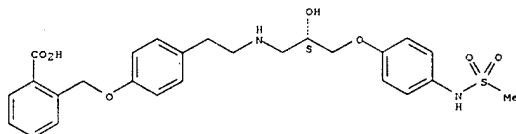
L6 ANSWER 92 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



● Li

RN 211917-60-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 2-[[4-[2-[[[(2S)-2-hydroxy-3-[4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenoxy]propyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, monolithium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

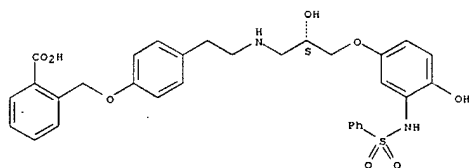


● Li

RN 211917-61-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[2-[[[(2S)-2-hydroxy-3-[4-hydroxy-3-[(phenylsulfonyl)amino]phenoxy]propyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 92 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

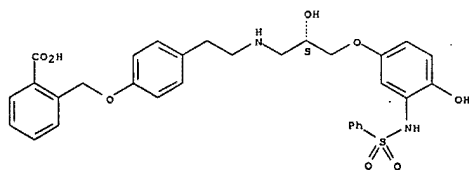


RN 211917-62-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[2-[[[(2S)-2-hydroxy-3-[4-hydroxy-3-[(phenylsulfonyl)amino]phenoxy]propyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 211917-61-2  
 CMF C31 H32 N2 O8 S

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

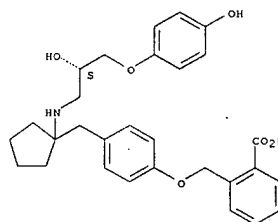
CRN 76-05-1  
 CMF C2 H F3 O2



RN 211917-63-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[2-[[[(2S)-2-hydroxy-3-[4-hydroxyphenoxy]propyl]amino]cyclopentyl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, monolithium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 92 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

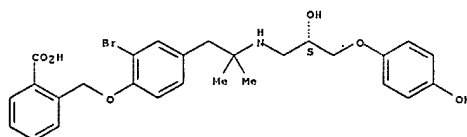
Absolute stereochemistry.



● Li

RN 211917-64-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[2-bromo-4-[2-[[[(2S)-2-hydroxy-3-[4-hydroxyphenoxy]propyl]amino]-2-methylpropyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, monolithium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

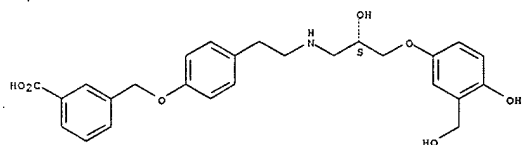


● Li

RN 211917-65-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[4-[2-[[[(2S)-2-hydroxy-3-[4-hydroxy-3-(hydroxymethyl)phenoxy]propyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

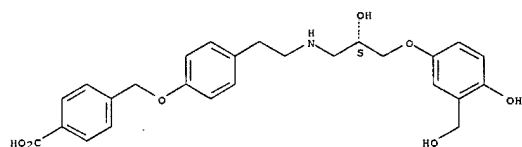
Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 92 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



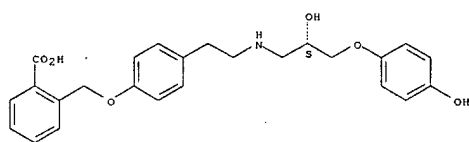
RN 211917-66-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[[2-[[[(2S)-2-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxy-3-(hydroxymethyl)phenoxy]propyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



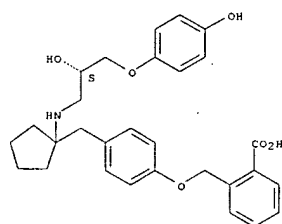
RN 211917-67-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-[[[(2S)-2-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenoxy)propyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



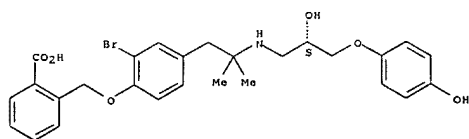
RN 211917-68-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-[[[(2S)-2-hydroxy-3-(4-(methylsulfonylamino)phenoxy)propyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 92 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 211917-71-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[2-bromo-4-[[2-[[[(2S)-2-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenoxy)propyl]amino]-2-methylpropyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

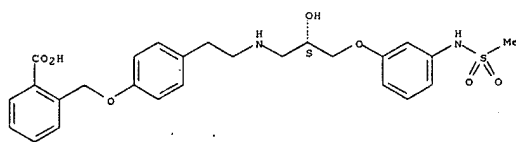


IT 211917-76-9P 211917-81-6P 211917-86-1P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation of phenoxypropanolamines as  $\beta$ 3-adrenoceptor agonists)  
 RN 211917-76-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-[[[(2S)-3-[[2,2-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4H-1,3,2-benzodioxasilin-6-yl]oxy]-2-hydroxypropyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

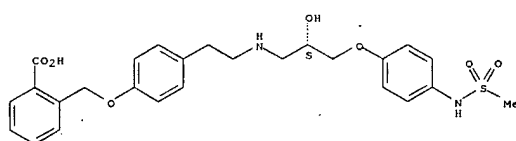
L6 ANSWER 92 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 211917-69-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-[[[(2S)-2-hydroxy-3-(4-(methylsulfonylamino)phenoxy)propyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

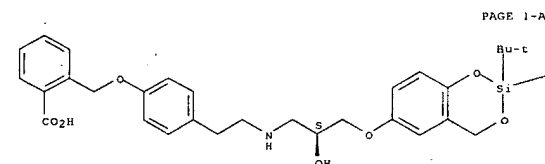
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 211917-70-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-[[[(2S)-2-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenoxycyclopentyl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 92 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

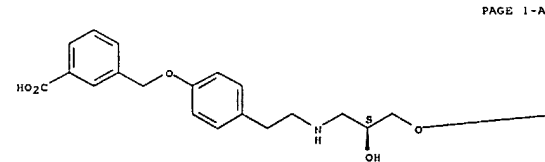


PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

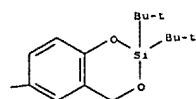
—Bu-t  
 RN 211917-81-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[4-[[2-[[[(2S)-3-[[2,2-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4H-1,3,2-benzodioxasilin-6-yl]oxy]-2-hydroxypropyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



PAGE 1-A

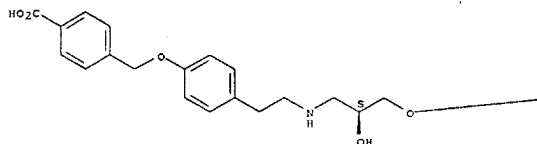
PAGE 1-B



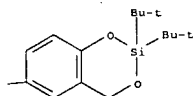
RN 211917-86-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[[2-[[[(2S)-3-[[2,2-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4H-1,3,2-benzodioxasilin-6-yl]oxy]-2-hydroxypropyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 92 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



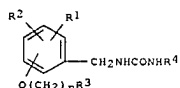
REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
FORMAT RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

L6 ANSWER 93 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:304130 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:321464  
TITLE: Preparation of benzylurea derivatives as  
antiarteriosclerotic agents  
INVENTOR(S): Kanamaru, Yoshihiko; Hirota, Hiroyuki; Shibata,  
Akihiro; Komoto, Teruo; Naito, Hiroyuki; Tachibana,  
Koichi; Ohtsuka, Mari; Ishii, Fumio; Sato, Susumu  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SS Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan  
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 26 pp.  
CODEN: EPXXDW  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 839803	A1	19980506	EP 1997-118069	19971017
EP 839803	B1	20020403		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 10182588	A	19980707	JP 1997-266098	19970930
US 5922767	A	19990713	US 1997-946098	19971007
CA 2218300	A1	19980430	CA 1997-2218300	19971015
TW 438749	B	20010607	TW 1997-86115288	19971017
CN 1181377	A	19980513	CN 1997-121556	19971029
CN 1061646	B	20010207		

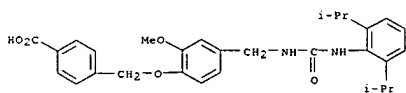
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: JP 1996-288216 A 19961030

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 128:321464  
G1



AB Benzylureas [I; R1, R2 = H, halo, alkyl, alkoxy; R3 = Ph, (un)substituted heterocyclyl; R4 = (un)substituted Ph; n = 1-6] and their salts which selectively inhibit acyl CoA cholesterol acyltransferase (ACAT) in macrophages present in artery walls and are useful as prophylactic and therapeutic agents for arteriosclerosis, were prepared and claimed. The use of I as drugs and pharmaceutical compns. containing I are also claimed. For example, adding a solution of 2,6-diisopropylphenyl isocyanate in 10 mL PhMe dropwise to a suspension of 2.58 g 3-(4-nitrobenzyloxy)benzylamine (preparation in 82% yield by reduction of O-methyl-3-(4-nitrobenzyloxy)benzaldehyde with

L6 ANSWER 93 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
h NaBH4 in presence of CF3CO2H given] at ambient temp. and refluxing for 1  
vs. gave 84.6% 1-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-3-[3-(4-nitrobenzyloxy)benzyl]urea which at 100 nM gave 89.29% inhibition of ACAT activity in J774 cells,  
36.94% for N-[4-(2-chlorophenyl)-6,7-dimethyl-3-quinoliny]-N'-(2,4-difluorophenyl)urea (TMP-153) as a ref.  
1T 207274-37-1P  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of benzylurea deriva. as antiarteriosclerotic agents)  
RN 207274-37-1 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid,  
4-[[4-[[[2,6-bis(1-methylethyl)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]methyl]-2-methoxyphenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
FORMAT RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

L6 ANSWER 94 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:268482 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:321930  
TITLE: Preparation of beta-thiopropionylamino acid derivatives as beta-lactamase inhibitors  
INVENTOR(S): Bateson, John Hargreaves; Best, Desmond John; Clarke, Brian Peter; Gilpin, Martin Leonard; Witty, David R.; et al.  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Smithkline Beecham Plc, UK; Bateson, John Hargreaves; Best, Desmond John; Clarke, Brian Peter; Gilpin, Martin Leonard  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 98 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

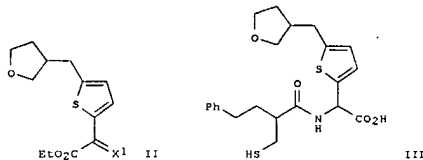
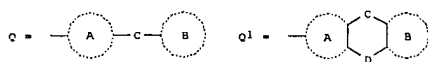
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9817639	A1	19980430	WO 1997-EP5709	19971010
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW				
RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2268930	A1	19980430	CA 1997-2268930	19971010
AU 9850501	A	19980515	AU 1998-50501	19971010
EP 934262	A1	19990811	EP 1997-913147	19971010
R: BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL				
JP 2001502345	T	20010220	JP 1998-518931	19971010
IN 1997MA02341	A	20050304	IN 1997-MA2341	19971017
US 6156774	A	20001205	US 1999-284098	19990407

PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: GB 1996-21692 A 19961017

GB 1997-4581 A 19970305  
GB 1997-16212 A 19970731  
WO 1997-EP5709 W 19971010

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 128:321930  
G1

L6 ANSWER 94 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



AB Title mercapto amino acid derivs. R45CR5R6CHR3CONR2CHR1CO2R [I: R = H, salt-forming cation of in vivo hydrolyzable ester-forming group; R1 = Q, Q1; ring A = monocyclic aryl or heterocyclic ring; ring B = monocyclic aryl.

alicyclic, or heterocyclic ring; C, D = 2p(CR8CR9)q. (CR8CR9)q2p: p = 0, 1, q = 0-3 provided that p + q = 0 in C; R8, R9 = H, (C1-6)alkyl; CR8R9 = O; Z = O, NR10, S(O)x; R10 = H, (C1-6)alkyl, aryl(C1-6)alkyl; x = 0-2; wherein C and D are linked ortho to one another on each of the rings A and B in C1; R2 = H, (C1-6)alkyl, aryl(C1-6)alkyl; R3 = H, (C1-6)alkyl, substituted by 0-3 halo atoms, (C3-7)cycloalkyl, fused aryl(C3-7)cycloalkyl, (C3-7)cycloalkyl(C2-6)alkyl, (C2-6)alkenyl, (C2-6)alkynyl, aryl, aryl-(CH2)n-X-(CH2)n, heterocyclic, heterocyclicyl-(CH2)m-X-(CH2)n; m = 0-3; n = 1-3; X = O, S(O)x, bond; R4 =

H or in vivo hydrolyzable acyl; R5, R6 = H, (C1-6)alkyl; R5R6 = (CH2)2-5 for use in treatment of bacterial infections in humans or animals by administration in combination with a  $\beta$ -lactam antibiotic. Thus, lithiation of thiophene and alkylation with

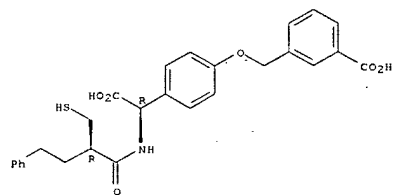
3-(bromomethyl)tetrahydrofuran gave 2-(tetrahydrofuran-3-ylmethyl)thiophene, which underwent lithiation and acylation with Et oxalyl chloride to give oxoacetate II (X1 = O). II (X1 = O) was converted into hydroxyaminoacetate II (X1 = NOH), reduced in situ to the corresponding amine, acylated with 2-(acetylthio)4-phenylbutanoic acid (preparation given), and saponified to give desired

title compound III. III and related mercaptopropionyl derivs. inhibited *Bacteroides fragilis* CfiA metallo- $\beta$ -lactamase with IC50 <1  $\mu$ M. Compound III inhibited *Bacteroides fragilis* 262 strain, which produces

CfiA metallo- $\beta$ -lactamase, alone with MIC >256  $\mu$ g/mL, but with MIC 16  $\mu$ g/mL in the presence of 8  $\mu$ g/mL meropenem.

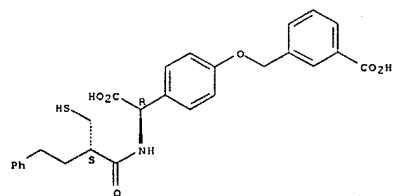
IT 206764-77-4P 206764-78-5P 206765-05-1P 206765-06-2P  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological)

L6 ANSWER 94 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 206765-06-2 CAPLUS  
CN Benzeneacetic acid, 4-[(3-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]- $\alpha$ -[(2S)-2-(mercaptomethyl)-1-oxo-4-phenylbutyl]amino]-, (4R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

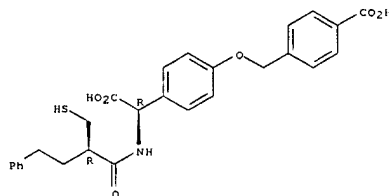


REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 94 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(prepn. of  $\beta$ -thiopropionylamino acid derivs. as  $\beta$ -lactamase inhibitors)

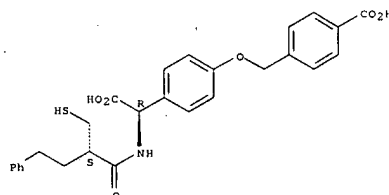
RN 206764-77-4 CAPLUS  
CN Benzeneacetic acid, 4-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]- $\alpha$ -[(2R)-2-(mercaptomethyl)-1-oxo-4-phenylbutyl]amino]-, (4R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 206764-78-5 CAPLUS  
CN Benzeneacetic acid, 4-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]- $\alpha$ -[(2S)-2-(mercaptomethyl)-1-oxo-4-phenylbutyl]amino]-, (4R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 206765-05-1 CAPLUS  
CN Benzeneacetic acid, 4-[(3-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]- $\alpha$ -[(2R)-2-(mercaptomethyl)-1-oxo-4-phenylbutyl]amino]-, (4R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 95 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:208517 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:243826

TITLE:

Preparation of 2-amino-1-(4-hydroxy-2-methylphenyl)propanol derivatives as  $\beta$ 2-adrenaline receptor-stimulating agents  
INVENTOR(S): Kitazawa, Makio; Okazaki, Kosuke; Tamai, Tetsuro; Saito, Masaru; Tanaka, Nobuyuki; Kobayashi, Hiroaki; Kikuchi, Ken; Muranaka, Hideyuki  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kissei Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 41 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2

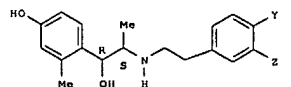
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9813333	A1	19980402	WO 1997-JP3399	19970925
W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 9743202	A	19980417	AU 1997-43202	19970925
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1996-291028	A 19960926
			WO 1997-JP3399	W 19970925

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 128:243826

GI

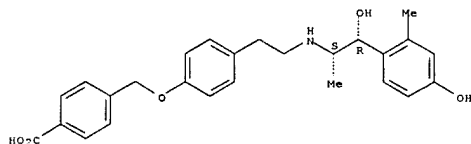


AB The title compds. I [one of Y and Z represents ACOR [wherein A represents ODE [wherein D represents alkylene; and E represents a single bond or phenylene] or ethylene; and R represents hydroxy, alkyl, alkoxy, alkoxy, amino, dialkylamino or alicyclic amino] while the other represents hydrogen; and the carbon atoms marked with R and S resp. represent those of R- and S-configurations], useful as  $\beta$ 2 agonists (no data) are prepared I are selective  $\beta$ 2 adrenaline receptor agonists and are useful as bronchodilators and as agents for the prevention of abortion and premature birth.

IT 204971-14-2P  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological)

L6 ANSWER 95 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);  
 BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of 2-amino-1-(4-hydroxy-2-methylphenyl)propanol derivs. as  
 H<sub>2</sub> adrenaline receptor-stimulating agents)  
 RN 204971-14-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[2-[(2-hydroxy-2-(4-hydroxy-2-methylphenyl)-1-  
 methyl-ethyl]amino]ethoxy]phenoxy]methyl]-, disodium salt, [R-(R\*,S\*)]-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



● 2 Na

REFERENCE COUNT: 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR  
 THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE  
 FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 96 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:708565 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:346202  
 TITLE: N-phenylglycinolphenylacetamides as  
 antiatherosclerotic agents  
 INVENTOR(S): Goldmann, Siegfried; Mueller, Ulrich; Connell,  
 Richard; Bischoff, Hilmar; Denzer, Dirk; Gruetzmann,  
 Rudi; Beuck, Martin  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Bayer A.-G., Germany  
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 18 pp.  
 CODEN: GWXXBX  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 19615263	A1	19971023	DE 1996-19615263	19960418
EP 802186	A1	19971022	EP 1997-105721	19970407
EP 802186	B1	20001129		

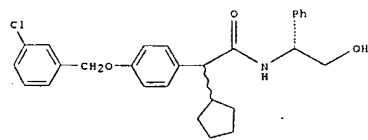
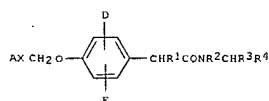
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, FI

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
AT 197794	T	20001215	AT 1997-105721	19970407
ES 2153141	T3	20010216	ES 1997-105721	19970407
PT 802186	T	20010430	PT 1997-105721	19970407
JP 10059915	A	19980303	JP 1997-106822	19970410
US 5750783	A	19980512	US 1997-833824	19970410
CA 2202704	A1	19971018	CA 1997-2202704	19970415
GR 3035371	T3	20010531	GR 2001-400198	20010206

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1996-19615263 A 19960418

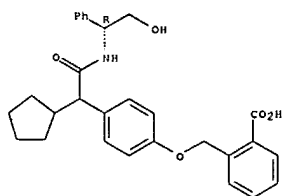
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 127:346202; MARPAT 127:346202  
 GI

L6 ANSWER 96 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



AB Title compds. I [A = (un)substituted carbocyclic, Ph, heterocyclic; X =  
 bond, CO; D, E = H, cycloalkyl, N3, OH, halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, alkenyl;  
 R1 = cycloalkyl, alkyl; R2 = H, alkyl; R3 = H, CH2OH; R4 =  
 (un)substituted  
 Ph] were prepared for use as antiatherosclerotic agents (no data). Thus,  
 tert-Bu 2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-2-cyclopentylacetate was 3-chlorobenzylated,  
 hydrolyzed, and amidated with (R)-HOCH2CHPhNH2 to give the amide II.  
 IT 198332-42-2P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological  
 study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of N-phenylglycinolphenylacetamides as  
 antiatherosclerotic  
 agents)  
 RN 198332-42-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[1-cyclopentyl-2-[(2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl)amino]-2-  
 oxoethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, (1R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

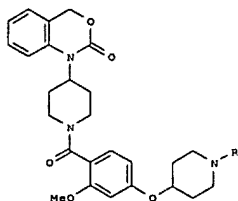
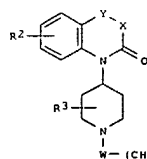
Absolute stereochemistry.



L6 ANSWER 97 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:613831 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:278203  
 TITLE: Benzoxazinone and benzopyrimidinone piperidiny  
 Locolytic oxytocin receptor antagonists  
 INVENTOR(S): Bock, Mark G.; Evans, Ben E.; Williams, Peter D.;  
 Freidinger, Roger M.; Pettibone, Douglas J.; Hobbs,  
 Doug W.; Anderson, Paul S.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck and Co., Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: U.S., 140 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 92,840,  
 abandoned.  
 CODEN: USXXAM  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

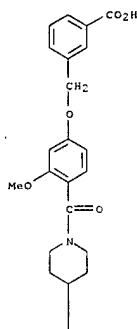
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5665719	A	19970909	US 1995-470693	19950606
			US 1993-92840	B2 19930716

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: MARPAT 127:278203  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 127:278203  
 GI



AB Compds. of formula I [X = O, NH, or NR; Y = CH2, CHR8, or C(R8)2; R1 =  
 camphor-10-yl, alkoxy, styryl, hydroxystyryl, furyl, (un)substituted  
 thienyl, naphthyl, indolyl, tetrahydronaphthyl, (un)substituted pyridyl,

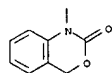
L6 ANSWER 97 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 pyrazinyl, (un)substituted cyclohexyl or Ph; R2 = H, alkoxy, alkyl, amino, alkylcarbonylamino, nitro, or halo; R3 = H, alkoxycarbonyl, cyano, or carbamoyl; and m = 0 or 1 and various analogs are disclosed. The compds. as useful as oxytocin (OT) and vasopressin receptor antagonists. Over 275 synthetic examples are given. For instance, Me 2,4-dihydroxybenzoate underwent Mitsunobu etherification with N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-piperidinol (51%), followed by O-methylation of the remaining hydroxyl (88%), sapon. of the Me ester (95%), and coupling of the resultant acid with 1-(4-piperidinyl)-1,2-dihydro-4H-3,1-benzoxazin-2-one (HCl salt) using EDC and HOBT (88%), to give title compd. II [R = CO2Bu-tert]. The latter was deprotected with HCl in dioxane (93%) and acetylated with Ac2O (89%) to give title compd. II [R = Ac]. The latter inhibited binding of [3H]-OT to rat uterine OT receptors in vitro with an IC50 of 47 nM.  
 IT 196794-52-2P 196794-59-9P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (Preparation of benzoxazinone and benzopyrimidinone derivs. as oxytocin and vasopressin receptor antagonists)  
 RN 196794-52-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[[3-methoxy-4-[[4-(2-oxo-2H-3,1-benzoxazin-1(4H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl]carbonyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



PAGE 1-A

L6 ANSWER 97 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 2-A

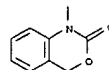


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 CRN 76-05-1  
 CMF C2 H F3 O2



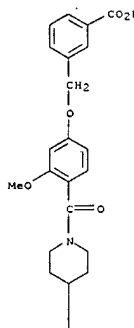
L6 ANSWER 97 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 2-A

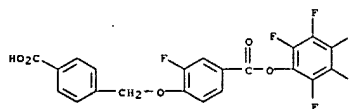


RN 196794-59-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[[3-methoxy-4-[[4-(2-oxo-2H-3,1-benzoxazin-1(4H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl]carbonyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 CM 1  
 CRN 196794-52-2  
 CMF C29 H28 N2 O7

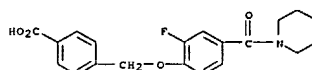
PAGE 1-A



L6 ANSWER 98 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:644709 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:328229  
 TITLE: Use of 19F NMR spectroscopy to evaluate reactions in solid phase organic synthesis  
 AUTHOR(S): Svensson, Anette; Fax, Tomas; Kihlberg, Jan  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Center for Chemistry, The Lund Inst. Technol., Lund Univ., Lund, S-221 00, Swed.  
 SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1996), 37(42), 7649-7652  
 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039  
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB Gel-phase 19F NMR spectroscopy has been used to characterize products from a variety of reactions of fluorinated aroma. linked to a TentaGel resin. High quality spectra were obtained in a few minutes using an ordinary NMR spectrometer, and the 19F chemical shifts of the support-bound compds. closely matched those of soluble refs. In addition, substantial chemical shift differences were obtained for almost all of the synthetic transformations, illustrating the potential of 19F NMR for rapid monitoring of reactions in solid-phase organic synthesis.  
 IT 183664-20-2DP, polymer bound  
 RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (evaluation of reactions in solid phase organic synthesis by 19F NMR)  
 RN 183664-20-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[[4-carboxyphenyl]methoxy]-3-fluoro-, 1-(pentafluorophenyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 183664-26-8DP, polymer bound  
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (evaluation of reactions in solid phase organic synthesis by 19F NMR)  
 RN 183664-26-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[[2-fluoro-4-(1-piperidinylcarbonyl)phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

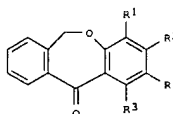




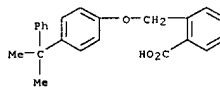
L6 ANSWER 98 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

L6 ANSWER 99 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:170684 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:289234  
 TITLE: Synthesis of some substituted dibenz[b,e]oxepin-11(6H)-ones  
 AUTHOR(S): Nicolae, Anca; Maior, Ovidiu; Florea, Stelian; Wolff, Adolf D.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Facultatea de Chimie, Universitatea Bucuresti, Bucharest, Rom.  
 SOURCE: Revista de Chimie (Bucharest) (1996), 47(1), 5-9  
 CODEN: RCBUAU; ISSN: 0034-7752  
 PUBLISHER: CHIMINFORM DATA  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Romanian  
 GI

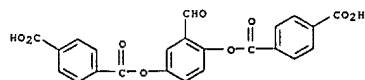


AB New dibenz[b,e]oxepin-11(6H)-ones I [R = H, Me, CMe3, CMe2Ph, R1-R3 = H; R = H, Cl, R1, R3 = Me, R2 = H; R = R1 = H, R2 = R3 = Me] were synthesized by cyclodehydration in presence of polyphosphoric ester of the acids obtained by reaction of phthalide with the substituted phenols.  
 IT 175794-62-4P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation of substituted dibenzoxepinones)  
 RN 175794-62-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 100 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:1004271 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:57515  
 TITLE: Synthesis of mesogenic polyesters with 2-dichloromethylhydroquinone moieties  
 AUTHOR(S): Zhou, Qifeng; Guo, Ailan  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department Chemistry, Peking University, Beijing, 100871, Peop. Rep. China  
 SOURCE: Chinese Journal of Polymer Science (1995), 13(3), 285-8  
 CODEN: CJPSEG; ISSN: 0256-7679  
 PUBLISHER: Science Press  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB A series of novel mesogenic polyesters with 2-dichloromethylhydroquinone moieties were synthesized by polycondensation of the novel diacyl chloride monomer 2-dichloromethyl-1,4-bis(4'-chloroformylbenzoyl)oxybenzene (I) with  $\alpha$ ,  $\omega$ -polymethylenediols including ethylene glycol, 1,4-butanediol, 1,6-hexanediol and 1,10-decanediol. The diacyl chloride monomer was synthesized by simultaneous transformations of both the carboxy and formaldehyde groups of 2-formyl-1, 4-bis (4'-carboxybenzoyl) oxybenzene into acyl chloride and dichloromethyl groups resp. The syntheses of the monomer (I) and the polymers were reported.  
 IT 172272-78-5P  
 RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (intermediate; synthesis of mesogenic polyesters with dichloromethylhydroquinone moieties)  
 RN 172272-78-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 2-formyl-1,4-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

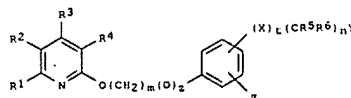


L6 ANSWER 101 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:997533 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:175842  
 TITLE: Preparation of substituted pyridine leukotriene B4 antagonists  
 INVENTOR(S): Cohen, Noal; Lee, Ferdinand Kwo-Chen; Yagalloff, Keith Alan  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): F. Hoffmann-La Roche AG, Switz.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 73 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9528386	A1	19951026	WO 1995-EP1262	19950406
W: AU, BR, CA, CN, JP, NZ, RU, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
CA 2186252	A1	19951026	CA 1995-2186252	19950406
AU 9522569	A	19951110	AU 1995-22569	19950406
AU 690258	B2	19980423		
ZA 9502859	A	19960104	ZA 1995-2859	19950406
EP 755381	A1	19970129	EP 1995-915853	19950406
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
CN 1145619	A	19970319	CN 1995-192521	19950406
JP 9505605	T	19970603	JP 1995-526671	19950406
JP 2866202	B2	19990308		
BR 9507459	A	19971111	BR 1995-7459	19950406
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1994-228246	A 19940413
			US 1995-395092	A 19950306
			WO 1995-EP1262	W 19950406

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 124:175842  
 GI



AB The title compds. [I: X = O, CO; Y = CH, S(O)uR8, NR5SO2R8, OR9, R10, etc.; Z = (O)y(CR5R6)sR10, (O)y(CR5R6)vOR9, R10; R1, R3 = (un)substituted aryl, heteroaryl, alkyl, aralkyl; R2 = H, lower alkyl, halogen, lower alkoxy; R4 = H, lower alkyl; R5, R6 = H, lower alkyl; R7 = hydroxy, lower alkoxy, NR5R6; R8 = lower alkyl, (un)substituted aryl or aralkyl; R9 = H, lower alkyl, (un)substituted aryl, aralkyl, lower alkanoyl or aryl; R10 = COR7, CONHSO2R8, 1H-tetrazol-5-yl; m = 3-6; n, s = 1-12; t = 0, 1; u = 0-2; v = 2-12; yr = 0, 1; z = 0, 1; etc.], which are leukotriene B4

L6 ANSWER 101 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
antagonists useful in the treatment of inflammatory diseases (no data),  
asthma (no data), allergies (no data), arthritis (no data), etc. (no  
data), are prepd. and I-contg. formulations presented. Thus,

2-[(3-carboxypropoxy)-6-[6-[(4,6-diphenyl-2-pyridinyl)oxy]hexyl]benzenepro-  
panoic acid was prepd. and demonstrated, in guinea pigs at 0.1 mg/kg, an  
86% remission of leukotriene B<sub>4</sub>-induced bronchoconstriction.

IT 173839-32-2P 173839-36-6P 173839-40-2P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU

(Biological

study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);

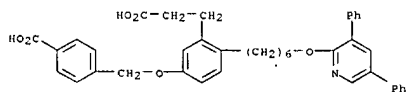
BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of substituted pyridine leukotriene B<sub>4</sub> antagonists)

RN 173839-32-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid,

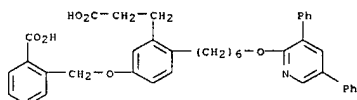
5-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-2-[6-[(3,5-diphenyl-2-  
pyridinyl)oxy]hexyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 173839-36-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid,

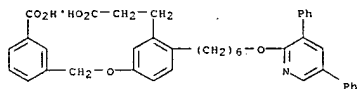
5-[(2-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-2-[6-[(3,5-diphenyl-2-  
pyridinyl)oxy]hexyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 173839-40-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid,

5-[(3-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-2-[6-[(3,5-diphenyl-2-  
pyridinyl)oxy]hexyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 102 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:573696 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:314549

TITLE: Preparation of

[(imidazopyridinomethyl)phenoxy]phenyl

acetates and analogs as endothelin receptor

antagonists

INVENTOR(S): Dhanoa, Daljit S.; Fitch, Kenneth J.; Veber, Daniel

F.; Walsh, Thomas F.; Williams, David L., Jr.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck and Co., Inc., USA

SOURCE: Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 198 pp.

CODEN: BAXXDU

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

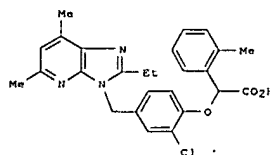
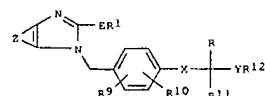
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
GB 2276383	A	19940928	GB 1994-5312	19940317
US 5374638	A	19941220	US 1993-34456	19930319
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:			US 1993-34456	A 19930319

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 122:314549

GI



AB Title compds. [I: E = bond, SOO-2(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0-5</sub>, O; R = CO<sub>2</sub>H,  
5-tetrazolyl(carbamoyl), P(O)(OH)<sub>2</sub>, etc.; R1 = alk(enyl), Ph, heteroaryl,  
etc.; R9,R10 = H, alk(enyl), halo, alkoxy, etc.; R11,R12 = H, alkyl, Ph,  
etc.; X = bond, O, CH<sub>2</sub>O, NH, etc.; Y = bond, O, NH, etc.; Z =  
CR<sub>4</sub>:CR<sub>4</sub>CR<sub>4</sub>:CR<sub>4</sub>, CR<sub>4</sub>:CR<sub>4</sub>CR<sub>4</sub>:N, CR<sub>4</sub>:NCR<sub>4</sub>:N, etc.; R4 = H, alkyl, halo, OH,  
etc.] were prepared. Thus, 3,4-Cl(Me)3CMe2S(O)C6H3CH2Br (preparation  
given) was

condensed with 5,7-dimethyl-2-ethylimidazo[4,5-b]pyridine and the  
deprotected product etherified by 2-MeC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CHBrCO<sub>2</sub>Me to give, after  
saponification,

10518819.trn

L6 ANSWER 101 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

L6 ANSWER 102 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

title compd. II. I had IC<sub>50</sub> of <50nM against endothelin binding at  
cloned human endothelin receptors in vitro.

IT 163338-61-2P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU

(Biological

study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);

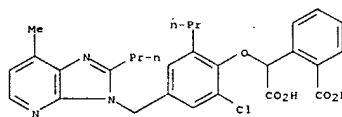
BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of [(imidazopyridinomethyl)phenoxy]phenylacetates and

analogs as endothelin receptor antagonists)

RN 163338-61-2 CAPLUS

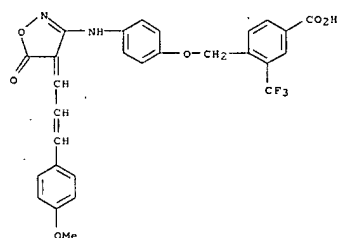
CN Benzenecetic Acid, 2-carboxy-4-[2-chloro-4-[(7-methyl-2-propyl-3H-  
imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl)methyl]-6-propylphenoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)



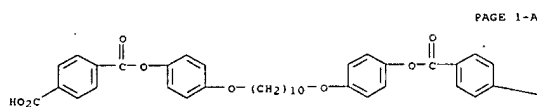
L6 ANSWER 103 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:551028 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:302892  
 TITLE: Silver halide photographic material with decreased residual color  
 INVENTOR(S): Yamada, Takatoshi; Oonishi, Akira; Usagawa, Yasushi  
 PATENT ASSIGNER(S): Konishiroku Photo Ind. Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 63 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 06347948	A	19941222	JP 1993-133470	19930603
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1993-133470 19930603				

AB The title material comprises 21 photog. layers containing 21 kinds of cyanine dyes selected from claimed cyanine dyes. The above material is developed in S45, S30 or S15 s.  
 IT 163074-53-1  
 RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
 (silver halide photog. material with decreased residual color)  
 RN 163074-53-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[[4,5-dihydro-4-[3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-propenylidene]-5-oxo-3-isoxazolyl]amino]phenoxy]methyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 104 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:395938 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:188323  
 TITLE: Two-carrier liquid-phase synthesis of main-chain liquid crystalline oligomers and characterization of the products  
 AUTHOR(S): Seliger, H.; Goeldner, E.; Kittel, I.; Plage, B.; Schulten, H.-R.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Sektion Polymere, Univ. Ulm, Ulm, D-89081, Germany  
 SOURCE: Fresenius' Journal of Analytical Chemistry (1995), 351(2-3), 260-70  
 CODEN: FJACES; ISSN: 0937-0633  
 PUBLISHER: Springer  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB Monodisperse oligomers were synthesized from terephthalic acid and  $\alpha$ -hydrogen- $\omega$ -hydroxy[oxy-1,4-phenyloxy-1,10-decamethyleneoxy-1,4-phenylene] using a polyethylene glycol support. Isolation of the target oligomers was achieved by use of a second soluble carrier which could be introduced and cleaved selectively, thus allowing to characterize the product chain in solution. The structures of the oligomers were assigned and identified using a combination of anal. methods such as electron impact mass spectrometry, IR- and <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectroscopy and temperature-resolved pyrolysis-field ionization mass spectrometry (Py-FIMS).  
 IT 143389-22-4P 161927-29-3P  
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (in two-carrier liquid-phase preparation of liquid-crystalline polyester oligomers)  
 RN 143389-22-4 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,10-decanediylbis(oxy-4,1-phenylene) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



PAGE 1-A

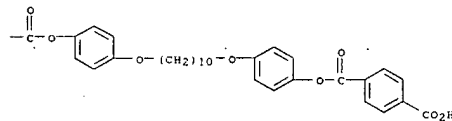
PAGE 1-B

CO<sub>2</sub>H  
 RN 161927-29-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -[4-[[4-[[4-[[10-[4-[[4-

L6 ANSWER 104 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 carboxybenzoyl]oxy]phenoxy]decyl]oxy]phenoxy]carbonyl]benzoyl]oxy]-4-methylpentyl]- $\alpha$ -methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

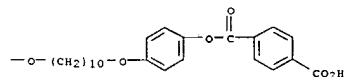
L6 ANSWER 104 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B



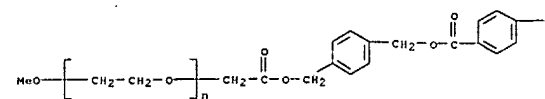
PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B



IT 161927-30-6P  
 RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (intermediate; in two-carrier liquid-phase preparation of liquid-crystalline polyester oligomers)  
 RN 161927-30-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -[2-[[4-[[4-[[4-[[10-[4-[[4-carboxybenzoyl]oxy]phenoxy]decyl]oxy]phenoxy]carbonyl]benzoyl]oxy]methyl]phenyl]methoxy]-2-oxoethyl]- $\alpha$ -methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

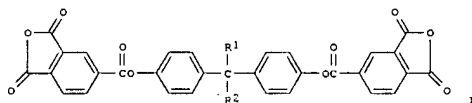


L6 ANSWER 105 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:392300 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:57870  
 TITLE: Polyether-polyketone molding compositions with excellent processability and mechanical properties  
 INVENTOR(S): Saito, Yasuhiko; Shiohara, Tomoo  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sekisui Chemical Co. Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 06322254	A	19941122	JP 1993-113306	19930514

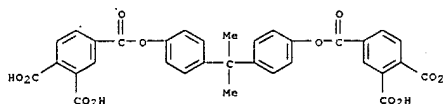
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1993-113306 19930514

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 124:57870  
 GI



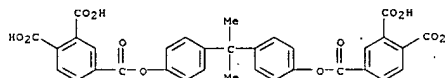
AB The compns. contain 0.2-15 phr 21 compound selected from I (R1, R2 = H, Me, Et, 21 of R1 and R2 being Me or Et), and alkali metal or alkaline earth metal salts of I acid derivs. Thus, 100 parts VICTREX 450G and 0.3 part I (R1, R2 = Me) were blended, pelletized, and injection molded to give a test piece showing flow temperature 348°, Tg 140°, and tensile strength 8.6 kg/mm2.  
 IT 163917-78-0 172175-17-6D, alkali metal or alkaline earth metal salts  
 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
 (polyether-polyketone molding compns. with excellent processability and mech. properties)  
 RN 163917-78-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2,4-Benzenetricarboxylic acid, 4,4'-[1-(1-methylethylidene)di-4,1-phenylene] ester, calcium salt (1:2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 105 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

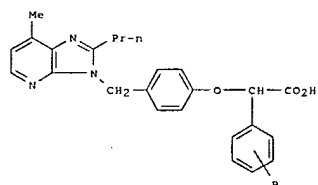


● 2 Ca

RN 172175-17-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2,4-Benzenetricarboxylic acid, 4,4'-[1-(1-methylethylidene)di-4,1-phenylene] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

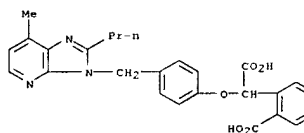


L6 ANSWER 106 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:348141 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:177682  
 TITLE: ATI-selective angiotensin II antagonists with phenoxyphenylacetic acid as a biphenyl replacement. Part I  
 AUTHOR(S): Fitch, K. J.; Walsh, T. F.; Patchett, A. A.; Chang, R.  
 S. L.; Siegl, P. K. S.; Faust, K. A.; Chen, T.-B.; Lotti, V. J.; Kivlighn, S. D.; et al.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Exploratory Chem., Merck Res. Labs., Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA  
 SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (1995), 5(2), 155-8  
 CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X  
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 GI



AB A series of nonpeptidic angiotensin II (AII) antagonists selective for the ATI receptor is described which contain a phenoxyphenylacetic acid element instead of the previously reported biphenyltetrazole moiety. This series yielded a compound (I) which exhibited binding affinities of AT1 = 16 nM and AT2 = 22 nM and demonstrated modest in vivo duration of blockade of AII-induced pressor responses in conscious rats after either i.v. or oral administration.  
 IT 137445-46-6  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study) (phenoxyphenylacetic acid derivs. as ATI-selective angiotensin II antagonists)  
 RN 137445-46-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzenecarboxylic acid, 2-carboxy-4-[(4-{(1-methyl-2-propyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl)methyl}phenoxy)-] (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 106 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



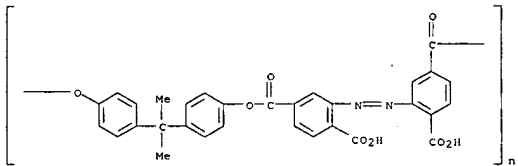


L6 ANSWER 109 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:245977 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:245977  
 TITLE: Novel phototransformation of o-nitrobenzyl polymers to azopolymers  
 AUTHOR(S): Ajayaghosh, A.; George, Soney C.; George, M. V.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Photochem. Res. Unit, Reg. Res. Lab., Trivandrum, 695 019, India  
 SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Chemical Communications (1994), (4), 423-4  
 CODEN: JCCCAT; ISSN: 0022-4936  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English

AB Synthesis and phototransformations of a polyamide-polyester bearing two o-nitrobenzyl chromophores at sym. positions per repeating unit to a polar photochromic azopolymer are described.

IT 154522-60-8P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of, by phototransformation of nitrobenzyl polyester)

RN 154522-60-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Poly[oxy-1,4-phenylene(1-methylethylidene)-1,4-phenyleneoxycarbonyl(4-carboxy-1,3-phenylene)azo(6-carboxy-1,3-phenylene)carbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 110 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:216992 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:216992  
 TITLE: Process for preparing antiviral polyurea oligomers  
 INVENTOR(S): Cardin, Alan D.; Jackson, Richard L.; Mullins, Michael  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dow Chemical Co., USA; Merrell Dow Pharmaceuticals Inc.  
 SOURCE: U.S., 19 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 549,782, abandoned.  
 CODEN: USXXAM  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5276182	A	19940104	US 1991-710370	19910610
AU 9180242	A	19920109	AU 1991-80242	19910708
AU 635850	B2	19930401		
CA 2046491	A1	19920110	CA 1991-2046491	19910708
FI 9103298	A	19920110	FI 1991-3298	19910708
FI 108041	B1	20011115		
NO 9102672	A	19920110	NO 1991-2672	19910708
NO 302827	B1	19980427		
EP 467185	A2	19920122	EP 1991-111315	19910708
EP 467185	A3	19920909		
EP 467185	B1	19981021		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
WO 9200749	A1	19920123	WO 1991-US4804	19910708
W: AU, CA, FI, HU, JP, KR, NO, US				
RM: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
AU 9182867	A	19920204	AU 1991-82867	19910708
AU 650281	B2	19940616		
CN 1058959	A	19920226	CN 1991-105595	19910708
CN 1051096	B	20000405		
ZA 9105280	A	19930331	ZA 1991-5280	19910708
EP 538373	A1	19930428	EP 1991-913441	19910708
EP 538373	B1	19980513		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
HU 62621	A2	19930528	HU 1991-2299	19910708
HU 219229	B	20010328		
HU 63561	A2	19930929	HU 1993-38	19910708
HU 214876	B	19980728		
JP 06500535	T	19940120	JP 1991-512671	19910708
JP 3442072	B2	20030902		
IL 98761	A	19950330	IL 1991-98761	19910708
HU 72414	A2	19960429	HU 1995-533	19910708
RU 2099360	C1	19971220	RU 1991-5001066	19910708
AT 165974	T	19980515	AT 1991-913441	19910708
ES 2116295	T3	19980716	ES 1991-913441	19910708
AT 172477	T	19981115	AT 1991-111315	19910708
ES 2124695	T3	19990216	ES 1991-111315	19910708
KR 212336	B1	19990802	KR 1991-11531	19910708

L6 ANSWER 110 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 CA 2086438 C 20020312 CA 1991-2086438 19910708  
 MX 9405969 A 20020314 MX 1994-5969 19910708  
 JP 04226521 A 19920817 JP 1991-168126 19910709  
 JP 3187455 B2 20010711  
 CZ 288574 B6 20010711 CZ 1991-2120 19910709  
 SK 283655 B6 20031104 SK 1991-2120 19910709  
 RU 2070554 C1 19961220 RU 1992-5052506 19920909  
 RU 2102406 C1 19980120 RU 1992-5052865 19920909  
 RU 2108345 C1 19980410 RU 1992-5052497 19920909  
 US 6232349 B1 20010515 US 1993-965248 19930107  
 NO 9300052 A 19930309 NO 1993-52 19930108  
 US 5606108 A 19970225 US 1993-132551 19931006  
 US 5728874 A 19980317 US 1993-174597 19931227  
 US 5547992 A 19960820 US 1995-407832 19950321  
 US 5571505 A 19961105 US 1995-445158 19950519  
 US 5670143 A 19970923 US 1995-445192 19950519  
 US 5670144 A 19970923 US 1995-469390 19950606  
 US 5728731 A 19980317 US 1995-469386 19950606  
 NO 9601910 A 19920110 NO 1996-1910 19960510  
 NO 306512 B1 19991115  
 US 5707615 A 19980113 US 1997-834697 19970401  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1990-549782 B2 19900709

US 1991-710370 A 19910610  
 HU 1991-2299 A 19910708  
 NO 1991-2672 A 19910708  
 WO 1991-US4804 A 19910708  
 CS 1991-2120 A 19910709  
 US 1993-965248 A3 19930107  
 US 1993-132551 A3 19931006  
 US 1995-444461 B1 19950519

AB Polyurea oligomers R(NHCO)m(NHXXHCO)nNHR3 (R = H, C1-4 alkyl, (un)substituted Ph; R3 = R, XNH2; X = (un)substituted phenylene, (un)substituted biphenyl, (un)substituted naphthylene, etc.; m = 0, 1; n

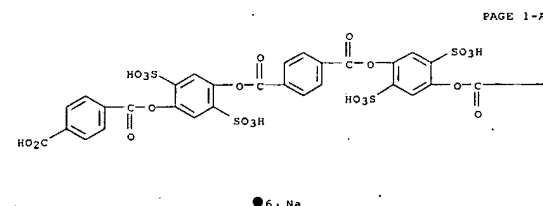
3-50; such that when m = 0, then R = H), which demonstrate antiviral activity and are useful in the treatment of AIDS and ARC, are prepared by condensing an aromatic diamine with a difunctional electrophile in the presence of an acid acceptor in water or water with >1 mol of water-immiscible cosolvent at 0-100° and pH 7-9. Careful adjustment of the reactant stoichiometry or using a monofunctional end-capping agent produces a water-soluble polyurea oligomer having number-average

mol. weight >10,000. Biol. testing data is presented.

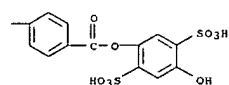
IT 141291-61-4P 154064-71-8P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of virucidal, for treatment of AIDS)

RN 141291-61-4 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[(4-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]-2,5-disulfonyl  
 4-[(4-[(4-hydroxy-2,5-disulfonylphenoxy)carbonyl]benzoyl)oxy]-2,5-disulfonyl ester, hexasodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

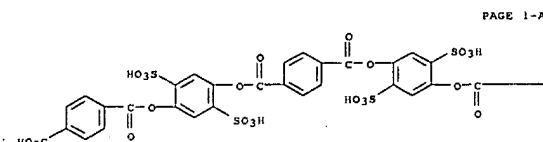
L6 ANSWER 110 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



PAGE 1-B

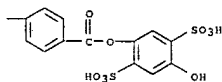


RN 154064-71-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[(4-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]-2,5-disulfonyl  
 4-[(4-[(4-hydroxy-2,5-disulfonylphenoxy)carbonyl]benzoyl)oxy]-2,5-disulfonyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 110 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

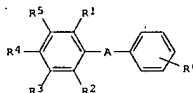
PAGE 1-B



L6 ANSWER 111 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:533431 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:133431  
 TITLE: Preparation of diphenylheteroalkyl derivatives as fungicides.  
 INVENTOR(S): Mueller, Thomas; Janassen, Bernd; Zierke, Thomas; Eicklen, Karl; Ammermann, Eberhard; Lorenz, Gisela  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): BASF A.-G., Germany  
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 17 pp.  
 CODEN: GWXXBX  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

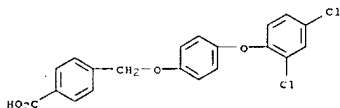
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 4142514	A1	19930624	DE 1991-4142514	19911221
EP 548711	A1	19930630	EP 1992-121143	19921211
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, NL, PT, SE				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1991-4142514 A 19911221				

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 119:133431  
 GI



AB The diphenylheteroalkyl derivs. I (A = CH2, O, S; R1-5 = H, halo, alkyl, Ph, etc.; R2R3 = CH:CHCH:CH, R4R5 = CH2CH2CH2CH2, CH2CH2CH2, OCH2O, etc.; R6 = CO2H, alkoxycarbonyl) are prepared as fungicides (no biol. data). A suspension of NaH in DMF was treated with a solution of 2-methyl-4-tert-butylphenol in DMF, followed by the addition of 4-carbethoxybenzyl bromide, to give 4-carboxybenzyl 2-methyl-4-tert-butylphenyl ether.  
 IT 149288-76-6P  
 RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as fungicide)  
 RN 149288-76-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 111 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



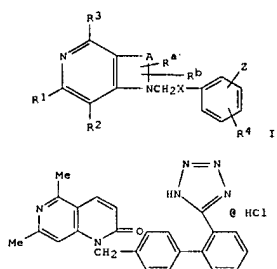
L6 ANSWER 112 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:213083 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:213083  
 TITLE: Preparation of naphthylidene derivatives as angiotensin II inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Ratcliffe, Arnold Harry; Pearce, Robert James; Gibson, Keith Hopkinson; Wood, Robin; Masek, Brian Bernard  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Imperial Chemical Industries PLC, UK  
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 58 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 516392	A2	19921202	EP 1992-304791	19920527
EP 516392	A3	19930127		
EP 516392	B1	20010829		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
ZA 9203476	A	19930224	ZA 1992-3476	19920513
AU 9216251	A	19921203	AU 1992-16251	19920514
HU 61303	A2	19921228	HU 1992-1608	19920515
CA 2068946	A1	19921201	CA 1992-2068946	19920519
GB 2256196	A	19921202	GB 1992-11211	19920527
GB 2256196	B	19950510		
AT 204873	T	20010915	AT 1992-304791	19920527
NO 9202147	A	19921201	NO 1992-2147	19920529
US 5217976	A	19930608	US 1992-890453	19920529
CN 1073174	A	19930616	CN 1992-104257	19920529
BR 9202099	A	19930119	BR 1992-2099	19920601
JP 05163271	A	19930629	JP 1992-140731	19920601
US 5294620	A	19940315	US 1993-42321	19930402
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 1991-11759 A 19910531				

GB 1991-16309	A	19910729
GB 1992-11211		19920527
US 1992-890453	A3	19920529

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 118:213083  
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L6 ANSWER 112 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

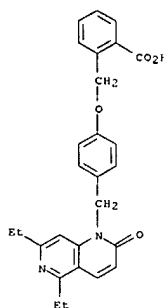


AB Title compds. I (R1 = H, C1-8 alkyl, C3-8 cycloalkyl, Ph, substituted Cl-4 alkyl; R2 = H, C1-4 alkyl, C1-4 alkoxy, halo, F3C, HO2C, C1-3 alkoxy, carbonyl, cyano, O2N, etc.; R3 = halo, C1-4 alkoxy, HO, (alkyl)amino, etc.; R4 = H, C1-4 alkyl, C1-4 alkoxy, halo, F3C, cyano, O2N; Ra, Rb = substituent on linking group A; A = CH:CHCO, COCH:CH, COCH2CH2, CH2CH2CO, CH2CO, COCH2; X = (substituted) phenylene, bond; Z = (substituted) 1H-tetrazol-5-yl, NH5O2CF3, etc.). N-oxides, salts thereof, are prepared 5,7-Dimethyl-1,6-naphthyridin-2(1H)-one was added to NaH in DMF followed by 5-[(2-(4-bromomethylbiphenyl))]-2-triphenylmethyl-2H-tetrazole to give 5,7-dimethyl-1-[(2'-((2-triphenylmethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl)biphenyl-4-yl)methyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-2(1H)-one which in CH2Cl2/MeOH was stirred for 30 min to give the title compound II. In an in vivo test assessed against angiotensin II-induced pressor response the ED50 of II was 0.048 mg/kg, i.v. Pharmaceutical formulations comprising I are given.

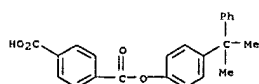
IT 146720-10-7p  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as angiotensin II antagonist)

RN 146720-10-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[(5,7-diethyl-2-oxo-1,6-naphthyridin-1(2H)-yl)methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

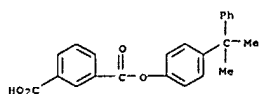
L6 ANSWER 112 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



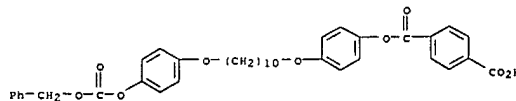
L6 ANSWER 113 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:148191 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:148191  
 TITLE: Transesterification reactions between a polyarylate and poly(1,4-butyleneterephthalate): Identification of interchange units via model compounds  
 AUTHOR(S): Espinosa, Eli; Fernandez-Berridi, Maria J.; Maiza, Inaki; Valero, Miguel  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Cienc. Tecnol. Polimeros, Univ. Pais Vasco, San Sebastian, 20080, Spain  
 SOURCE: Polymer (1993), 34(2), 382-8  
 CODEN: POLMAG; ISSN: 0032-3861  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB The reactions taking place during melt mixing of bisphenol A-isophthalic acid-terephthalic acid copolymer with poly(butylene terephthalate) were studied by 1H and 13C NMR. Model compds. whose structures match those of the polymers and possible interchange units were prepared and characterized by 1H and 13C NMR. By means of this characterization, assignments of the absorptions appearing in the spectra of the soluble fraction were possible.  
 IT 146556-57-2P 146556-58-3P  
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and NMR of, as model for transesterification products from polyarylate and poly(butylene terephthalate))  
 RN 146556-57-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[4-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



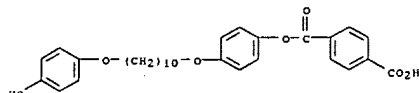
RN 146556-58-3 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[4-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 114 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:103130 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:103130  
 TITLE: Studies on main-chain liquid-crystalline model oligomers of defined length and structure  
 AUTHOR(S): Seliger, H.; Eppel, M.; Goeldner, E.; Mittel, I.; Ludwig, A.; Schorr, Ludwig  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Sek. Polym., Univ. Ulm, Ulm, D 7900, Germany  
 SOURCE: Makromolekulare Chemie, Macromolecular Symposia (1992), 58(Solution Prop. Modif. Polym.), 215-20  
 CODEN: MCMSES; ISSN: 0258-0322  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB Oligomers of defined sequence and structure-modeling main-chain liquid crystalline (LC) polymers were prepared (a) by solution synthesis; (b) by a novel liquid phase synthesis using 2 monomethoxy-poly(ethylene glycol) supports. Benzyl and tertbutyl groups were used as an orthogonal pair of protecting groups for route a, and also as compatible anchor groups for carriers in route b. Depending on chain structure and end groups, at least ca. 3 mesogenic elements were required to allow for LC phase transitions. The phase behavior of oligomers with free carboxylic ends could be explained by their association tendency.  
 IT 143389-18-8 143389-19-9 143389-22-4  
 143389-24-6  
 RL: PROC (Process) (phase behavior of, as models for liquid-crystalline polyester-polyethers)  
 RN 143389-18-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[4-[[10-[[4-[[1-phenylmethoxy]carbonyloxy]phenoxy]decyl]oxy]phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 143389-19-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[4-[[10-[[4-hydroxyphenoxy]decyl]oxy]phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

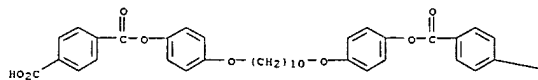


RN 143389-22-4 CAPLUS



L6 ANSWER 114 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,10-decanediylbis(oxy-4,1-phenylene) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

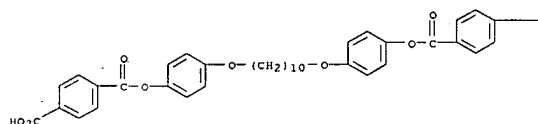


PAGE 1-B

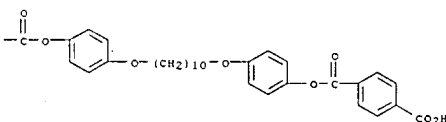
CO2H

RN 143389-24-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, bis[4-[[10-[[4-[[4-carboxybenzoyl]oxy]phenoxy]decyl]oxy]phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

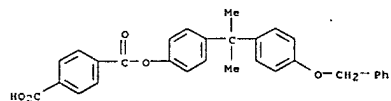


L6 ANSWER 115 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:614252 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:214252  
 TITLE: Preparation and properties of oligomers of defined chain length and structure as models for technical copolymers  
 AUTHOR(S): Seliger, H.; Bitar, M. B.; Goeldner, E.; Kittel, I.; Kilian, H. G.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: SEKT. Polym., Univ. Ulm, Ulm, D-7900, Germany  
 SOURCE: Revue Roumaine de Chimie (1991), 36(1-3), 171-85  
 CODEN: RRCXAX; ISSN: 0035-3930  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB Oligomeric segments of the macromols. with defined structure were prepared

in an attempt to answer the question whether the thermal and mech. properties of the polyester elastomers were mainly influenced by the segregation or by the structural heterogeneity. Monobenzylated bisphenol A and terephthalic acid mono-tert-Bu ester were used as starting compds. for the preparation of oligomeric arylates.

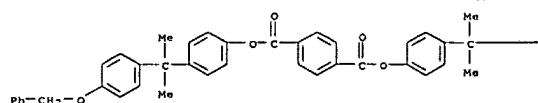
IT 92002-18-1P 92002-19-2P 92002-20-5P  
 92002-21-6P 92002-22-7P 92002-23-8P  
 92002-24-9P 92002-25-0P 92002-49-8P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of, as model for block polyester elastomers)

RN 92002-19-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[4-[1-methyl-1-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]ethyl]phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



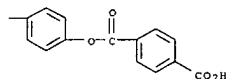
RN 92002-19-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[1-[4-[[4-carboxybenzoyl]oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl 4-[1-methyl-1-[4-[[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]ethyl]phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



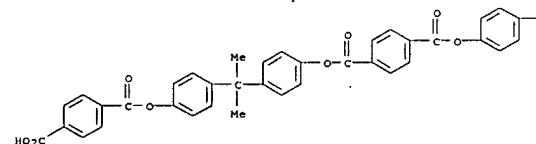
L6 ANSWER 114 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B

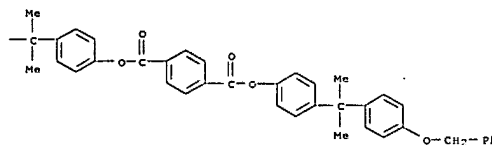


RN 92002-20-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[1-[4-[[4-carboxybenzoyl]oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl 4-[1-methyl-1-[4-[[4-[[4-(1-methyl-1-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]ethyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]benzoyl]oxy]phenyl]ethyl]phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



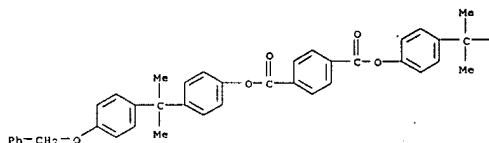
PAGE 1-B



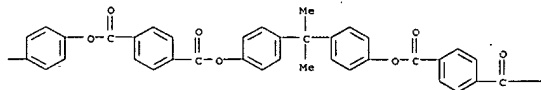
RN 92002-21-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[1-[4-[[4-[[4-[[4-[[4-[[4-carboxybenzoyl]oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]benzoyl]oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl 4-[1-methyl-1-[4-[[4-[[4-[[4-[[4-(1-methyl-1-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]ethyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]benzoyl]oxy]phenyl]ethyl]phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 115 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

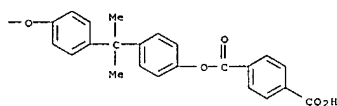
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C



RN 92002-22-7 CAPLUS

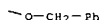
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[1-[4-[[4-[1-[4-[[4-

carboxybenzoyl]oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]benzoyl]oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl 4-[1-methyl-1-[4-[[4-[1-methyl-1-[4-[[4-

[1-methyl-1-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]ethyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]benzoyl]oxy]phenyl]ethyl]phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

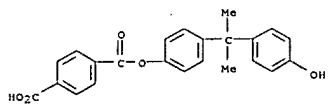
L6 ANSWER 115 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-D



RN 92002-23-8 CAPLUS

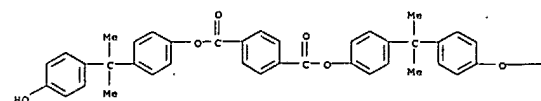
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[4-[1-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl]phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 92002-24-9 CAPLUS

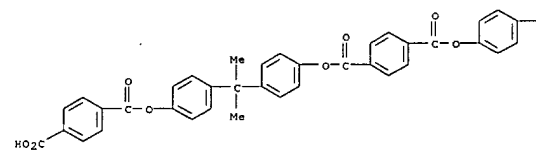
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[1-[4-[[4-carboxybenzoyl]oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl 4-[1-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl]phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

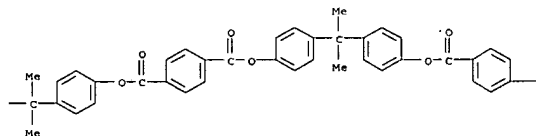


L6 ANSWER 115 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

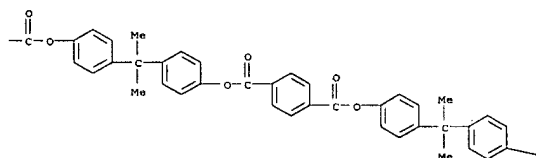
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

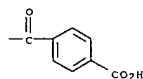


PAGE 1-C



L6 ANSWER 115 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

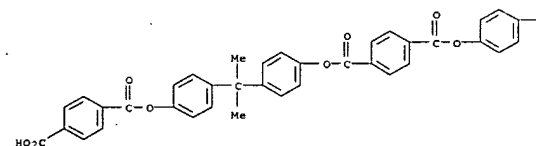
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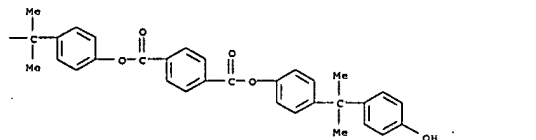
RN 92002-25-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[1-[4-[[4-carboxybenzoyl]oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl 4-[1-[4-[[4-[1-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]benzoyl]oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



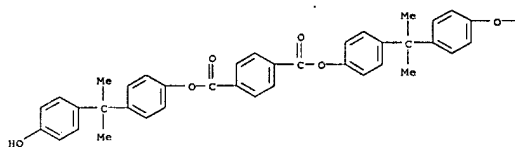
RN 92002-49-8 CAPLUS

CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[1-[4-[[4-[1-[4-[[4-

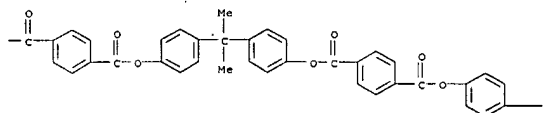
carboxybenzoyl]oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]benzoyl]oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl 4-[1-[4-[[4-[1-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]benzoyl]oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 115 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

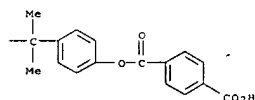
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



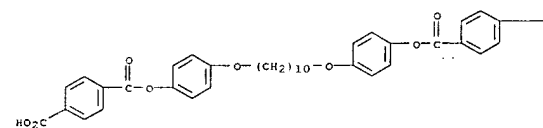
PAGE 1-C



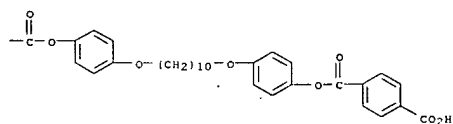
IT 143389-18-8P 143389-19-9P 143389-22-4P  
143389-24-6P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of, as model for liquid-crystalline polymers)  
RN 143389-18-8 CAPLUS  
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid,  
mono[4-[[[10-[[4-[[phenylmethoxy]carbonyl]oxy  
phenoxy]decyl]oxy]phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 115 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

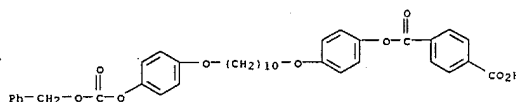
PAGE 1-A



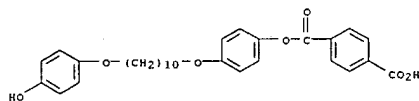
PAGE 1-B



L6 ANSWER 115 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

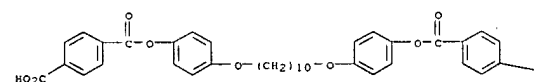


RN 143389-19-9 CAPLUS  
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid,  
mono[4-[[[10-[[4-hydroxyphenoxy]decyl]oxy]phen  
yl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 143389-22-4 CAPLUS  
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,10-decanediylbis(oxy-4,1-phenylene) ester  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

CO<sub>2</sub>H

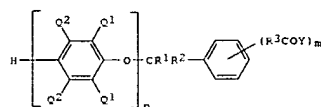
RN 143389-24-6 CAPLUS  
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, bis[4-[[[10-[[4-[[4-  
carboxybenzoyl]oxy]phenoxy]decyl]oxy]phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 116 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:572322 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:172322  
TITLE: Manufacture of terminal carboxylic acid-modified  
polyoxyphenylenes  
INVENTOR(S): Omura, Haruo; Aratomi, Mitsutoshi  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Petrochemical Co., Ltd., Japan  
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.  
CODEN: JKXXAF  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 04145125	A	19920519	JP 1990-266277	19901005
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1990-266277	19901005

GI

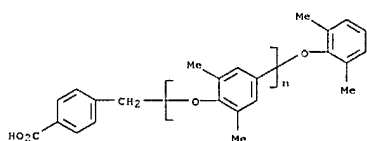


AB The title polymers I [Q1, Q2 = halo, alkyl, Ph, aminoalkyl (for Q1),  
haloalkyl (for Q2), (halo)hydrocarbyloxy; R1-2 = H, C1-6 hydrocarbyl; R3  
= direct bond, C1-32 hydrocarbon; Y = OH, reactive residue of CO<sub>2</sub>H; m =

1-5;  
n ≥ 10], showing high reactivity with other polymers, are prepared by  
treating (substituted) polyoxyphenylenes with benzyl halides  
XCR1R2C6H4(R3COY)m (X = halo). Thus, a solution of 20.0 g poly(phenylene  
ether) in PhMe was stirred with NaOMe at 90° for 30 min and treated  
with 5.1 g p-bromomethylphenylacetic acid for 7 h to give 100% modified  
polymer at terminal OH reactivity 30.3%.

IT 143673-06-7P  
RL: PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of, with good reactivity)  
RN 143673-06-7 CAPLUS  
CN Poly[oxy(2,6-dimethyl-1,4-phenylene)], u-[[4-carboxyphenyl]methyl]-  
u-(2,6-dimethylphenoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 116 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



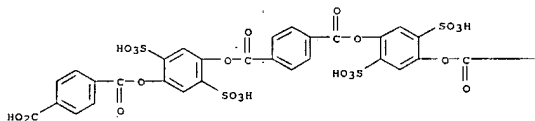
L6 ANSWER 117 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:228231 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:228231  
 TITLE: Synthetic oligomers for diagnosis and treatment of AIDS and AIDS-related complex  
 INVENTOR(S): Cardin, Alan D.; Jackson, Richard L.; Mullins, Michael  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): J. Dow Chemical Co., USA; Merrell Dow Pharmaceuticals, Inc.  
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 46 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 467185	A2	19920122	EP 1991-111315	19910708
EP 467185	A3	19920909		
EP 467185	B1	19981021		
US 5276182	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE	19940104	US 1991-710370	19910610
CZ 286574	B6	20010711	CZ 1991-2120	19910709
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1990-549782	A 19900709
			US 1991-710370	A 19910610
			CS 1991-2120	A 19910709

AB The title oligomers (Markush included) are preferably polyureas, polycarbonates, polyesters, or polyamides having an average mol. weight <10,000.  
 The oligomers are water soluble, have a rigid backbone, have recurring units coupled by carbonyl linking moieties which have anionic groups, display predominantly linear geometry such that regular spacing between anionic groups exists in an aqueous medium, and are pharmaceutically acceptable. Preparation of reactants and oligomers is described, as is their activity against human immunodeficiency virus (syncytium formation and expression of P24 viral core antigen).  
 IT 141291-61-4P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (Preparation of, for AIDS and AIDS-related complex diagnosis and treatment)  
 RN 141291-61-4 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[[4-carboxybenzoyl]oxy]-2,5-disulphophenyl 4-[[4-[[4-hydroxy-2,5-disulphophenoxy]carbonyl]benzoyl]oxy]-2,5-disulphophenyl ester, hexasodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

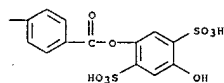
L6 ANSWER 117 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



● 6 Na

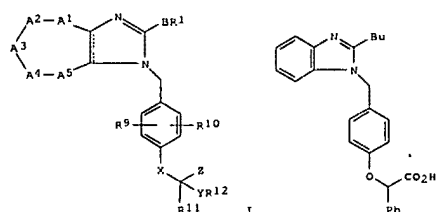
PAGE 1-B



L6 ANSWER 118 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:656165 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:256165  
 TITLE: Preparation of N-benzylated imidazopyridines and benzimidazoles as angiotensin II antagonists  
 INVENTOR(S): Greenlee, William J.; Patchett, Arthur A.; Hangerauer, David; Walsh, Thomas; Fitch, Kenneth J.; Rivero, Ralph  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): A.; Dhanoa, Daljit S.  
 SOURCE: Merck and Co., Inc., USA  
 PCT Int. Appl., 401 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9111999	A1	19910822	WO 1991-US957	19910211
W: CA, JP				
CA 2075627	RM: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE	19910814	CA 1991-2075627	19910211
CA 2075637	A1	19910814	CA 1991-2075637	19910211
EP 517812	A1	19921216	EP 1991-905733	19910211
R: CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL				
JP 05504969	T	19930729	JP 1991-505964	19910211
US 5240938	A	19930831	US 1991-744557	19910813
US 5264439	A	19931123	US 1991-744138	19910813
US 5449682	A	19950912	US 1993-61975	19930517
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1990-479786	A 19900213
			WO 1991-US957	W 19910211
			US 1991-671551	B2 19910319
			US 1991-671552	B2 19910319
			US 1991-744557	A3 19910813

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 115:256165  
 GI



L6 ANSWER 118 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

AB Title compds. [I: R1 = (substituted) alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, (hetero)aryl, perfluoroalkyl; R9, R10 = H, (cyclo)alkyl, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, halo, alkoxy, perfluoroalkyl, (alkyl)cycloalkyl, aryl; adjacent R9R10 = CH:CHCH:CH; R11, R12 = H, (substituted) alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl; B = bond, SOn(CH2)n, O; n = 0-2; s = 0-5; X = O, SOn, imino, CH2O, CH2, CH2CH2, bond SOnCH2, etc.; Y = bond, SOn imino, CH2; Z = CO2H, alkoxycarbonyl, tetrazol-5-yl, arylsulfonylcarbonyl, P(O)(OH)2, etc.; Al-A2-A3-A4-A5 = moieties to complete (substituted) benzene or heterocyclic (e.g., pyridine) rings], were prepared as antihypertensives, neurotics, anxiolytics, and antidepressants (no data). Thus, 2-butylbenzimidazole and 4-(PhCH2O)C6H4Cl were condensed to give 96% N-benzylated product, which was hydrogenolyzed (83%) followed by condensation with BrCHPhCO2Me (17%) and saponification (30%) to give

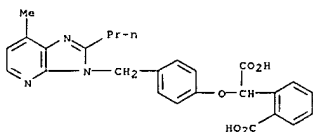
title compound II.

IT 137445-46-6P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as angiotensin II antagonist)

RN 137445-46-6 CAPLUS

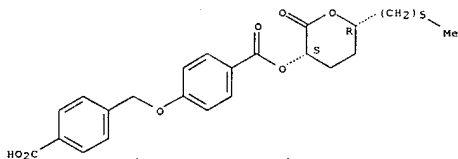
CN Benzeneacetic acid, 2-carboxy-4-[(7-methyl-2-propyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl)methyl]phenoxy- (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 119 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]-, 1-(6-hexyltetrahydro-2-oxo-2H-pyran-3-yl) ester, (3S-cis)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L6 ANSWER 119 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:438766 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:38766

TITLE: Optically active compound and liquid crystal composition

INVENTOR(S): Ikemoto, Tetsuya; Sakashita, Keiichi; Hayashi, Seiji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Rayon Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 56 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

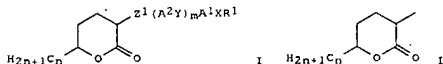
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 396410	A2	19901107	EP 1990-304604	19900502
EP 396410	A3	19910626		
R: DE, FR, GB				
US 5164113	A	19921117	US 1990-515754	19900430
JP 03072473	A	19910327	JP 1990-115518	19900501
JP 03072479	A	19910327	JP 1990-123556	19900514
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1989-112935	A 19890502
			JP 1989-127482	A 19890519

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 115:38766

GI



AB An optically active compound is described having a 6-valerolactone ring (I) [Z1 = CO2, CH2O, O; when A1, A2 = unsubstituted or F-, Cl-, or CN-substituted p-phenylene, R1 = Me(CH2)qCHMe(CH2)p (p = 0-11; q = 1-12; p + q ≤ 12), II, CnH2n+1X1-p-CHMe, X1 = direct bond or O; when A1, A2 = one of their same as above and other one unsubstituted a For Cl- or CN-substituted 2,5-pyridinediyl or 3,6-pyridazinediyl or 2,5-pyrazinediyl or 2,5-pyrimidinediyl; n = 1-14; X = O, O2C, OCH2; Y = direct bond, O2C, CO2, CH2O, OCH2; some other restrictions of combinations apply]. Ferroelec. liquid crystal compns. containing the above compds. are chemically stable and have good light stability and short response time.

IT 134538-04-8P

RL: PREP (Preparation) (preparation and phase transition temperature and use of, as optically active compound in liquid crystal composition)

RN 134538-04-8 CAPLUS

L6 ANSWER 120 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:185568 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:185568

TITLE: Preparation of anti-inflammatory 4-(heterocyclylamino)phenol derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Bantick, John Raymond; Hardern, David Norman; Appleton, Richard Anthony; Dixon, John; Wilkinson, David John

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fisons PLC, UK

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 65 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

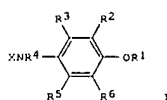
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9014338	A1	19901129	WO 1990-GB762	19900517
W: AU, FI, JP, KR, NO, SU, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE				
AU 9056682	A	19901213	AU 1990-56582	19900517
AU 630196	B2	19921022		
ZA 9003802	A	19910130	ZA 1990-3802	19900517
EP 425650	A1	19910508	EP 1990-908298	19900517
EP 425650	B1	19950809		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
JP 06502384	T	19940317	JP 1990-507734	19900517
JP 07116155	B	19951213		
ES 2077066	T3	19951116	ES 1990-908298	19900517
RU 2049779	C1	19951210	RU 1990-4894663	19900518
CA 2017169	A1	19901120	CA 1990-2017169	19900518
HU 54119	A2	19910128	HU 1990-3094	19900518
HU 206323	B	19921028		
DD 300544	A5	19920617	DD 1990-340830	19900518
PL 164432	B1	19940729	PL 1990-285248	19900518
PL 164480	B1	19940831	PL 1990-289487	19900518
IL 94433	A	19950315	IL 1990-94433	19900518
CZ 280637	B6	19960313	CZ 1990-2444	19900518
CN 1047497	A	19901205	CN 1990-103739	19900519
RO 105958	B1	19910130	RO 1990-145922	19900519
NO 9100198	A	19910312	NO 1991-198	19910117
US 5428044	A	19950627	US 1993-138375	19931015
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1989-11654	A 19890520
			GB 1989-11655	A 19890520
			GB 1990-3044	A 19900210
			WO 1990-GB762	A 19900517
			US 1991-634182	B1 19910301
			US 1992-978041	B1 19921118

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 114:185568

GI

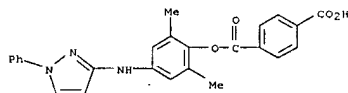
L6 ANSWER 120 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



AB The title compds. [1; R1 = C(O)Y2, SO2R10; Y = single bond, O, NH, alkylimino, CO; Z = H, alkyl, alkyl substituted by S1 substituents selected from OH, alkoxy, acyloxy, CO2H, alkoxycarbonyl, (un)substituted CONH2 or NH2, heterocyclyl, (un)substituted aryl, etc.; R10 = alkyl; R2, R3, R5, R6 = H, alkyl, alkoxy, halo; R4 = H, alkyl; X = (un)substituted heterocyclyl] are prepared as antiinflammatories (no data). Thus, acetylation of 2,6-dimethyl-4-nitrophenol with AcCl in CH2Cl2 containing

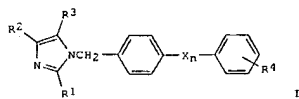
Et3N followed by hydrogenation over PtO2 in EtOH gave 4-amino-2,6-dimethylphenyl acetate which was refluxed with 3-amino-4,5-dihydro-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazole in PhMe containing 4-MeC6H4SO3H for 8 h to give 4-(4,5-dihydro-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)amino-2,6-dimethylphenyl acetate. A total of 117 1 containing heterocycles, i.e., pyrazole, benzimidazole, quinoline, pyrimidine, pyrazine, oxazole, 1,2,3-triazole, pyridazine, imidazole, 1,2,4-thiadiazole, thiophene, isoxazole, 1,2,4-triazine, and 1,3,4-thiadiazole, were prepared

IT 133356-63-5P  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as antiinflammatory)  
RN 133356-63-5 CAPLUS  
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[2,6-dimethyl-4-[(1-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)amino]phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 122 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:191374 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:191374  
TITLE: Part VI. Nonpeptide angiotensin II receptor antagonists: N-[(benzyloxy)benzyl]imidazoles and related compounds as potent antihypertensives  
AUTHOR(S): Carini, David J.; Duncia, John V.; Johnson, Alexander L.; Chiu, Andrew T.; Price, William A.; Wong, Pancreas C.; Timmermans, Pieter B. M. W.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Med. Prod. Dep., E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Co., Inc., Wilmington, DE, 19880, USA  
SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1990), 33(5), 1330-6  
CODEN: JMCMAJ; ISSN: 0022-2623  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
GI



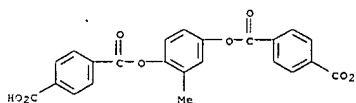
AB A series of title compds. (1; R1 = Bu, SET, SPt; R2 = H, Cl, CH2OH, CH2OAc; R3 = CH2OH, Cl, CH2OAc, CH2NHCO2Me; R4 = CO2H, NHCO2CF3; X = NHCO, CO, O, S, OCH2 etc.; n = 0-1) was synthesized and demonstrated to be antagonists of the angiotensin II (AII) receptor. 1 are structurally related to the N-(benzamido)benzyl]imidazoles and extend the scope of this new class of nonpeptide AII antagonists. The amide linkage (X = NHCO) in the N-(benzamido)benzyl]imidazoles can be replaced successfully by a variety of groups (X = O, S, CO, OCH2, CH:CH, NHCONH; n = 0-1); linkers

of 0-1 atoms in length are most effective. When administered i.v. to awake renal hypertensive rats, these compds. exhibited potent antihypertensive activity.

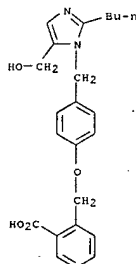
IT 114799-46-1P 114799-47-2P 114799-48-3P  
114799-49-4P 114799-61-OP 125848-45-5P  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation and angiotensin II antagonist activity of)  
RN 114799-46-1 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-butyl-5-(hydroxymethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 121 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

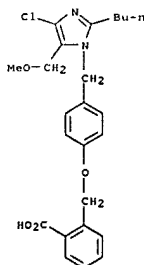
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:515982 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:115982  
TITLE: Synthesis of a mesogenic condensation monomer and the sequential block copolymers thereof  
AUTHOR(S): Li, Zifa; Zhang, Ziyong; Zhou, Qifeng; Li, Zhe  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Chem. Dep., Zhengzhou Univ., Zhengzhou, Peop. Rep. China  
SOURCE: Gaofenzi Xuebao (1989), (2), 193-9  
CODEN: GAXUE9; ISSN: 1000-3304  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: Chinese  
AB 2-Methyl-1,4-phenylenebis[[4-chloroformyl] benzoate] was prepared and polymerized with 1,10-decanediol and polypropylene glycol liquid crystal- and non-liquid crystal-containing sequential block copolymer. In the DSC thermograms of the samples with higher inherent viscosity, a marked exothermic peak existed after melting of the samples. This unusual phenomenon suggested an addnl. organization of the mols. in the liquid crystalline state.  
IT 129255-93-2P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation and reaction of, with thionyl chloride)  
RN 129255-93-2 CAPLUS  
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 2-methyl-1,4-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 122 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

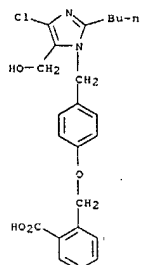


RN 114799-47-2 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-butyl-4-chloro-5-(methoxymethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

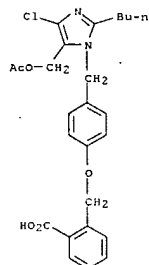


RN 114799-48-3 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-butyl-4-chloro-5-(hydroxymethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 122 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 114799-49-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[5-((acetyloxy)methyl)-2-butyl-4-chloro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

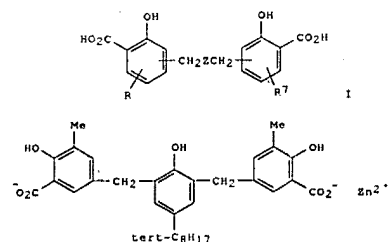


RN 114799-61-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[5-(hydroxymethyl)-2-(propylthio)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 123 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:149114 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:149114  
 TITLE: Recording materials containing electron-donating dye and salicylic acid derivatives  
 INVENTOR(S): Iwakura, Ken; Sano, Masajiro  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 01168487	A	19890703	JP 1987-329268	19871225
US 4920091	A	19900424	US 1988-290669	19881227
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1987-329268	A 19871225
			JP 1988-59919	A 19880314
			JP 1988-59920	A 19880314
			JP 1988-170546	A 19880708

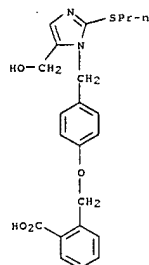
GI



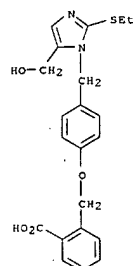
AB The title recording materials use electron-donating dye precursors and salicylic acid derivs. or their metal salts (as electron-acceptors) of the formula I (Z = bivalent groups; R = R1 = H, alkyl, Ph, alkoxy, halo). The materials show excellent developability and good image stability. Thus, a color former sheet prepared by coating on a paper a dispersion of microcapsules containing Crystal Violet lactone and a developer sheet

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L6 ANSWER 122 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

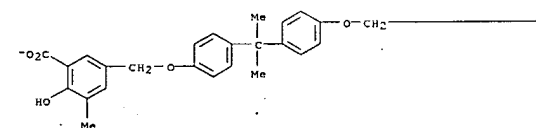


RN 125848-45-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-(ethylthio)-5-(hydroxymethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

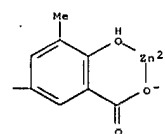


L6 ANSWER 123 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 by coating a dispersion of II, a clay, CaCO<sub>3</sub>, ZnO, and Na hexametaphosphate in poly(vinyl alc.) and COOH-modified SBR latex were contacted with each other to give a high-quality recording sheet.  
 IT 125941-04-0  
 RL: USES (Uses)  
 (electron acceptor, recording material containing, for developability and image stability)  
 RN 125941-04-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Zinc, [[3,3'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis(6-hydroxy-5-methylbenzoato)](2-1-O1,06)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

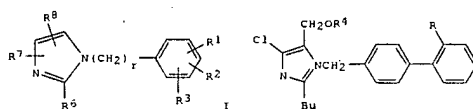


L6 ANSWER 124 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:118817 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:118817  
 TITLE: Preparation of (biphenylmethyl)imidazoles and analogs as antihypertensive agents  
 INVENTOR(S): Carini, David John; Wong, Pancras Chor Bun; Duncia, John Jonas Vytautas  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co., USA  
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 271 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 324377	A2	19890719	EP 1989-100144	19890105
EP 324377	A3	19910206		
EP 324377	B1	19970416		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
US 5138069	A	19920811	US 1988-279194	19881206
CA 1338238	C	19960409	CA 1988-586904	19881222
WO 8906233	A1	19890713	WO 1989-US52	19890105
W: JP				
JP 03501020	T	19910307	JP 1989-501656	19890105
JP 07025738	B	19950322		
EP 733366	A2	19960925	EP 1996-107930	19890105
EP 733366	A3	19961009		
EP 733366	B1	19980401		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
AT 151755	T	19970515	AT 1989-100144	19890105
ES 2100150	T3	19970616	ES 1989-100144	19890105
AT 164520	T	19980415	AT 1996-107930	19890105
ES 2117463	T3	19980801	ES 1996-107930	19890105
DK 8900051	A	19890708	DK 1989-51	19890106
DK 174948	H1	20040315		
F1 8900070	A	19890708	F1 1989-70	19890106
F1 99012	B	19970613		
F1 99012	C	19970925		
NO 8900075	A	19890710	NO 1989-75	19890106
NO 177265	B	19950508		
NO 177265	C	19950816		
AU 8927771	A	19890713	AU 1989-27771	19890106
AU 617736	B2	19911205		
ZA 8900127	A	19900926	ZA 1989-127	19890106
SU 1814646	A3	19930507	SU 1989-4613475	19890106
HU 64038	A2	19931129	HU 1989-50	19890106
HU 218201	B	20030628		
US 5128355	A	19920707	US 1989-435869	19891113
US 5153197	A	19921006	US 1989-436165	19891113
US 5155118	A	19921013	US 1989-436281	19891113
RU 2017733	C1	19940815	RU 1992-5010637	19920127
US 5210079	A	19930511	US 1992-832638	19920207
US 5354867	A	19941011	US 1993-47883	19930415
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1988-142580	A 19880107

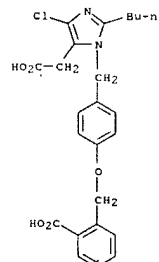
L6 ANSWER 124 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 US 1988-279194 A 19881206  
 US 1986-884920 B2 19860711  
 US 1987-50341 B2 19870522  
 EP 1989-100144 A3 19890105  
 WO 1989-US52 W 19890105  
 US 1989-373755 B2 19890630  
 US 1990-542351 B1 19900622  
 US 1990-545240 B1 19900627

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 112:118817  
 G1

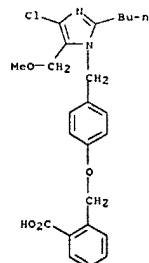


AB The title compds. [I: R1 = acyl, tetrazolyl, aminoacyl, acylamino, biphenyl, etc.; R2 = H, halo, NO2, cyano, C1-4 alkyl, etc.; R3 = H, halo, C1-4 alkyl, alkoxy; R6 = C2-10 alkyl, C3-10 alkenyl, alkynyl, C3-8 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted Ph, PhCH2, etc.; R7 = H, halo, NO2, cyano, pentafluorophenyl, etc.; R8 = H, cyano, C1-10 (fluoro)alkyl, etc.; r = 0-2] were prepared. Thus, 2-butyl-4-chloro-5-hydroxymethylimidazole was stirred 0.5 h with NaOMe in MeOH and the product stirred overnight with 4'-bromomethyl-2-cyanobiphenyl (preparation given) in DMF to give title compound  
 II (R = cyano, R4 = H) which was converted in 2 steps to II (R = cyano, R4 = Me). The latter was stirred 2 days at 100° and 11 days at 120° with NaN3 in DMF containing NH4Cl to give II (R = 1H-tetrazol-5-yl, R4 = Me) the Na salt of which had IC50 of 0.020 μM for inhibition of angiotensin II receptor binding and showed significant decreases in blood pressure in rats at ≤10 and ≤100 mg/kg i.v. and orally, resp.  
 IT 114799-45-0P 114799-47-2P 114799-48-3P  
 114799-49-4P 114799-61-0P 124750-06-7P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, as antihypertensive agent)  
 RN 114799-45-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-imidazole-5-acetic acid, 2-butyl-1-[[4-[(2-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]phenyl]methyl]-4-chloro- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 124 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

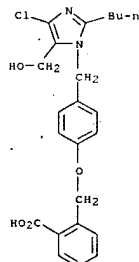


RN 114799-47-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-butyl-4-chloro-5-(methoxymethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

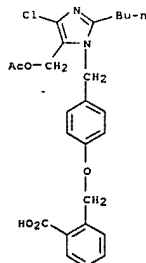


RN 114799-48-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-butyl-4-chloro-5-(hydroxymethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 124 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



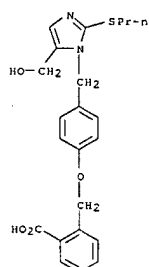
RN 114799-49-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[5-(acetyloxy)methyl]-2-butyl-4-chloro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



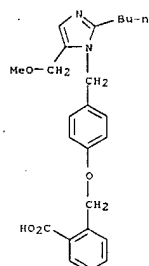
RN 114799-61-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[5-(hydroxymethyl)-2-(propylthio)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 124 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

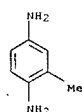


RN 124750-06-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-butyl-5-(methoxymethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 125 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 3  
 CRN 95-70-5  
 CMF C7 H10 N2



L6 ANSWER 125 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:634389 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:234389  
 TITLE: Manufacture of hard moldings from ionene polymers containing diacetylene groups  
 INVENTOR(S): Matsuda, Hiroo; Makenishi, Hachiro; Tanaka, Yoshio; Nakayama, Kazuo; Kato, Masao  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Agency of Industrial Sciences and Technology, Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.  
 CODEN: JKKXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 01092230	A	19890411	JP 1987-56150	19870311
JP 06015621	B	19940302		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1987-56150	19870311

AB Moldings having high modulus and strength are prepared by solid-phase polymerization of the diacetylene groups of polymers containing units (O2CR1C1plbond;CC1plbond;CR1CO2)2- (R1: R1, R2 = alkylene, cycloalkylene, arylene, etc.) and polycondensation of the products in a mold at 100-400°/5000-150,000 atmospheric irradiation of a polymer containing units I [R1 = (CH2)8; R2 = (CH2)5] with gamma rays (50 Mrad) in vacuo and press molding at 230°/50,000 atm for 20 min gave a molding having Vickers hardness 190 kg/mm2.

IT 116075-83-3P  
 RL: PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of radiochem. cured, as hard moldings)

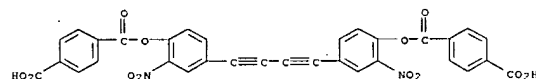
RN 116075-83-3 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,3-butadiene-1,4-diylbis(2-nitro-4,1-phenylene) ester, compd. with 2-methyl-1,4-benzenediamine (1:1), homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 116075-82-2  
 CMF C32 H16 N2 O12 . C7 H10 N2

CM 2

CRN 116075-81-1  
 CMF C32 H16 N2 O12

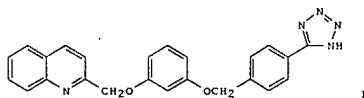
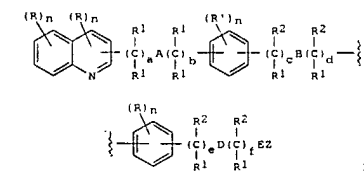


L6 ANSWER 126 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:632596 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:232596  
 TITLE: Quinolone derivatives, their use in the treatment of hypersensitive ailments, and pharmaceutical compositions containing them  
 INVENTOR(S): Huang, Fu Chi; Galemmo, Robert Anthony, Jr.; Campbell, Henry Flud  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rorer International (Overseas), Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 44 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 315399	A2	19890510	EP 1988-310241	19881101
EP 315399	A3	19901128		
EP 315399	B1	19960110		
US 4920132	A	19900424	US 1987-116420	19871103
WO 8904305	A1	19890519	WO 1988-US3897	19881101
W: AU, JP, US				
AU 8927946	A	19890601	AU 1989-27946	19881101
AU 633475	B2	19930204		
JP 03500889	T	19910228	JP 1989-500520	19881101
JP 07107053	B	19951115		
AT 132856	T	19960115	AT 1988-310241	19881101
US 5059610	A	19911022	US 1990-477896	19900420
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1987-116420	A 19871103
			WO 1988-US3897	A 19881101

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 111:232596; MARPAT 111:232596  
 GI

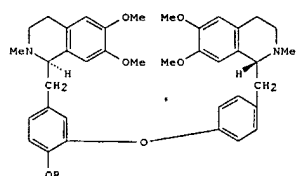
L6 ANSWER 126 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



AB Quinolines I [A = O, S; B = O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NR<sub>1</sub>, CO, NR<sub>1</sub>CO, CONR<sub>1</sub>; D = O, S, NR, CR<sub>1</sub>CR<sub>1</sub>; bond: E = bond, CR<sub>1</sub>CR<sub>1</sub>; a, n = 0-2; b = 0-1; c, e = 0-4; d, f = 0-5; R = H, alkyl, OH, alkoxy, CO<sub>2</sub>H, carbalkoxy, halo, NO<sub>2</sub>, haloalkyl, cyano, acyl; R' = H, alkyl, OH, alkoxy, halo, haloalkyl; R<sub>1</sub> = H, alkyl, aralkyl; R<sub>2</sub> = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>x</sub>; x = 0-3; X = H, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl, OH, alkoxy, aralkoxy, (di)alkylamino, aralkylamino, acylamino, carbamyl, CO<sub>2</sub>H, carbalkoxy, tetrazolyl, acylsulfonamido; vicinal (R<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>; y = 1-4; geminal (R<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>; z = 2-5; geminal (R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>1</sub>R<sub>2</sub> = :CHR<sub>1</sub>; Z = CO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>1</sub>, cyano, CONHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>3</sub>, CONR<sub>1</sub>(R<sub>2</sub>), OR, tetrazolyl (may be substituted by alkyl, carbalkoxyalkyl, or carbalkoxyalkyl); R<sub>3</sub> = H, alkyl, haloalkyl, Ph, PhCH<sub>2</sub>] are prepared as lipooxygenase inhibitors and/or leukotriene antagonists (no data). Alkylation of Na 3-(2-quinolinylmethoxy)phenoxide by p-NCC6H<sub>4</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Br in DMF gave 4-[3-(2-quinolinylmethoxy)phenoxy]methyl]benzonitrile, which

underwent cyclization with HN<sub>3</sub> (from NaN<sub>3</sub> and pyridine-HCl) in DMF to give title [(quinolinylmethoxy)phenoxy]methyl]phenyl]tetrazole II.  
IT 123226-32-4P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(preparation and reaction of, in preparation of antiallergic quinoline derivs.)  
RN 123226-32-4 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2-quinolinylmethyl)sulfinyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

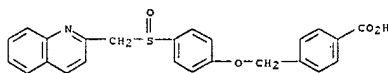
L6 ANSWER 127 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:526455 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:126455  
TITLE: Q-model information cluster analysis-assisted design of dauricine derivatives  
AUTHOR(S): Cai, Huimin; Huang, Zhenya; Yang, Zhenxiang; Wang, Erhua; Peng, Sixun  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Div. Med. Chem., China Pharm. Univ., Nanjing, Peop. Rep. China  
SOURCE: Zhongguo Yaoke Daxue Xuebao (1989), 20(1), 1-4  
CODEN: ZHYXE9; ISSN: 1000-5048  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: Chinese  
GI



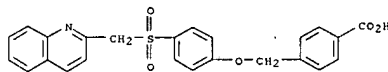
AB Dauricine (I; R = H) was taken as a lead compound and the Q-model information-cluster anal. was employed for the computer-aided mol. design.  
59 substituents were clustered into 3 categories, 5-cluster, 10-cluster and 16-cluster, according to 3 kinds of chemical structure parameter,  $\pi$ ,  $V_w$  and SIC (structural information content). On the basis of the results of the anal. of 5-cluster, 12 derivs. of dauricine were designed and then prepared. Their calmodulin-antagonistic activities were examined. The results showed that the derivs. of different clusters have more varied activities and the derivs. of the same cluster have less varied activities except one compound. The results also showed that the first group of 5-cluster is an active group.  
IT 122559-79-9 122560-06-9  
RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(Q-model information cluster anal. of structure in relation to)  
RN 122559-79-9 CAPLUS  
CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[4-[(1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-6,7-dimethoxy-2-methyl-1-isoquinolinyl)methyl]-2-[4-[(1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-6,7-dimethoxy-2-methyl-1-isoquinolinyl)methyl]phenoxy]phenyl] ester, [R-(R',R'')]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
Absolute stereochemistry.

10518819.trn

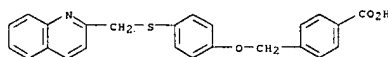
L6 ANSWER 126 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



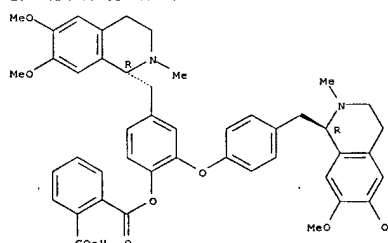
IT 123247-26-7P  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(preparation of, as allergy inhibitor)  
RN 123247-26-7 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2-quinolinylmethyl)sulfonyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 123226-42-6  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(reaction of, in preparation of antiallergic quinoline derivs.)  
RN 123226-42-6 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(2-quinolinylmethyl)thio]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



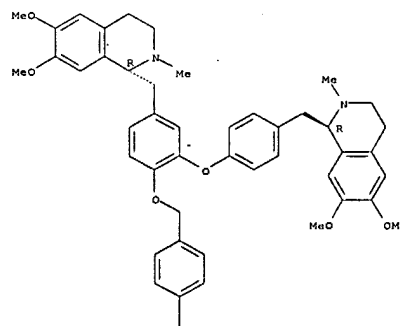
L6 ANSWER 127 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 122560-06-9 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[(1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-6,7-dimethoxy-2-methyl-1-isoquinolinyl)methyl]-2-[4-[(1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-6,7-dimethoxy-2-methyl-1-isoquinolinyl)methyl]phenoxy]phenyl] ester, [R-(R',R'')]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



L6 ANSWER 127 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 2-A



L6 ANSWER 128 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:497993 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:97993  
 TITLE: Diamine alkadiynedioate salts for production of two-dimensional macromolecular crystals and shaped articles  
 INVENTOR(S): Matsuda, Hiro; Nakanishi, Hachiro; Kato, Masao; Tanaka, Yoshio; Nakayama, Kazuo  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Agency of Industrial Sciences and Technology, Japan; Japan, Ministry of International Trade and Industry  
 SOURCE: U.S., 11 pp.  
 CODEN: USXXAM  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4814404	A	19890321	US 1987-90099	19870827
JP 63063635	A	19880322	JP 1986-208714	19860904
JP 02038579	B	19900831		
JP 63063713	A	19880322	JP 1986-208715	19860904
JP 6303486	B	19880705		
JP 63221115	A	19880914	JP 1987-53432	19870309
JP 04012865	B	19920306		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
 JP 1986-208714 19860904  
 JP 1987-53432 19870309  
 JP 1986-208715 19860904

AB The title polymers, giving rigid moldings, are prepared by solid-state addition polymerization of HOCO<sub>2</sub>C.tplbond.C-C.tplbond.C<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H.H<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub>1NH<sub>2</sub> [Z, Z' = (substituted) alkylene, arylene, or cycloalkylene] followed by solid-state polycondensation. The salt HOCO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>C.tplbond.C-C.tplbond.C(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H.H<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> was irradiated with 50 Mrad γ-rays to form blackish-blue polydiacetylene crystals and heated 24 h at 120° in vacuo to give red polyamide-polydiacetylene 2-dimensional crystals.

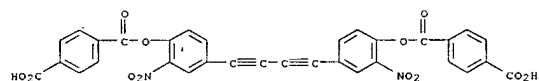
IT 116075-82-2P  
 RL: PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of)  
 RN 116075-82-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,3-butadiyne-1,4-diylbis(2-nitro-4,1-phenylene) ester, compd. with 2-methyl-1,4-benzenediamine (1:1) (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

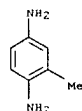
CM 1

 CRN 116075-81-1  
 CMF C32 H16 N2 O12

L6 ANSWER 128 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

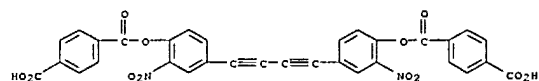


CM 2

 CRN 95-70-5  
 CMF C7 H10 N2


IT 122186-24-7P  
 RL: PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of, with 2-dimensional crystallization, by radiochem.-thermal polymerization)  
 RN 122186-24-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,3-butadiyne-1,4-diylbis(2-nitro-4,1-phenylene) ester, polymer with 2-methyl-1,4-benzenediamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

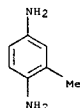
CM 1

 CRN 116075-81-1  
 CMF C32 H16 N2 O12


CM 2

 CRN 95-70-5  
 CMF C7 H10 N2

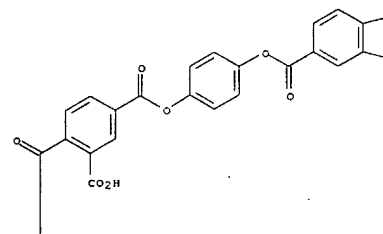
L6 ANSWER 128 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



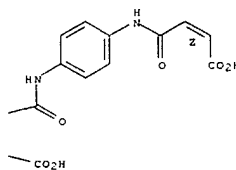
L6 ANSWER 129 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:407850 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:7850  
 TITLE: Thermally stable polymers based on bismaleimides containing amide, imide, and ester linkages  
 AUTHOR(S): Melissaris, Anastasios P.; Mikroyannidis, John A.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Patras, Patras, 260 01, Greece  
 SOURCE: Journal of Polymer Science, Part A: Polymer Chemistry  
 Chemistry  
 (1989), 27(1), 245-62  
 CODEN: JPACEC; ISSN: 0887-624X  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB Seven structurally different bismaleimides were synthesized and characterized by IR and proton NMR spectroscopy. The chains of these polymer precursors were extended by incorporating amidized, imidized, and esterified 4-chloroformyl phthalic anhydride. The bismaleimides containing amide and imide linkages were prepared by a simple synthetic route based on the reaction of the monomaleamic acid derived from various aromatic diamines with 4-chloroformyl phthalic anhydride and subsequent cyclodehydration of the intermediate triamic acid. The DTA scans of bismaleimides showed exotherms at 221-304° associated with their polymerization reactions.  
 The thermogravimetric anal. traces of the polymers did not show a weight loss up to 351-393 and 344-372° in N and air atmospheres, resp. The anaerobic char yield of polymers at 800° was 44-61%.  
 IT 121069-74-7P 121069-76-9P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)  
 RN 121069-74-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[[[4-[(3-carboxy-1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-, 1,1'-[(1,4-phenylene) ester, (Z,Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 Double bond geometry as shown.

L6 ANSWER 129 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A

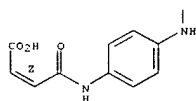


PAGE 1-B



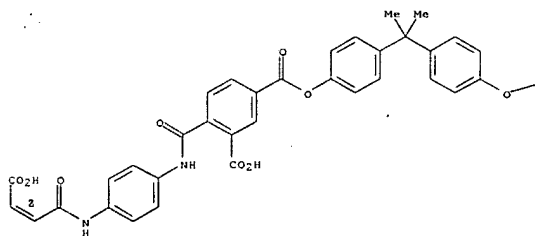
L6 ANSWER 129 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 2-A



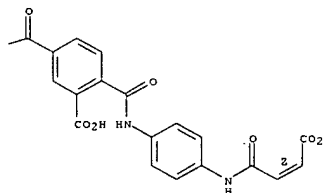
RN 121069-76-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[[[4-[(3-carboxy-1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-, 1,1'-[(1-methylethylidene)di-4,1-phenylene] ester, (Z,Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



L6 ANSWER 129 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B



L6 ANSWER 130 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:172814 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:172814

TITLE: Hydroxyacetophenone-derived antagonists of the

peptidoleukotrienes

AUTHOR(S): Brown, Frederick J.; Bernstein, Peter R.; Cronk,

Laura

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

OTHER SOURCE(S):

G1

A.; Dosset, David L.; Hebbel, Kevin C.; Maduskaie, Thomas P., Jr.; Shapiro, Howard S.; Vacek, Edward P.; Yee, Ying K.; et al.

Dep. Med. Chem., ICI Pharm. Group, Wilmington, DE,

19897, USA

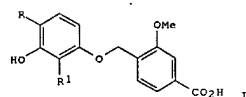
Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1989), 32(4), 807-26

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

Journal

English

CASREACT 110:172814



AB Considerations of the possible similarities between leukotriene D4 and

its prototypical antagonist, FPL 55712, led to the development of a new

series of leukotriene antagonists incorporating a hydroxyacetophenone group.

Although considerable attention has focused on FPL 55712-derived analogs,

only limited investigations into alternatives for the standard

4-acetyl-3-hydroxy-2-propylphenoxy moiety have been reported. Therefore,

an extensive study of modifications to the hydroxyacetophenone portion of

toluic acid I (R = Ac, R1 = CO2H) was undertaken. Although no viable

alternative to the 3-hydroxy moiety was discovered, replacements for the

2-Pr group (e.g., I (R = Ac, R1 = PhCH2, CH2CHMe-CH2) and the 4-acetyl

functionality, e.g., I (R = CO2Me, CO2Et, R1 = Pr) yielded potent

antagonists. A number of compds. exhibited longer duration of action in

vivo than FPL 55712.

IT 118683-26-4P 118683-29-7P 118683-34-4P

118683-35-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and peptidoleukotriene antagonist activity of)

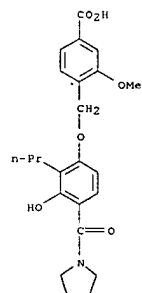
RN 118683-26-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(4-benzoyl-3-hydroxy-2-propylphenoxy)methyl]-3-methoxy-

(CA INDEX NAME)

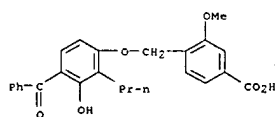
L6 ANSWER 130 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

(Continued)



L6 ANSWER 130 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

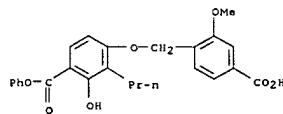
(Continued)



RN 118683-29-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(4-carboxy-2-methoxyphenyl)methoxy]-2-hydroxy-3-propyl-,

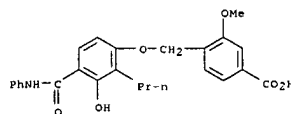
1-phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 118683-34-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(3-hydroxy-4-[(phenylamino)carbonyl]-2-

propylphenoxy)methyl]-3-methoxy- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 118683-35-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(3-hydroxy-2-propyl-4-[(1-pyrrolidinylcarbonyl)phenoxy]met-

hyl)-3-methoxy- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 130 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

(Continued)

L6 ANSWER 131 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:136554 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:136554

TITLE: Manufacture for hard polyamide-polydiacetylene

moldings

INVENTOR(S): Matsuda, Hiroo; Nakanishi, Nachiro; Tanaka, Yoshio;

Nakayama, Kazuo; Kato, Masao

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Agency of Industrial Sciences and Technology, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JXXXXF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 63221115	A	19880914	JP 1987-53432	19870309
JP 04012885	B	19920306		
US 4814404	A	19890321	US 1987-90099	19870827
			JP 1986-208714	19860904
			JP 1986-208715	19860904
			JP 1987-53432	19870309

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 110:136554

AB Title moldings are prepared by heat polymerizing

HO2CR1C.tplbond.CC.tplbond.CR1CO

2H.H2NR2NH2 salt [1: R1-2 = (substituted) alkylene, cycloalkylene,

arylene] in a mold of at 100-400° and (0.5-15) · 10<sup>4</sup> atmospheric

Thus, I [R1 = (CH2)8; R2 = (CH2)5] was filled in a mold and treated at

230° and 50,000 atm for 20 min to give a test piece with Vickers

hardness 100.

IT 116075-83-3P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, by solid-state high-pressure polymerization, for

hard moldings)

RN 116075-83-3 CAPLUS

CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,3-butadiene-1,4-diylbis(2-nitro-4,1-

phenylene) ester, compd. with 2-methyl-1,4-benzenediamine (1:1),

homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 116075-82-2

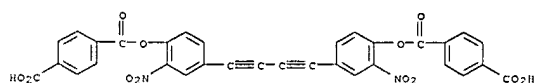
CMF C32 H16 N2 O12 . C7 H10 N2

CM 2

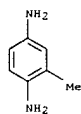
CRN 116075-81-1

CMF C32 H16 N2 O12

L6 ANSWER 131 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



CM 3  
CRN 95-70-5  
CMF C7 H10 N2

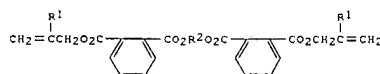


L6 ANSWER 132 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:101867 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:101867  
TITLE: Manufacture of contact lenses using synthetic resins  
INVENTOR(S): Sano, Yoshio; Mogami, Takao; Koinuma, Yasuyoshi;  
MURATA, Takashige  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Seiko Epson Corp., Japan; Nippon Oils & Fats Co.,  
Ltd.  
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.  
CODEN: JKXXAF  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 63092901	A	19880423	JP 1986-238283	19861007
JP 2759321	B2	19980528		

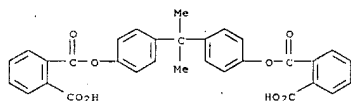
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1986-238283 19861007

GI



AB Synthetic resin lens comphs. contain CH2:CR1CH2O2CC6H4-o-CO2R2O2CC6H4-o-CO2CH2CR1:CH2 (R1 = H or Me; R2 = (CH2)n, (CH2CH2O)mCH2CH2, etc.; 2 ≤ n ≤ 10; 1 ≤ m ≤ 10) as the major components.  
Anhydrous phthalate was added to diethylene glycol to give diethylene glycol diphthalate half ester, which was then treated with allyl alc. and mixed with toluene to give diethylene glycol bis(allyl-o-phthalate). This product was mixed with diallyl isophthalate, 2-hydroxy-4-octoxybenzophenone, and diisopropyl peroxycarbonate, was poured into a mold and made into a copolymer lens.  
IT 119214-44-7P  
RL: PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation and condensation with allyl chloride)  
RN 119214-44-7 CAPLUS  
CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, (1-methylethylidene)di-4,1-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 132 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



L6 ANSWER 133 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:24427 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:24427  
TITLE: Diacetylenedicarboxylic acid amine salts  
INVENTOR(S): Matsuda, Hiroo; Nakanishi, Hachiro; Kato, Masao  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Agency of Industrial Sciences and Technology, Japan  
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.  
CODEN: JKXXAF  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 63063635	A	19880322	JP 1986-208714	19860904
JP 02038579	B	19900831		
US 4814404	A	19890321	JP 1986-208714	19860904

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1986-208715 19860904  
JP 1987-53432 19870309

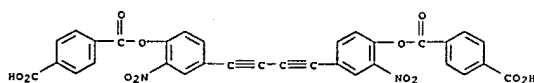
AB The title salts [O2CR1C.tplbond.CC.tplbond.CR1CO2]2-[H3NR2NH3]2\* (I: R1, R2 = alkylene, arylene; R1 and R2 may be substituted with 21 of halo, cyano, alkyl, aryl, NO2, ether, ester, amide, OH, CO, and sulfonyl groups) are useful as raw materials for crystalline two-dimensional high-strength, high-modulus polymers. Thus, a solution of 3.62 g NO2C(CH2)8C.tplbond.CC.tplbond.C(CH2)8CO2H in 30 mL EtOH and a solution

of 1.02 g pentamethylenediamine in 30 mL EtOH were mixed and left for .apprx.3 h to precipitate 4.5 g I [R1 = (CH2)8, R2 = (CH5)] with m.p. 112-113°.

IT 116075-82-2P  
RL: PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of, as raw material for two-dimensional high-strength polymers)  
RN 116075-82-2 CAPLUS  
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,3-butadiene-1,4-diylbis(2-nitro-4,1-phenylene) ester, compd. with 2-methyl-1,4-benzenediamine (1:1) (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

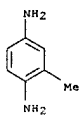
CM 1

CRN 116075-81-1  
CMF C32 H16 N2 O12



CM 2

L6 ANSWER 133 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

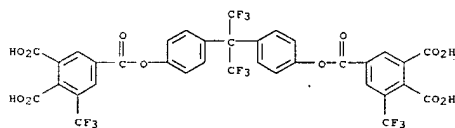
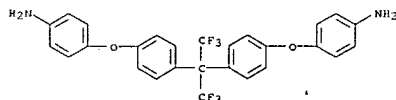
CRN 95-70-5  
CMF C7 H10 N2

L6 ANSWER 134 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:612513 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:212513  
 TITLE: Fluorine-containing polyamic acids and polyimides for coatings  
 INVENTOR(S): Numata, Shunichi; Fujisaki, Koji; Kinjo, Noriyuki  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi, Ltd., Japan; Hitachi Chemical Co., Ltd.  
 SOURCE: U.S., 15 pp. Division of U.S. Ser. No. 670,977, abandoned.  
 CODEN: USXXAM  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

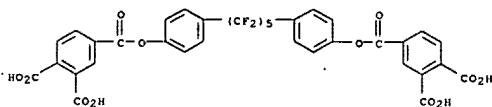
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4760126	A	19880726	US 1986-904203	19860908
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1984-670977	A3 1984:113

AB The title polymers, heat- and moisture-resistant, are prepared from dianhydrides containing perfluoroalkylidene groups and diamines.  
 Stirring 12.95 g bisphenol AF trimellitic anhydride ester (1:2), 2.05 g p-phenylenediamine (1), and 85 g N-methylpyrrolidone at room temperature for 5 h (viscosity 250 P at 25°) gave a polyamic acid solution which was coated on glass and heated at 150° for 1 h, 250° for 30 min, and 400° for 1 h to give a polyimide with good heat resistance and moisture absorption (25°, relative humidity 75%) 0.75%; vs. good and 4.8, resp., for pyromellitic dianhydride -I polyimide.  
 IT 117579-21-2P 117579-23-4P  
 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (coatings, heat- and moisture-resistant, manufacture of)  
 RN 117579-21-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2,4-Benzenetricarboxylic acid, 6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 4,4'-[[[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]di-4,1-phenylene] ester, polymer with  
 4,4'-[[[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 CM 1  
 CRN 117579-20-1  
 CMF C35 H16 F12 O12

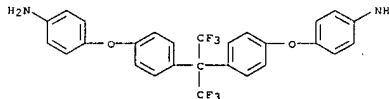
L6 ANSWER 134 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 2  
CRN 69563-88-8  
CMF C27 H20 F6 N2 O2

RN 117579-23-4 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2,4-Benzenetricarboxylic acid, 4,4'-[[[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]di-4,1-phenylene] ester, polymer with  
 4,4'-[[[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1  
CRN 117579-22-3  
CMF C35 H18 F10 O12CM 2  
CRN 69563-88-8  
CMF C27 H20 F6 N2 O2

L6 ANSWER 134 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



L6 ANSWER 135 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:529008 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:129008

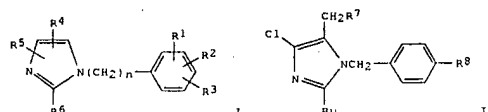
TITLE: Preparation of angiotensin II receptor-blocking  
 (phenylalkyl)imidazoles  
 INVENTOR(S): Carini, David John; Duncia, John Jonas Vytautas  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co., USA  
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 314 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXDXW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 253310	A2	19880120	EP 1987-109919	19870709
EP 253310	A3	19900829		
EP 253310	B1	19941026		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
CA 1334092	C	19950124	CA 1987-540399	19870623
NO 8702863	A	19880112	NO 1987-2863	19870709
NO 176049	B	19941017		
NO 176049	C	19950125		
ES 2063734	T3	19950116	ES 1987-109919	19870709
DK 8703596	A	19880112	DK 1987-3596	19870710
DK 174700	B1	20030922		
FI 8703071	A	19880112	FI 1987-3071	19870710
FI 96025	B	19960115		
FI 96025	C	19960425		
AU 8775596	A	19880121	AU 1987-75596	19870710
AU 599396	B2	19900719		
JP 63023868	A	19880201	JP 1987-171328	19870710
JP 05029351	B	19930430		
HU 45976	A2	19880928	HU 1987-3174	19870710
ZA 8705052	A	19890329	ZA 1987-5052	19870710
SU 1694062	A3	19911123	SU 1987-4203085	19870710
IL 83153	A	19911215	IL 1987-83153	19870710
HU 218461	B	20000828	HU 1975-99020	19870710
US 5128355	A	19920707	US 1989-435869	19891113
US 5153197	A	19921006	US 1989-436165	19891113
US 5155118	A	19921013	US 1989-436281	19891113
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:				
			US 1986-884920	A 19860711
			US 1987-50341	A 19870522
			HU 1987-3174	A 19870710
			US 1988-142580	B2 19880107
			US 1988-279194	A3 19881206

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 109:129008  
 GI:

L6 ANSWER 135 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



AB The title compound [I; R1 = tetrazol-5-yl, 1,2,3-triazol-4-yl, (HO)2S(O)O,

(HO)2P(O)(O), HPO3, substituted NH2, alkyl, PhCH2, (un)substituted PhCH2CH2,

PhCH=CH, (un)modified CO2H, SO3H, etc.; R2 = H, C1-4 alkyl, C1-4 alkoxy, C1-4 acyloxy, MeSO2NH, CF3SO2NH, aryl, furyl, tetrazol-5-yl, Br, Cl, F, iodo, NO2, (un)modified CO2H; R3 = H, C1-4 alkyl, C1-4 alkoxy, Br, Cl, F, iodo; R4 = H, CF3, cyano, Br, Cl, F, iodo; R5 = H, cyano, (un)substituted alkyl, alkenyl; n = 0-2] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts were prepared as angiotensin II receptor-blocking agents, useful as antihypertensives. 2-Butyl-5-chloro-1H-imidazole-4-methanol was treated with NaOMe in MeOH, and N-alkylated with 4-BrCH2CO2H to give benzylimidazolemethanol II (R7 = OH, R8 = cyano). This was chlorinated with SOCl2 and treated with NaCN to give II (R7 = R8 = cyano). The

latter was refluxed 6 h in 1:1 12N HCl/HOAc to give II (R7 = R8 = CO2H) (III). III inhibited angiotensin II binding in rat adrenal cortical microsomes with an IC50 of 1.80 µM and was active in reducing blood pressure in rats at 10 mg/kg i.v.

IT 114799-45-OP 114799-46-IP 114799-47-2P

114799-48-3P 114799-49-4P 114799-61-OP

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU

(Biological

study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);

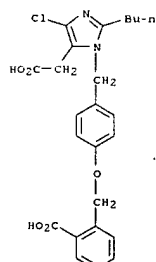
BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of, as antihypertensive)

RN 114799-45-0 CAPLUS

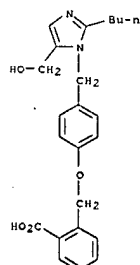
CN 1H-imidazole-5-acetic acid, 2-butyl-1-[[4-[(2-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]phenyl]methyl]-4-chloro- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 135 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 114799-46-1 CAPLUS

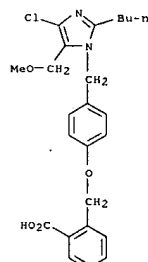
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-butyl-5-(hydroxymethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 114799-47-2 CAPLUS

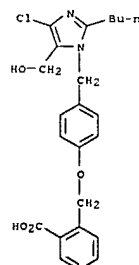
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-butyl-4-chloro-5-(methoxymethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 135 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 114799-48-3 CAPLUS

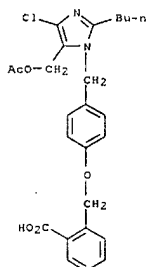
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[2-butyl-4-chloro-5-(hydroxymethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



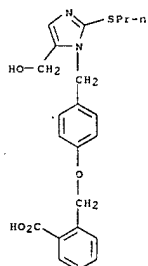
RN 114799-49-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[5-(acetyloxy)methyl]-2-butyl-4-chloro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

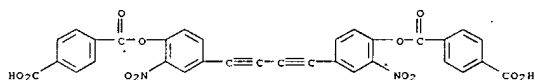




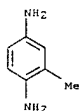
RN 114799-61-0 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-[[5-(hydroxymethyl)-2-(propylthio)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 136 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



CM 3 .  
CRN 95-70-5  
CMF C7 H10 N2



L6 ANSWER 136 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:493876 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:93876  
TITLE:  
Manufacture of two-dimensional crystalline polymers  
from nylon salts of diacetylenedicarboxylic acids  
INVENTOR(S): Matsuda, Hiroo; Nakanishi, Hachiro; Kato, Masao  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Agency of Industrial Sciences and Technology, Japan  
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho. 4 pp.  
CODEN: JKKXAF  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 63063713	A	19880322	JP 1986-208715	19860904
JP 63033486	B	19880705		
US 4814404	A*	19890321	US 1987-90099	19870827
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1986-208714	19860904
			JP 1986-208715	19860904
			JP 1987-53432	19870309

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 109:93876

AB Nylon salts [O2CR1C.tpbond.CC.tpbond.CR1CO2]2-[H3NR2NH3]2+ (I: R1, R2 = alkylene, arylene; R1 and R2 may be substituted with 21 of halo, cyano, alkyl, aryl, NO2, ether, ester, amide, OH, CO, and sulfonyl groups) are polymerized to two-dimensional crystalline polymers by first polymerizing the diacylgen portion in the solid state and then condensing the nylon salt portion in the solid state. I [R1 = (CH2)8, R2 = (CH2)5] in a vacuum-sealed tube was irradiated with  $\gamma$ -ray (60Co: 50 MRad), then heated at 120° for 24 h in vacuum to give a two-dimensional crystalline polymer.

IT 116075-83-3p  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)  
(manufacture of, by polymerization of dialkynedicarboxylic acid amine salts)

RA 116075-83-3 CAPLUS

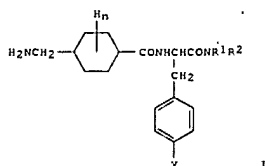
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 3,4-butydiyne-1,4-diylbis(2-nitro-4,1-phenylene) ester, compd. with 2-methyl-1,4-benzenediamine (1:1), homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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CM      1
CRN     116075-82-2
CMF     C32 H16 N2 O12 . C7 H10 N2
      CM      2
CRN     116075-81-1
CMF     C32 H16 N2 O12
```

L6 ANSWER 137 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:478251 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:78251  
 TITLE: Preparation of phenylalanine derivatives as  
 proteinase inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Okamoto, Shosuke; Okada, Yoshio; Okunomiya, Akiko;  
 Hailo, Taketoshi; Kimura, Yoshio; Yamada, Morihiko;  
 Ohno, Nori; Katsura, Yasuhiro; Seki, Yumi  
 PATENT ASSIGNER(S): Showa Denko K. K., Japan  
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 169 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 217286	A1	19870408	EP 1986-113166	19860924
EP 217286	B1	19900523		
RE, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE				
AU 8663051	A	19870408	AU 1986-63051	19860923
AU 598750	B2	19900705		
CA 1297633	C	19920317	CA 1986-518905	19860923
JP 63022061	A	19880129	JP 1986-224995	19860925
JP 07053705	B	19950607		
US 4895842	A	19900123	US 1986-912480	19860929
AU 587691	B2	19890824	AU 1987-70773	19870330
AU 8770773	A	19880929		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1985-212240	A 19850927
			JP 1986-45348	A 19860304

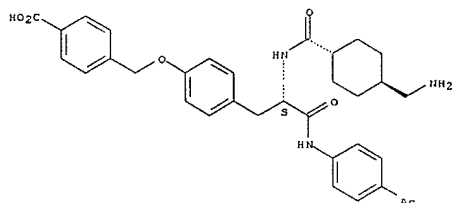
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 107:78251  
GI



AB The title peptides [I; n = 4-10; R1, R2 = H, (un)substituted C1-C8 alkyl, (un)substituted C6-C8 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted Ph, (un)substituted pyridyl, pyrimidyl, N-benzylazacyclohexyl or NR1R2 = (thio)morpholino, (un)substituted piperidinyl, (un)substituted pyrrolidinyl; X = H, NO2, NH2, OR3; R3 = H, H, alkyl, alkenyl, (un)substituted CH2Ph, PhCOCH2,

L6 ANSWER 137 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 pyridylmethyl, (nitro)pyridyl, (nitro)pyrimidyl, (alkyl)PhSO<sub>2</sub>,  
 (halo)PhCH<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>C] and pharmaceutically acceptable salts, useful as  
 proteinase inhibitors and thereby useful as hemostatic, antiinflammatory  
 and antiallergic agents, were prepd. E53M, E502CC1 and L-phenylalanine  
 4-acetylanilide-HCl were successively added to a soln. of  
 trans-4-[N-(tert-butyloxycarbonyl)aminomethyl]cyclohexanecarboxylic acid  
 and the mixt. was allowed to react at room temp. for 3 h to give, after  
 acid hydrolysis, N-[trans-4-(aminomethyl)cyclohexylcarbonyl]-L-  
 phenylalanine 4-acetylanilide. I in vitro inhibited plasmin, thrombin,  
 trypsin, plasma and urokinase.  
 IT 109377-91-5P 109431-45-0P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of, as proteinase inhibitor and hemostatic,  
 antiallergic, and  
 antiinflammatory agent)  
 RN 109377-91-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[[4-[[3-[[4-acetylphenyl]amino]-2-[[[4-  
 (aminomethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]-,  
 [1(S)-trans]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

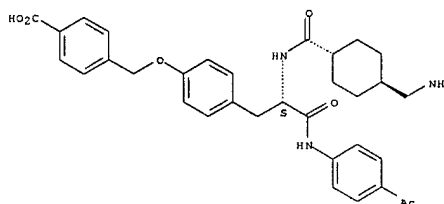
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 109431-45-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[[4-[[3-[[4-acetylphenyl]amino]-2-[[[4-  
 (aminomethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]methyl]-,  
 monohydrochloride, [1(S)-trans]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 137 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



● HCl

L6 ANSWER 138 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:408052 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:8052  
 TITLE: High-temperature-resistant electrically insulating  
 coating powder  
 INVENTOR(S): Guilbert, Curtis R.; Fiella, Peter  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Co., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 8505627	A1	19851219	WO 1985-US882	19850513
W: AU, BR, JP, KP RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE				
US 4621122	A	19861104	US 1985-708701	19850306
AU 8544066	A	19851231	AU 1985-44066	19850513
AU 567819	B2	19871203		
EP 183779	A1	19860611	EP 1985-902797	19850513
EP 183779	B1	19890719		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
BR 8506765	A	19860923	BR 1985-6765	19850513
JP 61502336	T	19861016	JP 1985-502460	19850513
AT 44754	T	19890815	AT 1985-902797	19850513
ZA 8503856	A	19861230	ZA 1985-3856	19850521
CA 1244993	A1	19881115	CA 1985-483087	19850604
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			US 1984-617324	A 19840605
			US 1985-708701	A 19850306
			EP 1985-902797	A 19850513
			WO 1985-US882	A 19850513

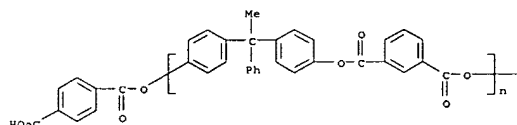
GI

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB Heat-resistant elec. insulating coating powder for wires comprises a  
 blend  
 of (a) epoxy-terminated adduct of hydantoin diepoxide (I) and aromatic  
 dicarboxylic acid imide dissolved in I; (b) acid-terminated polyester;  
 (c)  
 ethylenically unsatd. aromatic fluxing agent; and an (d) unsatd.  
 dicarboxylic  
 acid. Thus, an epoxy-terminated adduct (comprising 80 weight parts II  
 and 20  
 weight parts III) 10, acid-terminated polyester (IV) 30, Bismaleimid-M  
 10,  
 fumaric acid 1, and a fluorocarbon flow control agent 0.004 g were  
 melt-mixed, cooled, ground, and blended with 0.08 g pretreated fumed  
 silica. The powder was coated on several clean Al panels and cured at  
 230° for 10 min. The cured coatings had dielec. breakdown 1100

10518819.trn

L6 ANSWER 138 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 V/25 μ, dissipation factor 114 at 150°, and oxidative thermal  
 stability 200°.  
 IT 102729-35-1  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (elec. insulating coatings containing, for wires, heat-resistant)  
 RN 102729-35-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Poly[oxy carbonyl-1,3-phenylene carbonyloxy-1,4-phenylene(1-  
 phenylethylidene)-1,4-phenylene], α-hydro-m-[[4-  
 carboxybenzoyl]oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 139 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:531455 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:131455  
 TITLE: Segmented block copolymers of uniform chain length  
 and

defined structure, 2. Investigation of some physical properties  
 AUTHOR(S): Krueger, J. K.; Marx, A.; Roberts, R.; Unruh, H. G.;  
 Bitar, M. B.; Nguyen Trong Hao; Seliger, H.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Saarlandes, Saarbruecken, D-6600, Fed. Rep.  
 Ger.

SOURCE: Makromolekulare Chemie (1984), 185(7), 1469-91  
 CODEN: MACRAK; ISSN: 0025-116X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Phys. investigations of models for segmented block copolyesters of uniform

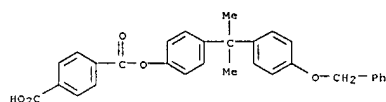
chain length and defined structure and their constituents are described. The thermal behavior of these compds. (phase transformations in the solid and liquid state and thermal stability) are discussed. Several oligomers show phase transitions in the solid state. The morphol. of some of the solids depends strongly on sample history. The effect of crystallization conditions is discussed. Glass-forming processes in bisphenol A isophthalates were studied by dialec. and Brillouin spectroscopy.

IT 92002-18-1 92002-19-2 92002-20-5  
 92002-21-6 92002-22-7 92002-23-8  
 92002-24-9 92002-25-0 92002-49-8

RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (properties of, as model compds. for block polyesters)

RN 92002-18-1 CAPLUS

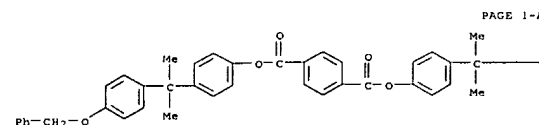
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[4-[1-methyl-1-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]ethyl]phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 92002-19-2 CAPLUS

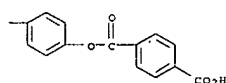
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[1-[4-[(4-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl 4-[1-methyl-1-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]ethyl]phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 139 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



PAGE 1-A

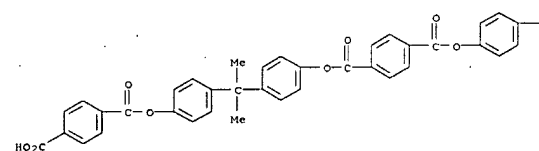
PAGE 1-B



RN 92002-20-5 CAPLUS

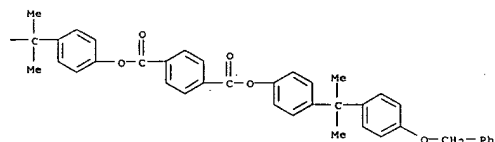
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[1-[4-[(4-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl 4-[1-methyl-1-[4-[(4-[1-methyl-1-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]ethyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]benzoyl]oxy]phenyl]ethyl]phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



L6 ANSWER 139 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

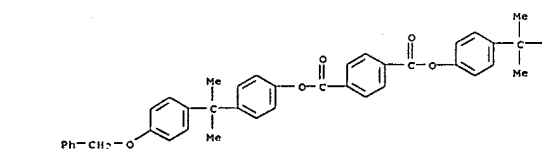
PAGE 1-B



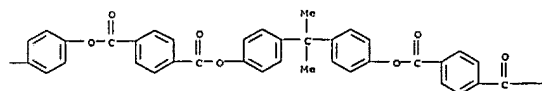
RN 92002-21-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[1-[4-[(4-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl 4-[1-methyl-1-[4-[(4-[1-methyl-1-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]ethyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]benzoyl]oxy]phenyl]ethyl]phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

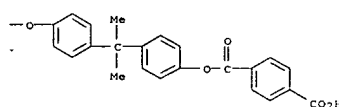


PAGE 1-B



L6 ANSWER 139 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

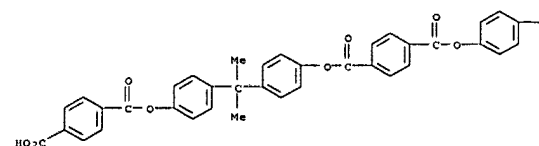
PAGE 1-C



RN 92002-22-7 CAPLUS

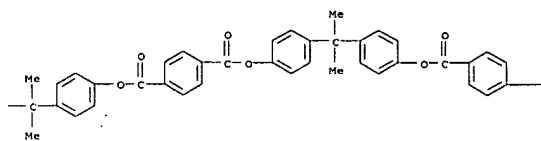
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[1-[4-[(4-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl 4-[1-methyl-1-[4-[(4-[1-methyl-1-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]ethyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]benzoyl]oxy]phenyl]ethyl]phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

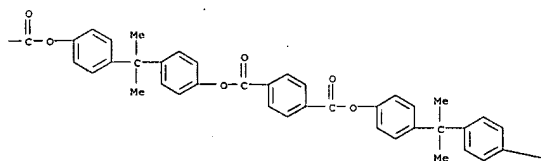


L6 ANSWER 139 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

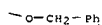
PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C



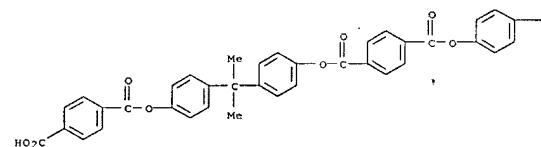
PAGE 1-D



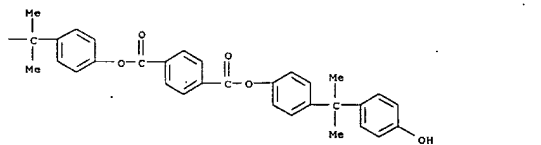
RN 92002-23-8 CAPLUS

L6 ANSWER 139 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



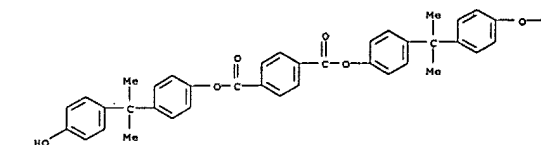
PAGE 1-B



RN 92002-49-8 CAPLUS

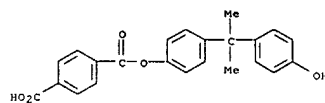
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[1-[4-[4-[4-[1-[4-[[4-carboxybenzoyl]oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]benzoyl]oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl 4-[1-[4-[4-[4-[1-[4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]benzoyl]oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



L6 ANSWER 139 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[4-[1-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl]phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

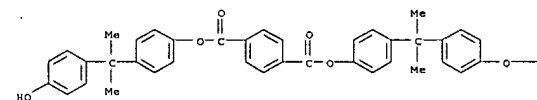


RN 92002-24-9 CAPLUS

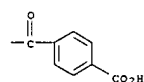
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[1-[4-[[4-carboxybenzoyl]oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl 4-[1-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl]phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

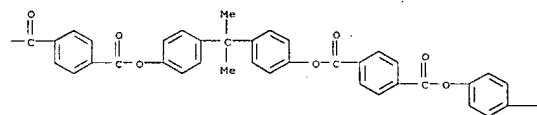


RN 92002-25-0 CAPLUS

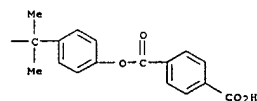
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[1-[4-[[4-carboxybenzoyl]oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl 4-[1-[4-[[4-[1-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]benzoyl]oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 139 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

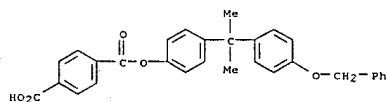
PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C

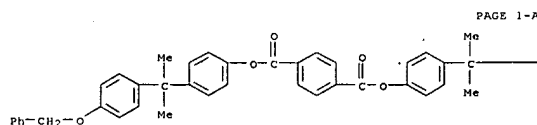


L6 ANSWER 140 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:531204 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:131204  
 TITLE: Segmented block copolymer models of uniform chain length and defined structure. 1. Synthesis and characterization  
 AUTHOR(S): Seliger, Hartmut; Bitar, Mohammed Bassam; Nguyen Trong  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Hao; Marx, Alexander; Roberts, Rolf; Krueger, Jan Kristian; Unruh, Hans Guenther  
 SOURCE: SEKT. Polym., Univ. Ulm, Ulm, D-7900, Fed. Rep. Ger. Makromolekulare Chemie (1984), 185(7), 1335-60  
 CODEN: MACEAK; ISSN: 0025-116X  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB Segmented block polymer models of polyester thermoplastic elastomers of defined structure with mol. wts. >4000 were synthesized by condensing monofunctional derivs. of oligomers from bisphenol A, terephthalic acid, and oligomethylenes of uniform chain length. The aromatic oligoester blocks were prepared by stepwise addition of oxyterephthaloyloxy-1,4-phenyleneisopropylidene-1,4-phenylene units using suitable protection and activation. Oligoesters containing isophthaloyl and phthaloyl units were prepared similarly. Telechelic oligomethylene segments were prepared analogously from functional derivs. of decane. All compds. were characterized by chemical, spectroscopic, and chromatog. methods.  
 IT 92002-18-1P 92002-19-2P 92002-20-5P 92002-21-6P 92002-22-7P 92002-23-8P 92002-24-9P 92002-46-5P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)  
 RN 92002-18-1 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[4-[1-methyl-1-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]ethyl]phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

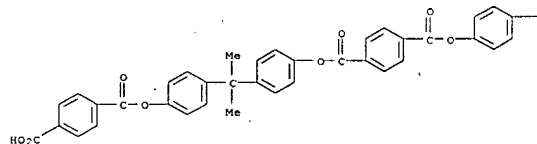


RN 92002-19-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[1-[4-[(4-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl 4-[1-methyl-1-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]ethyl]phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 140 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

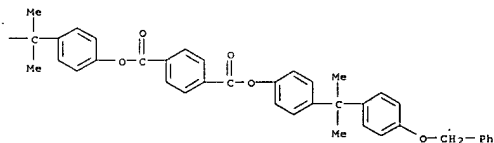


RN 92002-20-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[1-[4-[(4-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl 4-[1-methyl-1-[4-[(4-[1-methyl-1-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]ethyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]benzoyl]oxy]phenyl]ethyl]phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



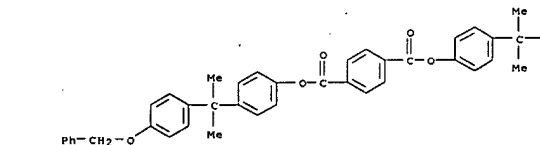
L6 ANSWER 140 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B

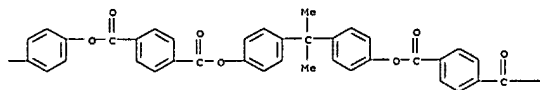


RN 92002-21-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[1-[4-[(4-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl 4-[1-methyl-1-[4-[(4-[1-methyl-1-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]ethyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]benzoyl]oxy]phenyl]ethyl]phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

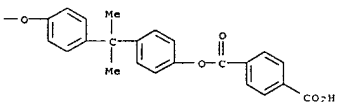


PAGE 1-B



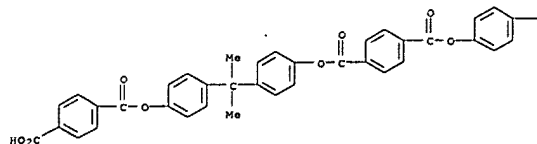
L6 ANSWER 140 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-C



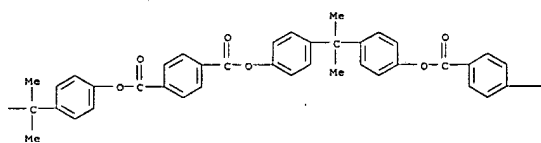
RN 92002-22-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[1-[4-[(4-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl 4-[1-methyl-1-[4-[(4-[1-methyl-1-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]ethyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]benzoyl]oxy]phenyl]ethyl]phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

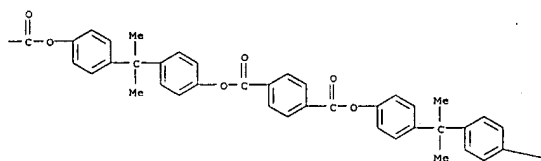


L6 ANSWER 140 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

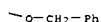
PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C



PAGE 1-D



RN 92002-23-8 CAPLUS

L6 ANSWER 140 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

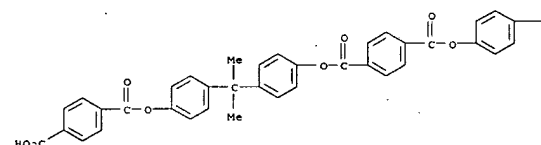
IT 92002-25-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of, as model compound for segmented polyester  
 thermoplastic elastomers)

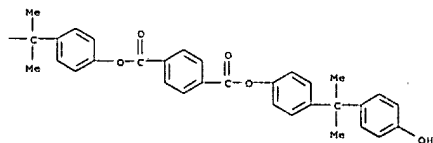
RN 92002-25-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[1-[4-[(4-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl 4-[1-[4-[(4-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

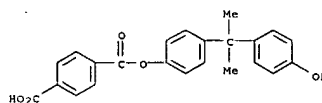


PAGE 1-B



L6 ANSWER 140 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[4-[1-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl]phenyl] ester (9CI)\* (CA INDEX NAME)

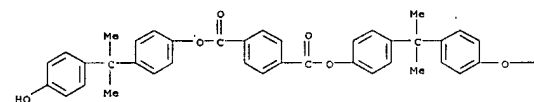


RN 92002-24-9 CAPLUS

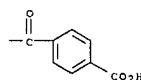
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4-[1-[4-[(4-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]phenyl]-1-methylethyl]phenyl 4-[1-[4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl]phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

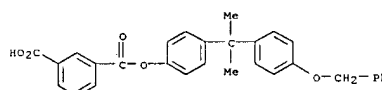


PAGE 1-B



RN 92002-46-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[4-[1-methyl-1-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]ethyl]phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 141 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:192658 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:192658

TITLE: Liquid crystalline behavior of polymeric glycols terminated with aromatic diester and diacid mesogenic groups

AUTHOR(S): Hoshino, H.; Jin, J. I.; Lenz, R. W.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Chem. Eng. Dep., Univ. Massachusetts, Amherst, MA, 01003, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Applied Polymer Science (1984), 29(2), 547-54  
 CODEN: JAPNAB; ISSN: 0021-8995

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The thermotropic liquid crystalline behavior of

bis(p-PhCH2OCOC6H4CO2-p-C6H4CO2H)

esters (mesogen I) and bis(p-HOCOC6H4CO2-p-C6H4CO2H) esters (mesogen II) of polymeric glycols was studied by DSC and polarized hot-stage microscopy. The polymeric glycols were polyethylene, polytetramethylene, polybutadiene, and the hydrogenated polybutadiene glycols with mol.

weight 650-6000. The mesogen I derivs. were not thermotropic (with 1 exception),

but the mesogen II derivs. were; the model compound decamethylene p-[(p-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]benzoate [89367-67-9] was also liquid crystalline. The nature of the mesophases formed by the mesogen II

derivs. could not be clearly identified by their optical textures. Several mesogen II derivs. formed elastomeric films, although of low mol. weight, presumably because of chain extension by dimerization and association of terminal mesogenic groups.

IT 89360-28-1 89370-34-3

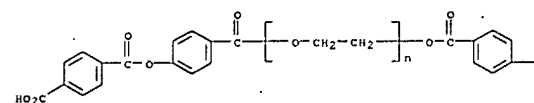
RL: PRP (Properties)

(liquid crystalline properties of)

RN 89360-28-1 CAPLUS

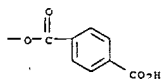
CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -[4-[(4-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]benzoyl]- $\omega$ -[4-[(4-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]benzoyl]oxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



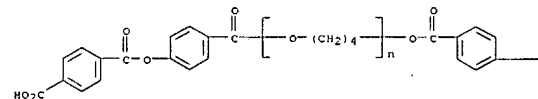
L6 ANSWER 141 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B

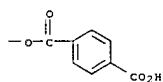


RN 89370-34-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Poly(oxy-1,4-butanediyl),  $\alpha$ -[4-[(4-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]benzoyl]- $\omega$ -[4-[(4-carboxybenzoyl)oxy]benzoyl]oxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



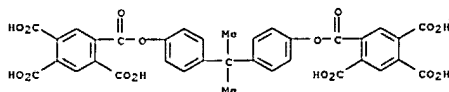
IT 89367-67-9  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (liquid crystal properties of)  
 RN 89367-67-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,12-dodecanediylbis(oxy carbonyl-4,1-phenylene) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 142 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:216435 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 92:216435  
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 92:35073a, 35076a  
 TITLE: Adhesives  
 INVENTOR(S): Matsubara, Takashi; Uramoto, Yoshito; Ishibashi, Sukezuki  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toa Gosei Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 54161649	A	19791221	JP 1978-69800	19780612
JP 56027547	B	19810625		

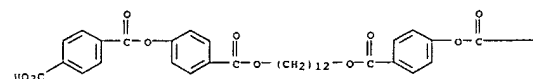
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1978-69800 A 19780612

AB The reaction products of polyhydric phenols or their derivs. with aromatic polybasic acids or anhydrides, such as 1:2 bisphenol A-trimellitic anhydride adduct (I) [73649-46-4], were used as hardening agents for adhesives containing epoxy resins and thermoplastic resins. Thus, galvanized sheet iron was bonded with an adhesive containing Epikote 1009 [25068-38-6] 100, 1 15.2, and polyethylene [9002-88-4] 5 g with T-peeling strength 17.6 kg/25 mm.  
 IT 73590-10-0  
 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
 (crosslinking agents, for epoxy resin-thermoplastic resin mixts., for adhesives)  
 RN 73590-10-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2,4,5-Benzenetetracarboxylic acid, (1-methylethylidene)di-4,1-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

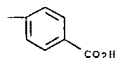


L6 ANSWER 141 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

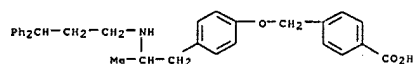


L6 ANSWER 143 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:22236 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 92:22236  
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 92:3777a, 3780a  
 TITLE: 1-(Aralkoxyphenyl)-2-(bisarylalkylamino)-alkanes  
 INVENTOR(S): Francis, John Elsworth  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.  
 SOURCE: S. African, 42 pp.  
 CODEN: SFXKAB  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ZA 7802420	A	19790425	ZA 1978-2420	19780427

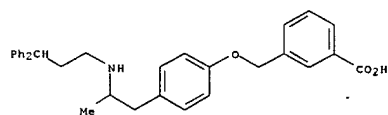
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: ZA 1978-2420 A 19780427

AB 4-[RC6H4(CH2)mO]C6H4CH2CHR1NH(CH2)nCPh2R2 (I; R = H, alkyl, alkoxy, halo, CF3; R1 = Me or Et; R2 = H or OH; m, n = 1 or 2) and their pharmaceutically-acceptable salts, useful as antihypertensives and for relief of angina pectoris (no data), were prepared. Thus, 4-[(3-chlorobenzyl)oxy]benzaldehyde was condensed with EtNO2 (AconH4) to give 1-[4-[3-chlorobenzyl)oxy]phenyl]-2-nitropropane, which was reduced by LiAlH4 to the amine, which condensed with Ph2C:CHCHO and the resulting product was reduced by LiAlH4 to give I (R = 3-Cl, R1 = Me, R2 = H, m = 1, n = 2).  
 IT 59067-84-4P 71488-38-5P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of)  
 RN 59067-84-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid,  
 4-[[4-[2-[(3,3-diphenylpropyl)amino]propyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 71488-38-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[4-[2-[(3,3-diphenylpropyl)amino]propyl]phenoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

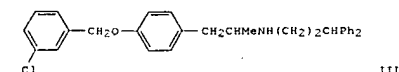
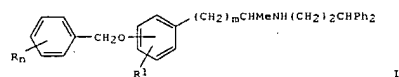


L6 ANSWER 144 of 151	CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:	1976:164383 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:	84:164383
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.:	84:26679a, 26682a
TITLE:	1-(Aralkoxyphenyl)-2-(or -or -3)- (bisarylalkylamino)alkanes Francis, John E.
INVENTOR(S):	Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):	Ger. Offen., 61 pp.
SOURCE:	CODEN: GWXXBX
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Patent
LANGUAGE:	German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:	1
PATENT INFORMATION:	

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 2534339	A1	19760219	DE 1975-2534339	19750801
ZA 7504192	A	19760630	ZA 1975-4192	19750701
DK 7503171	A	19760206	DK 1975-3171	19750711
SE 7508191	A	19760206	SE 1975-8181	19750717
FI 7502095	A	19760206	FI 1975-2095	19750721
NO 7502621	A	19760206	NO 1975-2621	19750723
IL 47813	A	19790725	IL 1975-47813	19750725
CH 612909	A5	19790831	CH 1975-9935	19750730
CH 612910	A5	19790831	CH 1979-252	19750730
CH 612911	A5	19790831	CH 1979-253	19750730
CH 612912	A5	19790831	CH 1979-254	19750730
CH 612913	A5	19790831	CH 1979-255	19750730
FR 2281105	A1	19760305	FR 1975-24088	19750801
FR 2281105	B1	19800208		
CA 1069923	A1	19800115	CA 1975-232735	19750801
HU 175581	B	19800928	HU 1975-C11597	19750801
BE 832082	A1	19760204	BE 1975-188097	19750804
NL 7509270	A	19760209	NL 1975-9270	19750804
ZA 7505018	A	19760728	ZA 1975-5018	19750804
AU 7583626	A	19770210	AU 1975-83626	19750804
AT 7506042	A	19770415	AT 1975-6042	19750804
AT 340388	B	19771212		
ES 439957	A1	19770616	ES 1975-439957	19750804
JP 51041345	A	19760407	JP 1975-94800	19750805
AT 7607832	A	19770415	AT 1976-7832	19761021
AT 340390	B	19771212		
AT 7607833	A	19770415	AT 1976-7833	19761021
AT 340391	B	19771212		
AT 7607835	A	19770415	AT 1976-7835	19761021
AT 340392	B	19771212		
AT 7607836	A	19770415	AT 1976-7836	19761021
AT 340393	B	19771212		
US 4329367	A	19820511	US 1980-219808	19801224
			US 1974-494948	A 19740805
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1975-590221	A2 19750630
			AT 1975-6042	A 19750801

L6	ANSWER 144 OF 151	CAPLUS	COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN	(Continued)
			US 1976-699016	A2 19760623
			US 1977-790508	A2 19770425
			US 1978-882004	A2 19780228
			US 1979-74441	A1 19790910

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 84:164383; MARPAT 84:164383  
GI



AB The amines I (R = F, Cl, Br, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, etc.); R<sup>1</sup> = H, Me; n = 1-5; m = 1, 2), useful as antihypertensives, were prepared. Thus, 4-(3-CIC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CHCHMeNH<sub>2</sub> (II) was refluxed with Ph<sub>2</sub>C:CHCHO, with separation of H<sub>2</sub>O, followed by treatment with LiAlH<sub>4</sub> to give III.HCl. II was prepared by

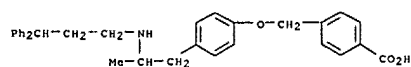
the reaction of 3-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CHO-4 with EtNO<sub>2</sub> and NH<sub>4</sub>OAc to give 3-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH:CMeNO<sub>2</sub>, which was reduced to II by LiAlH<sub>4</sub>. I are useful as antihypertensives; pharmaceutical formulations were given.

IT 59067-84-4P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

RN 59067-84-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid,

4-[[4-[2-[(3,3-diphenylpropyl)amino]propyl]phenoxy]methyl]-,  
hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

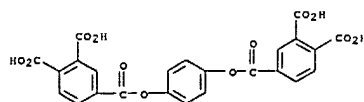
L6 ANSWER 145 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1972:515857 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 77:115857  
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 77:19095a, 19098a  
TITLE: Aromatic polyester imide products  
INVENTOR(S): Adrova, N. A.; Bessonov, M. I.; Korzhavin, L. N.;  
Koton, M. M.; Maricheva, T. A.; Mirzaev, A.;  
Pushkina,

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): I. P. Rodakov, A. P. Henkel, S. R.  
Institute of High-Molecular-Weight Compounds, Academy  
of Sciences, U.S.S.R.  
SOURCE: U.S.S.R. From: Otkrytiya, Izobreten., Prom. Obratstsy,  
Tovarnyye Znaki 1972, 49(10), 107.  
see also 75084

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Russian  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	SU 332147		19720314	SU	19700710
AB	P-phenylenebistrimellitate-4,4'-diaminodiphenyl ether copolymer [36485-23-1] was converted to fibers having improved mech. properties by spinning the copolymer into a coagulating bath containing				
castor	oil-Me2CO mixture				
IT	36485-23-1				
	RL: USES (Uses)				
	(fibers)				
RN	36485-23-1		CAPLUS		
CN	1,2,4-Benzenetricarboxylic acid, 4,4'-(1,4-phenylene) ester, polymer with 4,4'-oxybis[benzenamine] (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)				
CM	1				
CRN	53624-86-5				
CMF	C24 H14 O12				

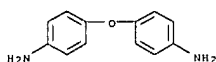


CM 2

CRN 101-80-4  
CMF E12 H12 N2 O



L6 ANSWER 145 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

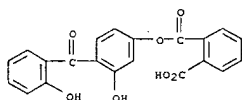


L6 ANSWER 146 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1968:59322 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 68:59322  
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 68:11451a,11454a  
 TITLE: Trihydroxy- or tetrahydroxybenzophenone esters of dicarboxylic acids as ultraviolet absorbers for polymers  
 INVENTOR(S): Strobel, Albert F.; Catino, Sigmund C.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): General Aniline and Film Corp.  
 SOURCE: U.S., 9 pp.  
 CODEN: USXXAM  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

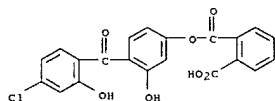
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3366668	A	19680110	US 1965-504154	19651023
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1965-504154	A 19651023

G1 For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
 AB Comps. such as 2,2',4'-trihydroxy-4'-methoxybenzophenone (I) are esterified with compds. such as succinic anhydride or phthalic anhydride, and the esters are used as uv light absorbers for polyesters and other resins. Thus, 52.8 g. I in 150 ml. dry picoline was treated slowly at <60° with 16.0 g. succinic anhydride and the mixture heated at 60° for 1 hr. to give 44 g. (crude) 4'-methoxy-2,2',4'-trihydroxybenzophenone 4-(hydrogen succinate) (II, R = CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, R<sub>1</sub> = R<sub>2</sub> = R<sub>3</sub> = H, R<sub>4</sub> = OMe) (III). III (0.214%) was reacted with phthalic anhydride 1, succinic anhydride 1, and diethylene glycol 2 moles and then diluted to 60% solids with styrene to give a styrene-polyester resin which was cured in a mold and then exposed in a fadeometer for 100 hrs. The material was distinctly better than a product prepared by 1st forming the polymer and later milling it with the ester until homogeneous. Similarly prepared were the following II (R, R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, and R<sub>4</sub> given):  
 o-carboxyphenyl, H, H, H, H; CO<sub>2</sub>H, H, H, H; CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>COCl, H, H, H, H; H- (4,6-diaminotriazin-2-yl)carbamoyl-ethyl, H, H, H, H; CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, H, H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, H; CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, H, H, H, H; o-carboxyphenyl, H, H, H, o-carboxyphenyl, H; CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, H, H, H, vinyl; o-carboxyphenyl, H, H, H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, H, SO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Ph, H, H; CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH, O<sub>2</sub>CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, H; o-carboxyphenyl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>Cl, H, o-carboxyphenyl, H; CH<sub>2</sub>CHCO<sub>2</sub>H (cis isomer), H, H, OMe, H; CH<sub>2</sub>CHCO<sub>2</sub>H (cis isomer), H, H, H, H.  
 IT 16262-82-1P 16328-57-7P 18614-83-0P  
 18614-87-4P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)  
 RN 16262-82-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Phthalic acid, 4-ester with 2,2',4'-trihydroxybenzophenone (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

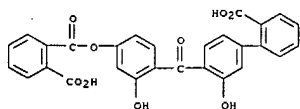
L6 ANSWER 146 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



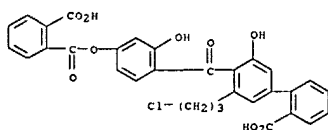
RN 16328-57-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Phthalic acid, 4'-ester with 4-chloro-2,2',4'-trihydroxybenzophenone (8CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 18614-83-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Phthalic acid, ester with 3'-hydroxy-4'-[p-resorcyloyl-2-biphenyl]carboxylic acid (1:1) (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



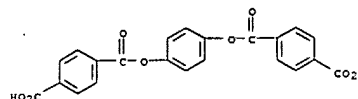
RN 18614-87-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Phthalic acid, ester with 3'-(3-chloropropyl)-5'-hydroxy-4'-[p-resorcyloyl-2-biphenyl]carboxylic acid (1:1) (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 147 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:36646 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:36646  
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 62:6437A-C  
 TITLE: Bis(carboxybenzoates) of diols  
 INVENTOR(S): McIntyre, James E.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Imperial Chemical Industries Ltd.  
 SOURCE: 4 pp.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Unavailable  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
GB 978660		19641223	GB 1962-9376	19620322

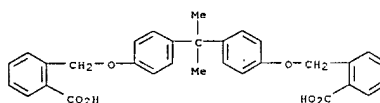
G1 For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
 AB For 24 hrs. O was passed through a gently refluxing solution of I (R = CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, R' = Me) 20, CoBr<sub>2</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O 0.195, and MgBr<sub>2</sub>·4H<sub>2</sub>O 0.38 in propionic acid 200 to give I (R = CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, R' = CO<sub>2</sub>H) 20 parts, m. 301-4°; di-Me ester m. 165-8° (EtOH); bis(acid chloride) (II), m. 116-18° petr. ether). Similarly prepared were the following I (R, R', and m.p. given): CH<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>H, --; CH<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>Me, 153-5° (EtOH); (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>H, --; (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>Me, 156-9° (EtOH); p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>H, >325°, Bis[2-(p-carboxybenzoyloxy)ethyl] terephthalate m. 270-7°. II 1.975 in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 13.4 was added with stirring to a solution of hexamethylenediamine 0.58 in 4% NaOH 10 parts to give III, m. 304° (decomposition), viscosity ratio 1.42, measured in 1% o-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OH at 25°. Films could be cast from III in o-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OH. Similarly, II and hydroquinone gave IV and II with (p-HO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> gave V.  
 IT 2225-00-5P, Terephthalic acid, p-phenylene ester  
 RL: PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)  
 RN 2225-00-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,4-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 148 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:2834 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:2834  
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 62:470d-h, 471a-c  
 TITLE: Aromatic fluoro derivatives. XIV.  
 Tetrafluoroterephthalic acid  
 AUTHOR(S): Yakobson, G. G.; Odinkov, V. N.; Petrova, T. D.; Vorozhtsov, N. N., Jr.  
 SOURCE: Zhurnal Obshchei Khimii (1964), 34(9), 2953-8  
 CODEN: ZOKHAA; ISSN: 0044-460X  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Unavailable  
 GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
 AB ct. CA 60, 15755a. A mixture of 100 g. terephthalic acid and 10 g. iodine in 550 ml. 20% oleum was chlorinated 14-15 hrs. at 160-70° (120-50 ml. Cl/min.) and then 1 hr. at 180°, cooled, poured onto 1 kg. ice, the precipitate filtered off, washed with 100 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O, treated with aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>. C6Cl<sub>6</sub> filtered off, and the filtrate acidified to obtain 145-55 g. I-1 di-Me ester m. 158-8.5° (MeOH). I (50 g.) with 100 g. PC15 was heated 1-2 hrs. at 110°, then 3.5 hrs. at 150°, POC13 distilled, the mixture poured into ice H<sub>2</sub>O, the whole filtered, and the precipitate treated with 5% Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution to slightly alkaline reaction and filtered off to give 45-50 g. I dichloride (Ia), m. 147.5-48°. I (10 g.) and 2.8 g. NaOH dissolved in 25 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O, 4.6 g. Me<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> added, the mixture stirred and heated 5 hrs. at 60°, cooled, 170 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O added, the mixture alkalinized with Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> and filtered, the filtrate acidified, filtered, and the filtrate extracted with boiling C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> yielded 3.9 g. I mono-Me ester, m. 180-80.5° (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>). Ia (7 g.) and 6 g. freshly roasted CaF<sub>2</sub> was heated in a 25 ml. steel bomb 25 hrs. at 190°, and the product cooled and extracted with boiling heptane to give 4.5 g. I difluoride (Ib), m. 129-30°. Ib boiled with MeOH gave I di-Me ester. Ia (36 g.) heated 30 hrs. with 30 g. freshly roasted KF in a steel rotating autoclave at 230° yielded 25.5 g. Ib. Ib (3 g.) and 12.2 g. freshly roasted CaF<sub>2</sub> was heated in a steel bomb 26 hrs. at 220° and then extracted with boiling heptane to obtain 1.2 g. II difluoride (Ic), m. 94-5°. Ia (9 g.) and 31.6 g. freshly roasted CaF<sub>2</sub> heated as above 18 hrs. at 190° and then 30 hrs. at 230° gave 3.5-4.1 g. Ic, m. 95°. Ic (2.4 g.) was boiled 5 hrs. with 35 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O to yield 1.7-1.8 g. II, m. 284-4.5° (H<sub>2</sub>O). By boiling Ic with MeOH 5 hrs. was prepared 70-5% II di-Me ester, m. 79-9.5° (MeOH); this was also prepared in 70-4% yield by boiling II with MeOH-H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Ic (10 g.) and 100 ml. EtOH was boiled 9 hrs. to obtain 6.5 g. of II di-Et ester, b<sub>20</sub> 155-5°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.4591, d<sub>4</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.40. To a solution of 4 g. II di-Me ester in 50 ml. MeOH was added with stirring during 1 hr. at 20° a solution of 1 g. NaOH in 15 ml. MeOH, the mixture stirred 30 min., and 30 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O added. MeOH was distilled, the residue filtered off, the filtrate acidified and filtered, and the dry precipitate extracted with boiling C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> to give 2 g. II

L6 ANSWER 148 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)

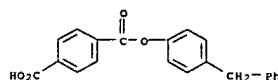
L6 ANSWER 148 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 mono-Me ester, m. 110-11° (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>). Similarly was obtained II mono-Et ester, m. 74.5-5.5°, in 66% yield. II di-Me ester (0.5 g.) and 20 ml. of 3N MeOH soln. of NH<sub>3</sub> was heated 2 hrs. at 60° to yield 0.35 g. II diamide, m. 315° (C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N). To a mixt. of 0.96 g. II, 4 ml. 18.5% oleum, and 6 ml. abs. CHCl<sub>3</sub> was added with stirring 0.8 g. NaN<sub>3</sub> at 40° and at such a rate that the temp. did not rise >45°, the mixt. was stirred at 45° until no more gas was liberated, cooled, the CHCl<sub>3</sub> layer sepd., and the aq. layer poured onto ice to yield 0.45 g. 2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenylene-1,4-diamine (III, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), m. 222-3° (EtOH). Treating the filtrate with 40% NaOH gave 0.3 g. III, m. 143.5-4.5° (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>). Similarly, 3 g. II mono-Me ester yielded 2.1 g. Me tetrafluoroparaaminobenzoate (IV), m. 116.5-17° (50% MeOH) and the filtrate gave 0.3 g. III. To a soln. of 1 g. IV in 5 ml. MeOH was added 0.6 g. KOH in 5 ml. MeOH and 10 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O, the mixt. heated to dissolve the ppt., MeOH distd., and the residue cooled, acidified with concd. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and filtered off to give 0.9 g. tetrafluoroparaaminobenzoic acid (V), m. 192-2.5° (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>). V (0.1 g.) in 1 ml. AcOH-1 ml. 10% HCl was added to 0.04 g. NaN<sub>3</sub> in 2 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O at 5° and to this soln. was added 0.07 g. β-naphthol and 0.02 g. NaOH in 2 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O to obtain 0.1 g. product, m. 211-12° (EtOH). To 2.4 g. II, 10 ml. 18.5% oleum, and 10 ml. abs. CHCl<sub>3</sub> was added 0.8 g. NaN<sub>3</sub> at 40° and the mixt. stirred 3 hrs. at 45°. After cooling, the CHCl<sub>3</sub> layer was sepd., the remaining layer poured onto ice, and the ppt. filtered off, dried, and extd. with boiling C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> to obtain 0.9 g. V, m. 182°. The filtrate treated with 40% NaOH gave 0.5 g. III. Boiling V with MeOH-H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> produced IV in 85% yield. Similarly was prepd. V Et ester, m. 80.5-1.5° (50% EtOH) in 89% yield. V Et ester was also prepd. from Ia mono-Et ester in the same manner as IV, in 10% yield. V (0.5 g.) was boiled 3.5 hrs. with 4 ml. SOCl<sub>2</sub>, SOCl<sub>2</sub> distd. in vacuo under N, 4 ml. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> added to the residue, and the mixt. filtered. To the filtrate was added 1.4 ml. Et<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH, the mixt. boiled 4 hrs., dry HCl passed through, and the ppt. filtered off, worked up with 20 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O, and the filtrate alkalinized with Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> to give 0.34 g. V diethylaminoethyl ester, m. 92-3° (50% EtOH); HCl salt m. 197-8° (EtOH).  
 IT 990-93-2P, o-Toluic acid, u,u'-[isopropylidenebis(p-phenyleneoxy)]di-  
 RL: PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of)  
 RH 990-93-2 CAPLUS  
 CN o-Toluic acid, u,u'-[isopropylidenebis(p-phenyleneoxy)]di-  
 (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 149 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1964:447668 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 61:47668  
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 61:8239a-c  
 TITLE: Phenyl benzoates  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chemische Werke Witten G.m.b.H.  
 SOURCE: 19 pp.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Unavailable  
 PATENT INFORMATION:  

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
BE 634563	BE	19631119		
FR 1359002	FR			
GB 982499	GB			
NL 290030	NL			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	DK			19620706

AB Me benzoates are heated with a phenol at 180-250° in the presence of a mineral acid, an inorg. base, or a tertiary amine as the MeOH is distilled to give the title esters. A mixture of 372 parts BzOMe, 338 parts PhOH, and 14.2 parts Zn salt of a fatty acid is heated 29 hrs. at 184-203° under N as the MeOH continuously distilled to give 364 parts PhOBz, b<sub>18</sub> 178°, m. 70-70.5°, 99.2% yield. Similarly prepared are 1,4-(PhO<sub>2</sub>C)<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 1,3-(PhO<sub>2</sub>C)<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, di-Ph methylterephthalate (b<sub>0</sub> 15-0.2 205-25°, m. 146°), 2,5,1,4-C12C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>(CO<sub>2</sub>Ph)<sub>2</sub> [m. 175.5-6° (xylene)], 1-C10H<sub>7</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Ph (m. 95.5-6.0° (EtOH)), 4-(PhO<sub>2</sub>C-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (m. 215°), p-MeC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Ph (m. 66-7°), tri-Ph trimellitate, 1,4-(p-MeC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>C)<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub> (b<sub>1</sub> 250°), p-MeC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-Me-m (b<sub>18</sub> 196-8°), p-MeC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-Bu-tert-p (b<sub>15</sub> 216-19°, m. 75-6°), o-cresyl dibromobenzoate (b<sub>0</sub> 6 180-90°), bis(octylphenyl) terephthalate [m. 180-3° (xylene)], Me dimethylphenylterephthalate, 1,4-(2-C10H<sub>7</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub> [m. 230-2° (xylene)], 1,4-(p-PhCH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub> (m. 165-7°), 1,4-(p-tert-BuC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub> [m. 224-5° (xylene)], bis(o-cresyl)methylterephthalate [m. 80-2° (xylene)], 3,4-C1(Me)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Ph-p.  
 IT 858831-13-7P, p-Cresol, u-phenyl-, terephthalate  
 RL: PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of)  
 RH 858831-13-7 CAPLUS  
 CN p-Cresol, u-phenyl-, terephthalate (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

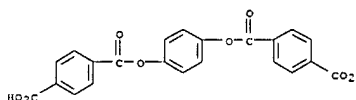


L6 ANSWER 150 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1964:60676 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 60:60676  
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 60:10606f-h  
 TITLE: Bis(carboxybenzoic esters of diols  
 PATENT ASSIGNER(S): Imperial Chemical Industries Ltd.  
 SOURCE: 8 pp.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Unavailable  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
BE 629490		19631021	BE	19630312
FR 1353223			FR	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB	19620312

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
 AB The oxidation of polymethylene di-p-toluates to polymethylene di-p-carboxybenzoates is described. This procedure was modified and extended. Thus, I [X = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, R = Me<sub>3</sub>] 20 in EtCO<sub>2</sub>H 200 containing CoBr<sub>2</sub>.6H<sub>2</sub>O 0.195 and MnBr<sub>2</sub>.4H<sub>2</sub>O 0.38 parts by weight was treated at reflux 20 hrs. with O. The solids were filtered off periodically to give a total yield of 1,2-di(p-carboxybenzoyloxy)ethane (II) [I, X = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, R = CO<sub>2</sub>H], m. 301-4° 20 parts. II was esterified with CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub> in Et<sub>2</sub>O to give 1,2-di(p-methoxycarbonylbenzoyloxy)ethane [I, X = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, R = CO<sub>2</sub>Me], m. 165-8° (EtOH). Similarly, the following I (R = CO<sub>2</sub>H) were prepared (X, parts starting material, parts product, m.p., m.p. di-Me ester): CH<sub>2</sub>, 20, 17, -, 153-5°, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>, 20, 11.4, -, 156-9°, p-OC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>O, 15, 15.1, 325° (sublimes), -, and p-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>CC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, 20, 6.8, 270-7°. II was refluxed 2 hrs. with SOCl<sub>2</sub> and a trace of HCONMe<sub>2</sub> to give after distillation of excess SOCl<sub>2</sub> and recrystn. of the residue from petr. ether (b. 100-200°) 1,2-di(p-chlorocarbonylbenzoyloxy)ethane (III) [I, X = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, R = COCl], m. 116-18°. A solution of III 1.975 in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 13.4 parts was added with stirring to a solution of H<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> 0.59 in 4% aqueous NaOH 10 parts. The precipitated copolyesteramide, m. 304° (decomposition), had a viscosity of 1.42 at 25° in a 1% solution of o-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OH. A similar reaction between III and hydroquinone 0.55 part gave a copolyester which decomposed without melting. Also, III 1.975 in anhydrous HCONMe<sub>2</sub> 15 parts was added with stirring to a solution of II in HCONMe<sub>2</sub> 15 and pyridine 5 parts to give a copolyester anhydride, m. 262-6°.  
 IT 2225-00-5P, Hydroquinone, diterephthalate  
 RL: PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of)  
 RN 2225-00-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,4-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

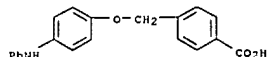
L6 ANSWER 150 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN (Continued)



L6 ANSWER 151 OF 151 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1945:15587 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 39:15587  
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 39:2427c-d,2428a-b  
 TITLE: Antioxidants for rubber, etc.  
 INVENTOR(S): Hart, Edward J.; Armstrong, Robert T.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): United States Rubber Co.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Unavailable  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2361543		19441031	US 1941-418042	19411106

AB A new class of antioxidants is represented by the general formula ArNH-Ar'-O-Y-COOX, where Ar and Ar' are aromatic radicals, Y is a hydrocarbon radical, and X is H or a salt-forming radical, preferably Zn. Some of these compds., in their acid form, are (p-anilinophenoxy)acetic acid, (p-2-naphthylaminophenoxy)acetic acid, p-(p-toluidinophenoxy)acetic acid, u-(p-anilinophenoxy)stearic acid, γ- and X-(p-anilinophenoxy) butyric acid, u-(p-anilinophenoxy)-p-toluic acid, and 2-(p-anilinophenoxy)tridecanedioic acid. The Zn salts of these compds. are preferable in milled rubber, while the NH<sub>4</sub> or alkylammonium salts are preferred for use in latex. In rubber these salts are used in quantities of 0.1-3% by weight of rubber. These compds. do not bleed from the rubber and are less readily extractable by organic solvents, e.g., dry-cleaners, than are other common antioxidants.  
 IT 854646-57-4, p-Toluic acid, u-(p-anilinophenoxy)-  
 (and salts, as rubber antioxidants)  
 RN 854646-57-4 CAPLUS  
 CN p-Toluic acid, u-(p-anilinophenoxy)- (4CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



Page 132

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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

797.18

970.84

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

-117.78

-117.78

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES

STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 10:48:01 ON 07 DEC 2007